



Energy-Efficient Resource Allocation Algorithm in the UAV-enabled Data and Energy Integrated Network

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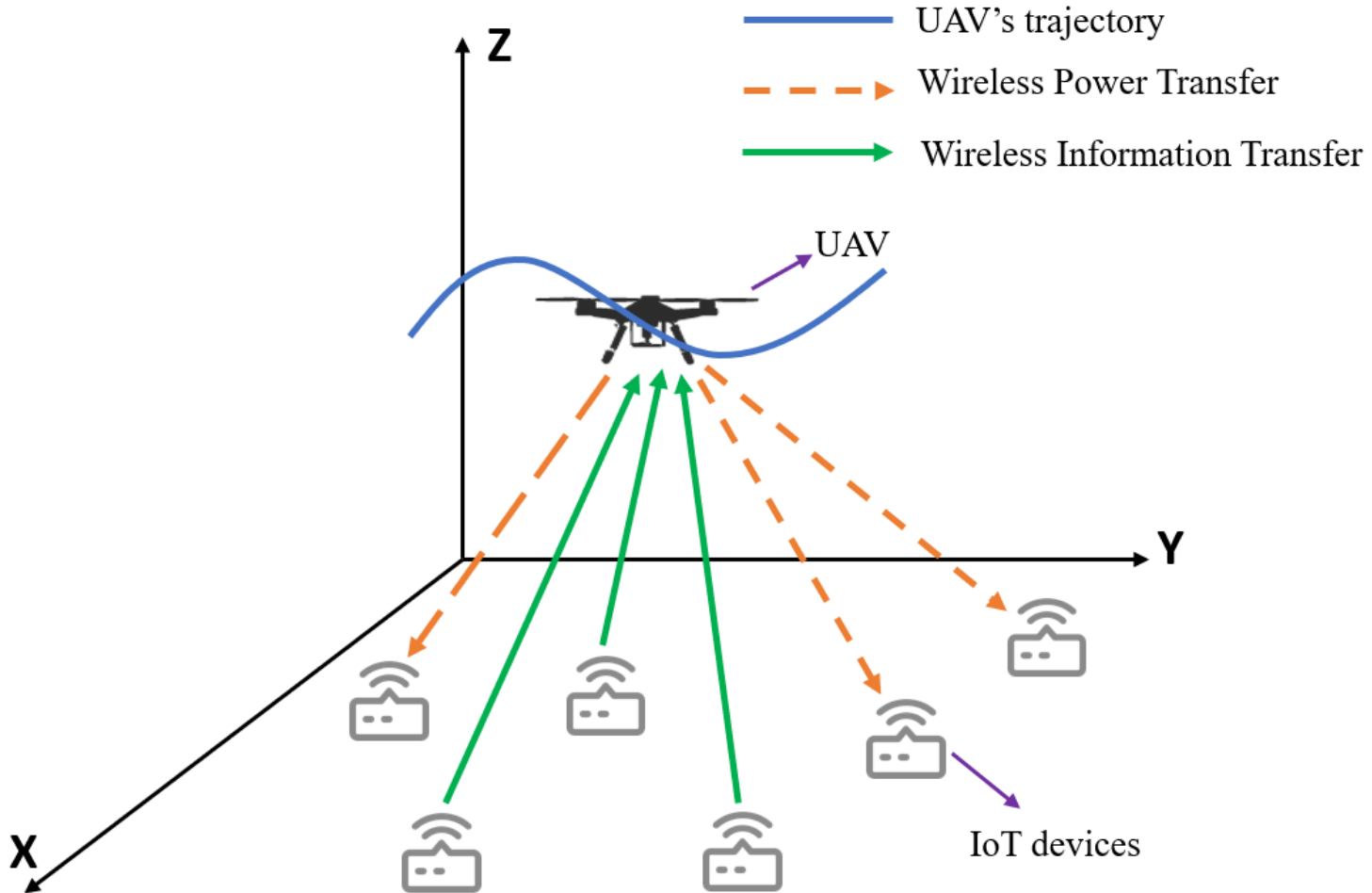
Venice, Italy



Presenter

Yang Wang has received the B.Eng. degree in integrated circuit design and integrated system from Nantong University, Jiangsu, China, in 2016. He is currently pursuing the Ph.D. degree with the School of Information and Communication Engineering, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China (UESTC), Sichuan, China. His research mainly focuses on Internet of Things (IoT) and the Data and Energy Integrated Network (DEIN).

