

# Optimizing Microservices: Resilient Architectures for Modern Workloads

Leveraging modern tools and techniques to build  
fault-tolerant, secure, and observable systems



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NICE FRANCE

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# whoami

- 🔧 Sr. SRE @ RingCentral Inc
- ☁️ AWS Community Builder
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# Evolution of Software Architectures



## From Monoliths to Microservices:

- Traditional monolithic applications bundled all features together
- Microservices break applications into smaller, independent components

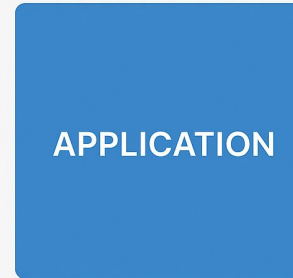
## Why Microservices?

- Scalability: Each component can scale independently
- Agility: Faster feature releases and easier maintenance

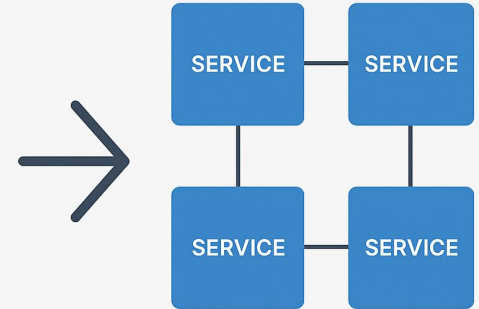
## Challenges with Microservices:

- Managing communication between services
- Ensuring security, resilience, and observability

### MONOLITHIC



### MICROSERVICES



# Challenges in Scaling Microservices

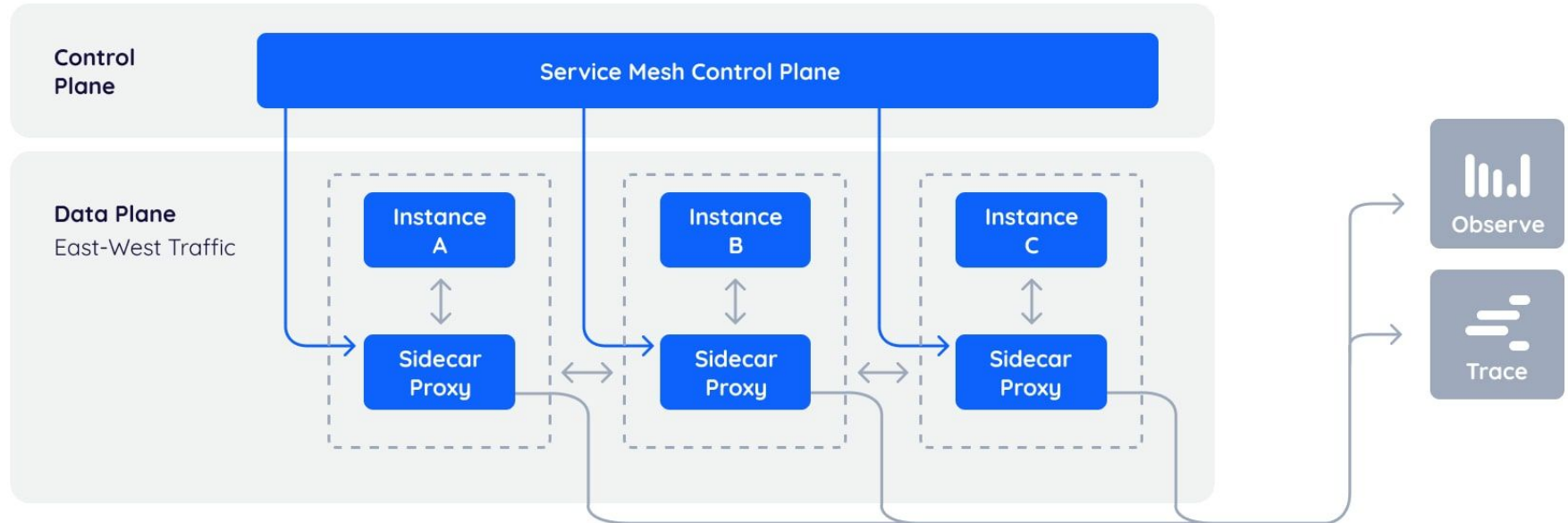
- **Communication Complexity:**
  - How do services discover each other dynamically?
  - What happens if one service fails?
- **Operational Complexity:**
  - Monitoring and debugging in a distributed system.
  - Managing dependencies and updates.
- **Security Challenges:**
  - Securing traffic between services.
  - Protecting sensitive data and ensuring compliance.