System Model





Problem Formulation

$$\min_{Q, A, \xi} E_{cons} \quad (4-16)$$

$$s.t. a_k(t) = \{0, 1\}, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-16a)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^K a_k(t) \leq 1, \forall t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-16b)$$

$$0 \leq \xi_k(t) \leq 1, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-16c)$$

$$\sum_{t=1}^M a_k(t) r_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) \Delta\tau \geq D_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K} \quad (4-16d)$$

$$E_k(m) - \sum_{t=1}^m a_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) P_k \Delta\tau \geq \epsilon_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, m \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-16e)$$

$$\|q(t) - q(t-1)\| \leq v_{h,max} \Delta\tau, \forall t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-16f)$$

$$\min_Q E_f \quad (4-17)$$

$$s.t. \sum_{t=1}^M a_k(t) r_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) \Delta\tau \geq D_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K} \quad (4-17a)$$

$$E_k(m) - \sum_{t=1}^m a_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) P_k \Delta\tau \geq \epsilon_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, m \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-17b)$$

$$\|q(t) - q(t-1)\| \leq v_{h,max} \Delta\tau, \forall t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-17c)$$

$$\min_A E_c \quad (4-28)$$

$$s.t. a_k(t) = \{0, 1\}, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-28a)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^K a_k(t) \leq 1, \forall t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-28b)$$

$$\sum_{t=1}^M a_k(t) r_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) \Delta\tau \geq D_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K} \quad (4-28c)$$

$$E_k(m) - \sum_{t=1}^m a_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) P_k \Delta\tau \geq \epsilon_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, m \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-28d)$$

$$\min_{\xi} E_c \quad (4-32)$$

$$s.t. 0 \leq \xi_k(t) \leq 1, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, t \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-32a)$$

$$\sum_{t=1}^M a_k(t) r_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) \Delta\tau \geq D_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K} \quad (4-32b)$$

$$E_k(m) - \sum_{t=1}^m a_k(t) (1 - \xi_k(t)) P_k \Delta\tau \geq \epsilon_k, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}, m \in \mathcal{M} \quad (4-32c)$$



Overall Algorithm

Input: $A^0, \Xi^0, r = 0, \varepsilon, r_{max}$;

Output: Q^*, A^* and Ξ^* ;

while $\left| \frac{E_{cons}^r - E_{cons}^{r-1}}{E_{cons}^{r-1}} \right| > \varepsilon$ and $r \leq r_{max}$, **do**

Solve subproblem (27) for given $\{A^r, \Xi^r\}$ and obtain Q^{r+1} ;

Solve subproblem (28) for given $\{Q^{r+1}, \Xi^r\}$ and obtain A^{r+1} ;

Solve subproblem (29) for given $\{Q^{r+1}, A^{r+1}\}$ and obtain Ξ^{r+1} ;

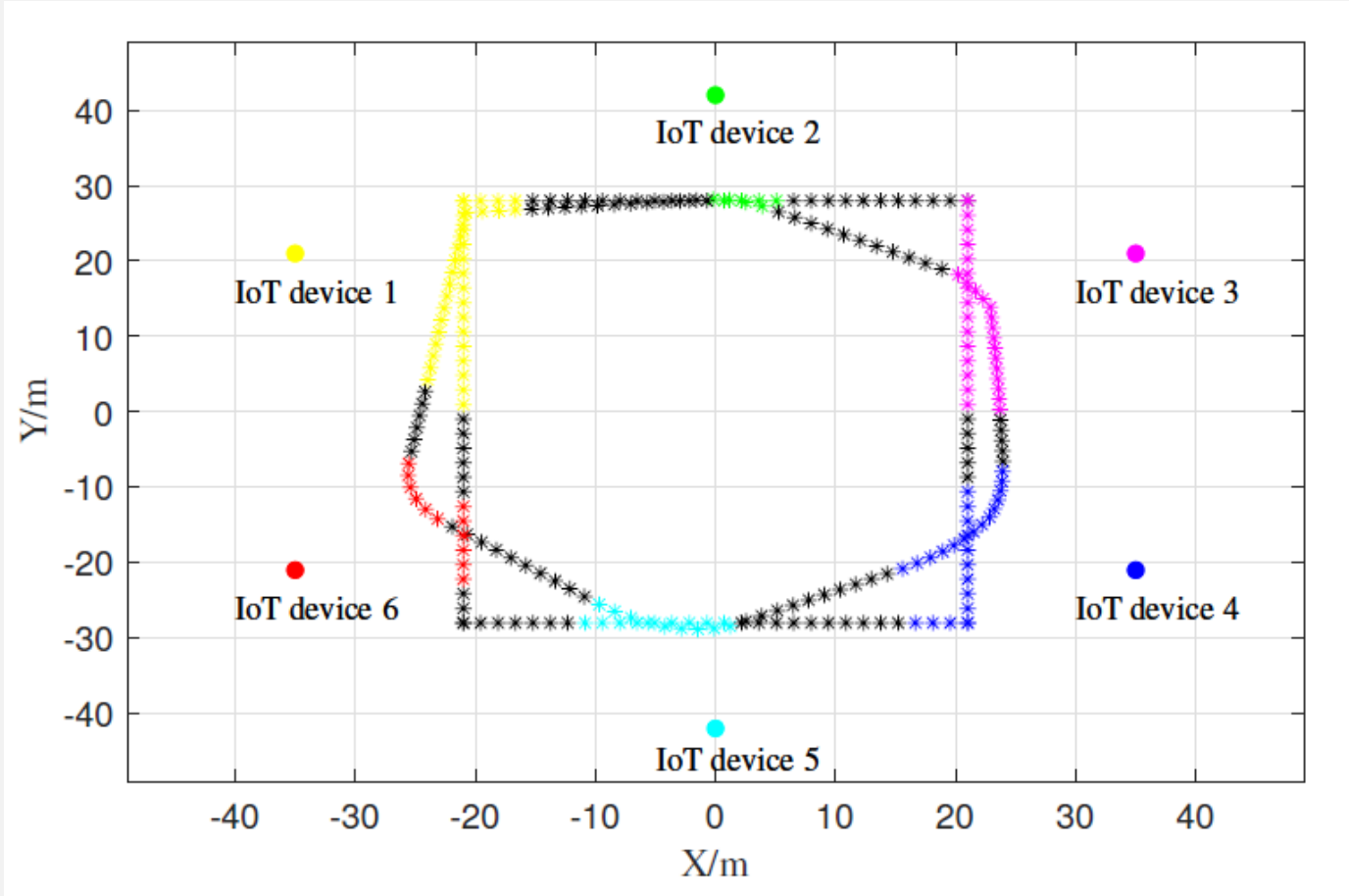
Update $r = r + 1$;

end

return Q^*, A^* and Ξ^* .