# What is a Service Mesh?

## Why Service Mesh?

- Addresses day-two challenges, like securing service-to-service communication
- A solution for managing communication, security, and observability in microservices





## Core Features:

- **Control Plane:** Manages configurations and policies.
- **Data Plane:** Proxies like Envoy enforce those policies.

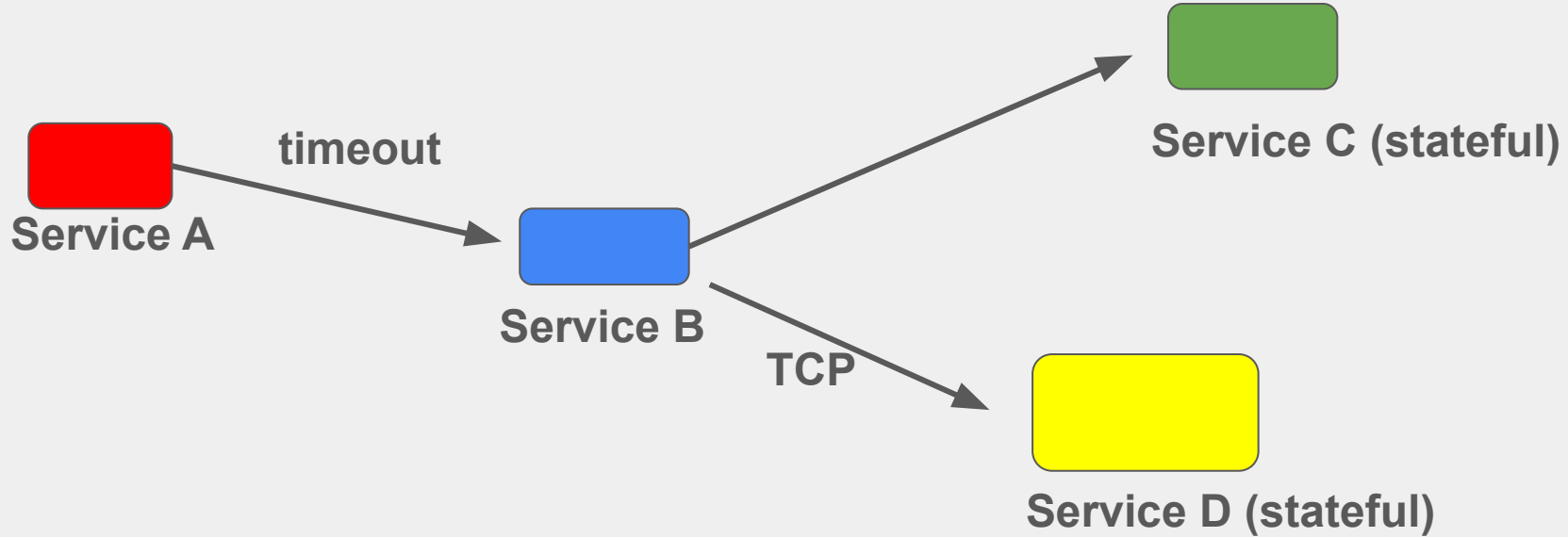
## Key Capabilities:

- Protocol conversion
- Secure communication (Mutual Transport Layer Security - mTLS)
- Intelligent traffic routing (e.g., retries, circuit breakers).
- Observability (tracing, metrics, logs)
- Service Discovery
- Testing (A/B testing, traffic splitting)
- Load balancing

# Problems solved by Service Mesh

- Microservices communicate between them a lot
- The communication might cause a lot of problems and challenges:
  - Timeouts
  - Security
  - Retries
  - Monitoring

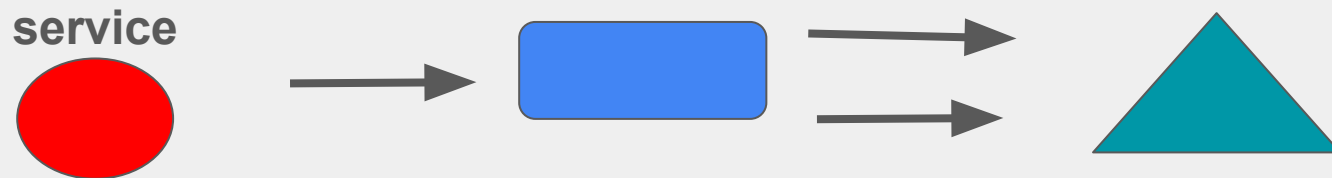
# Problems Solved by Service Mesh





# Circuit Break

- Prevent cascading failures when service fails



# Istio



## Why Focus on Istio?

- One of the first and most widely adopted service mesh tools
- Deep integration with Kubernetes, the leading platform for container orchestration
- Backed by a vibrant open-source community