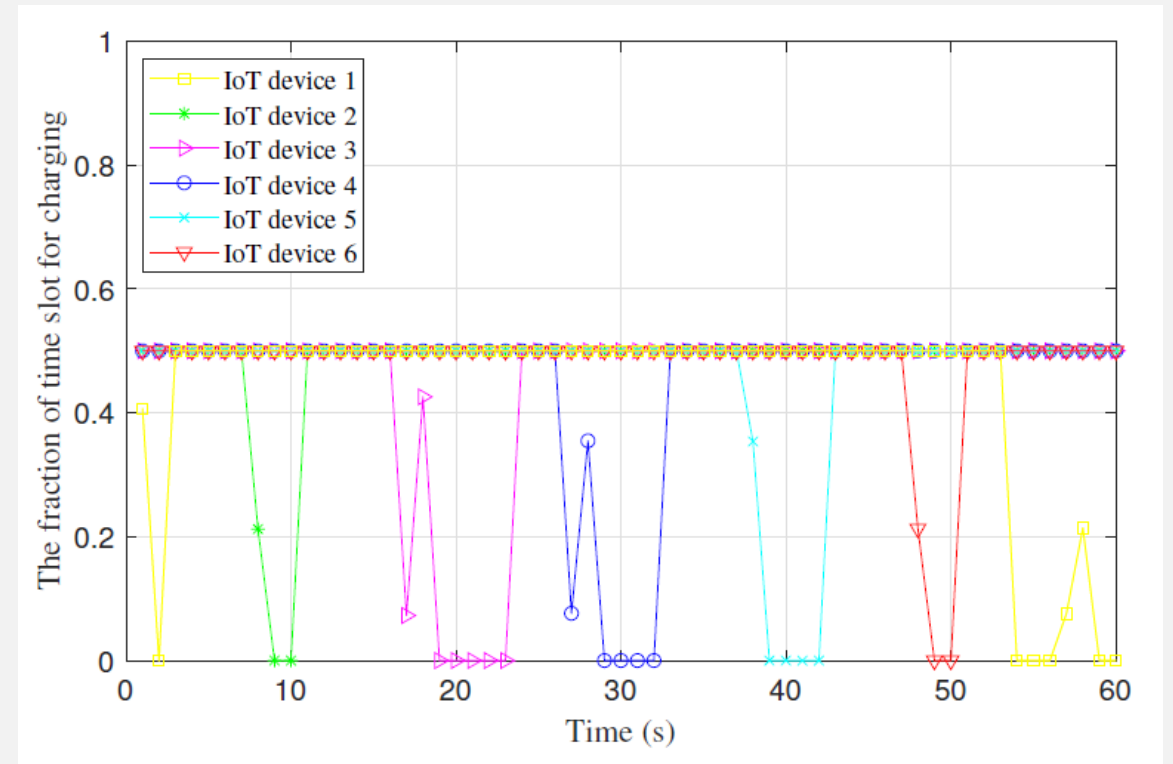
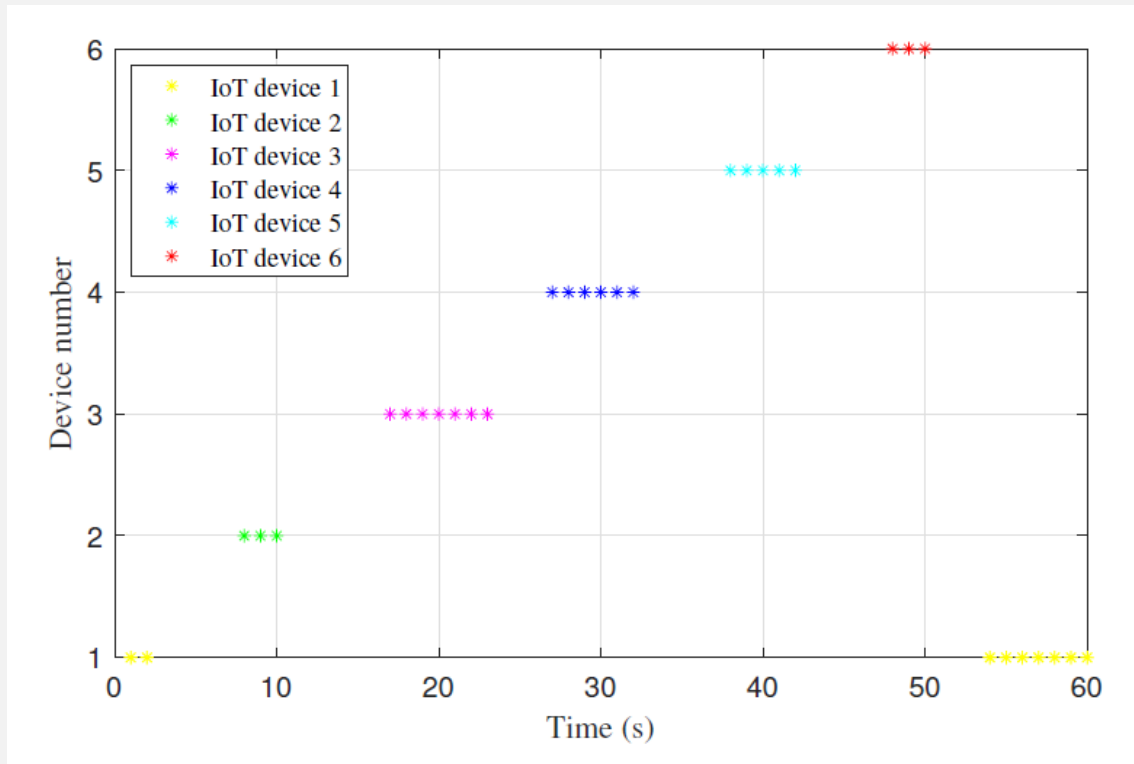