## Istio in a Nutshell:

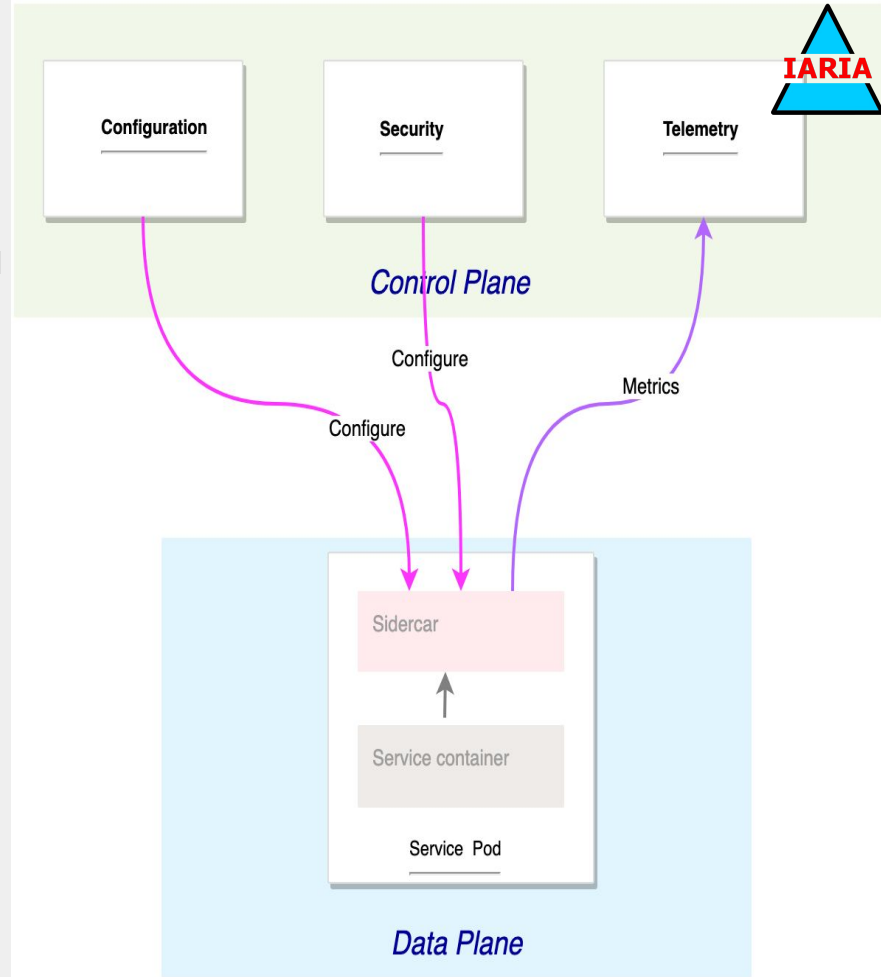
- Control plane manages configurations for routing, security, and telemetry
- Data plane uses Envoy proxies to enforce policies and handle traffic



<https://istio.io/>

# Istio Architecture

- **Control Plane:**
  - Configures and manages policies for traffic routing, security, and observability
  - **Key components:** Istiod, Pilot, Citadel
- **Data Plane:**
  - Envoy sidecars handle service communication
  - Deployed alongside every service instance to enforce policies
- **Integration with Kubernetes:**
  - Leverages Kubernetes' APIs for seamless deployment and configuration



# Resilience with Istio

## Key Resilience Features:

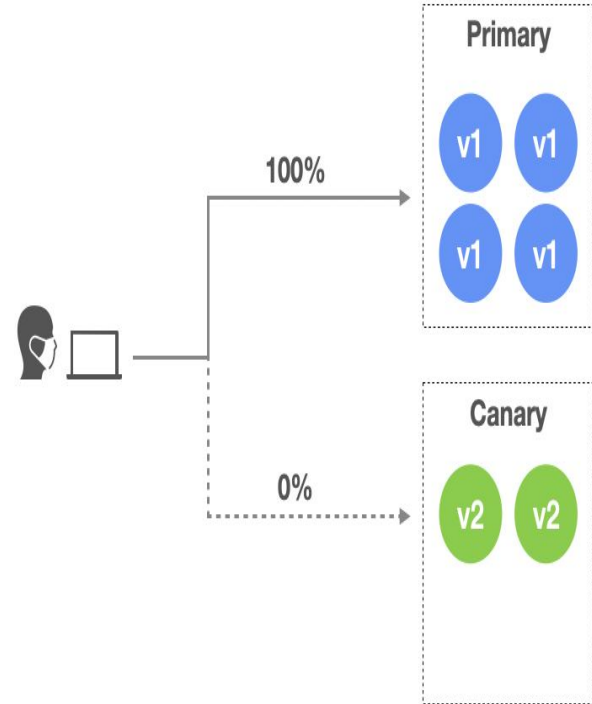
- Retries and timeouts ensure seamless communication
- Circuit breakers prevent cascading failures

## Canary Deployments:

- Gradually roll out changes by splitting traffic (e.g., 90% to version 1, 10% to version 2)

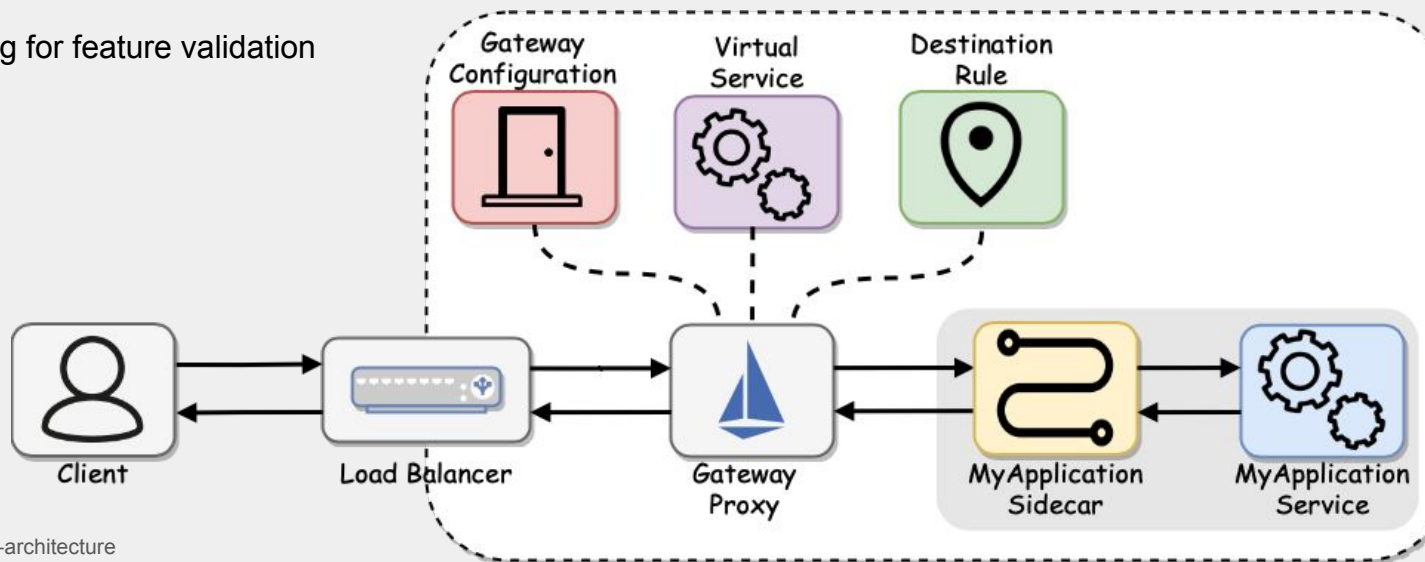
## Testing Failures:

- Fault injection simulates delays or outages



# Advanced Traffic Management

- **Capabilities:**
  - Route traffic based on weights, versions, or user segments
  - Automatically reroute traffic during outages
- **Load Balancing Strategies:**
  - Algorithms like round-robin and least connections
- **Real-World Example:**
  - Dynamic A/B testing for feature validation





# Security with Istio

## Secure Communication:

- Mutual TLS encrypts and authenticates service communication.

## Policy Enforcement:

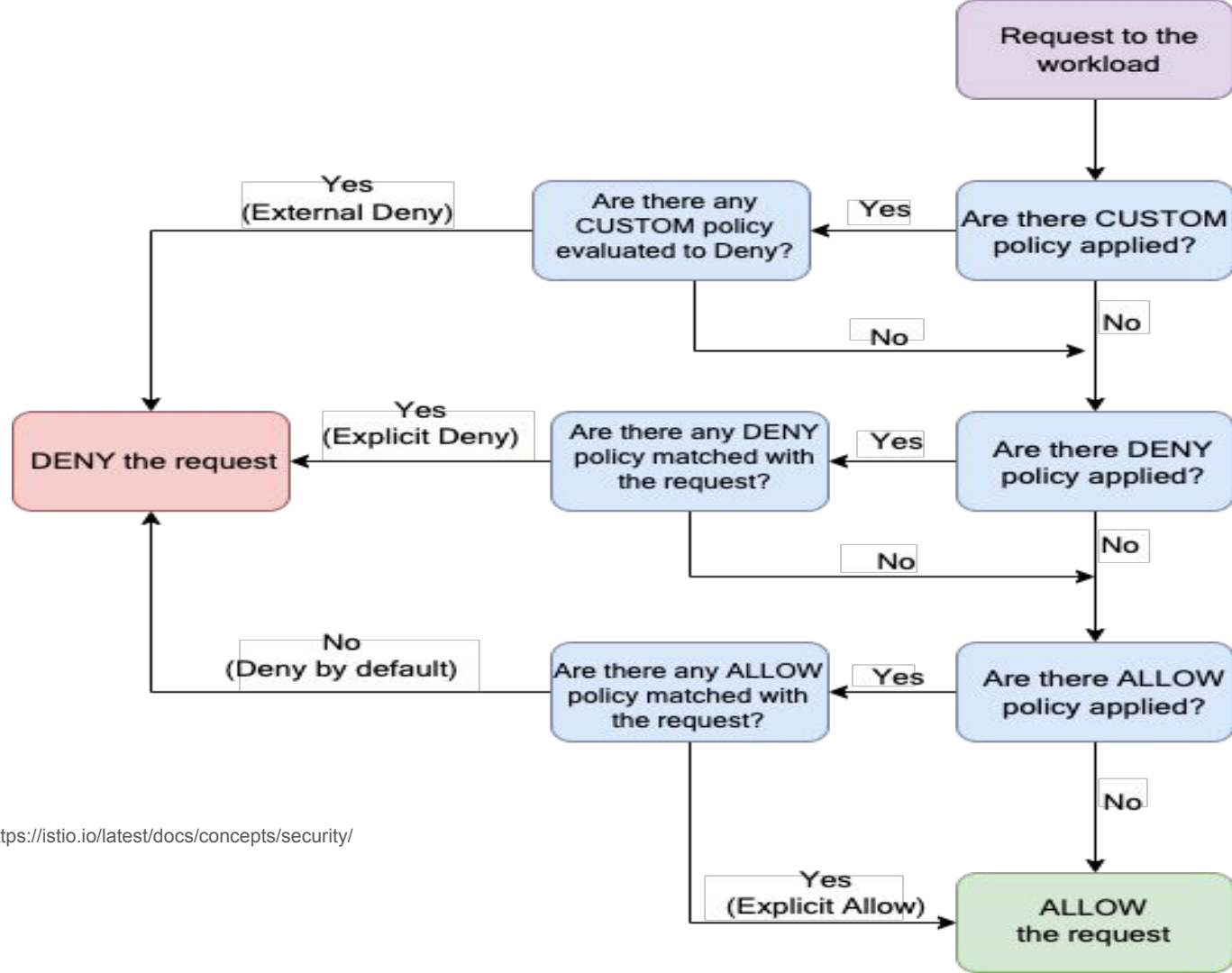
- Define rules for which services can communicate and under what conditions.

## Automation:

- Automates certificate issuance and rotation for mTLS.

## Mutual TLS:

- Permissive Mode
- Secure Naming





# Observability with Istio

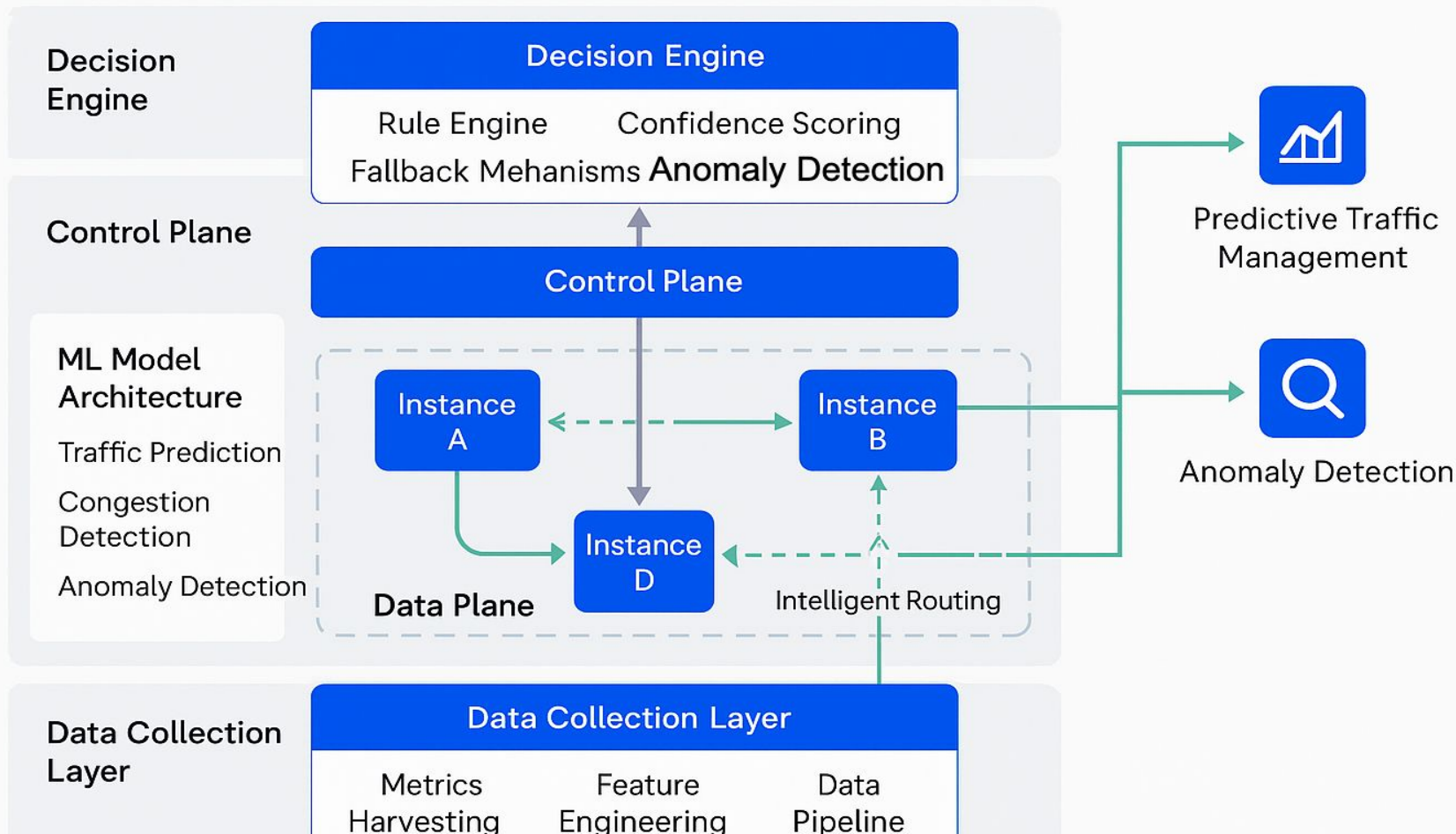
- **Tracing:**
  - **Open Telemetry** agents and tools like, Jaeger or Zipkin visualize request flows across services
- **Metrics:**
  - Prometheus collects and aggregates performance data
- **Logs:**
  - Centralized logs for debugging and audits
- **Use Case:**
  - Debugging a cascading failure using distributed tracing and real-time metrics



# Challenges in Service Mesh Adoption

- **Resource Overhead:** Envoy sidecars consume CPU and memory
- **Configuration Complexity:** Managing YAML files at scale can be daunting
- **Auxiliary Infrastructure:** Tools like Kiali and Grafana add to the operational burden
- Need strong **theoretical and practical knowledge** before implementing
- Increase **operational complexity**

# ML-DRIVEN SERVICE MESH TRAFFIC FLOW ARCHITECTURE



# Conclusion and Q&A

## Takeaways:

- Service mesh simplifies managing microservices
- Istio provides resilience, security, and observability
- Emerging trends like ambient mesh promise even greater efficiency

# References

<https://istio.io>

<https://istio.io/latest/docs/concepts/security/>