Simulation Results



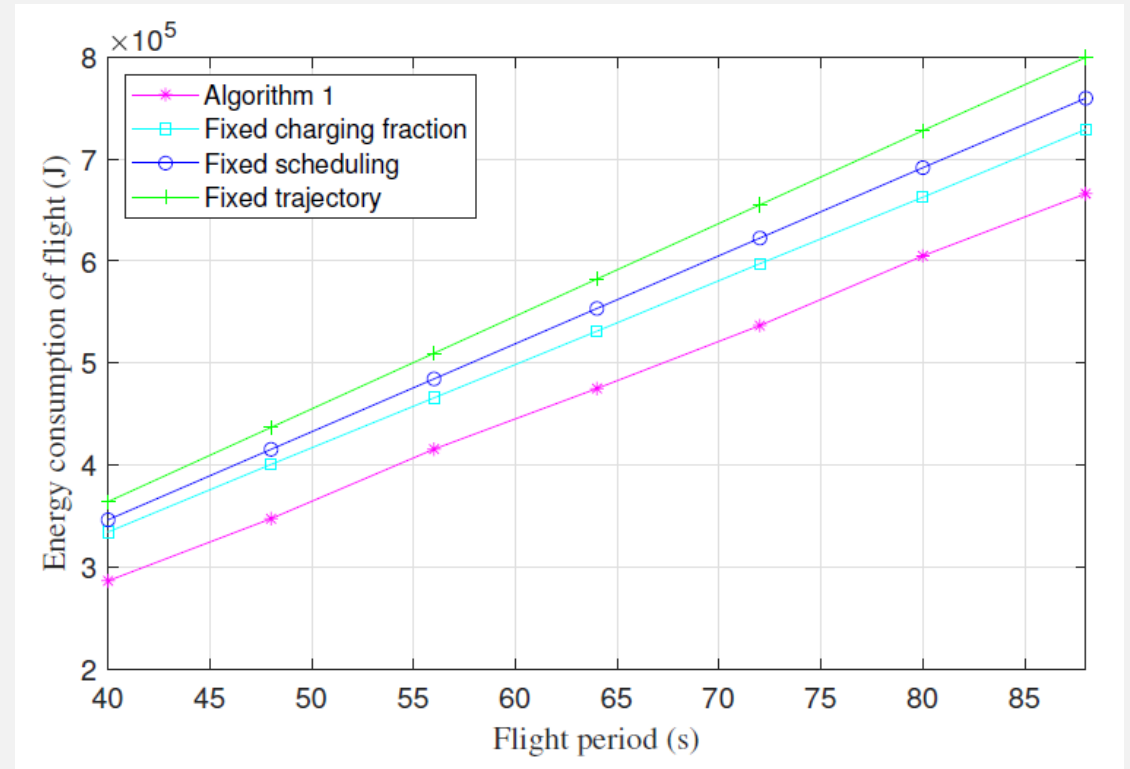
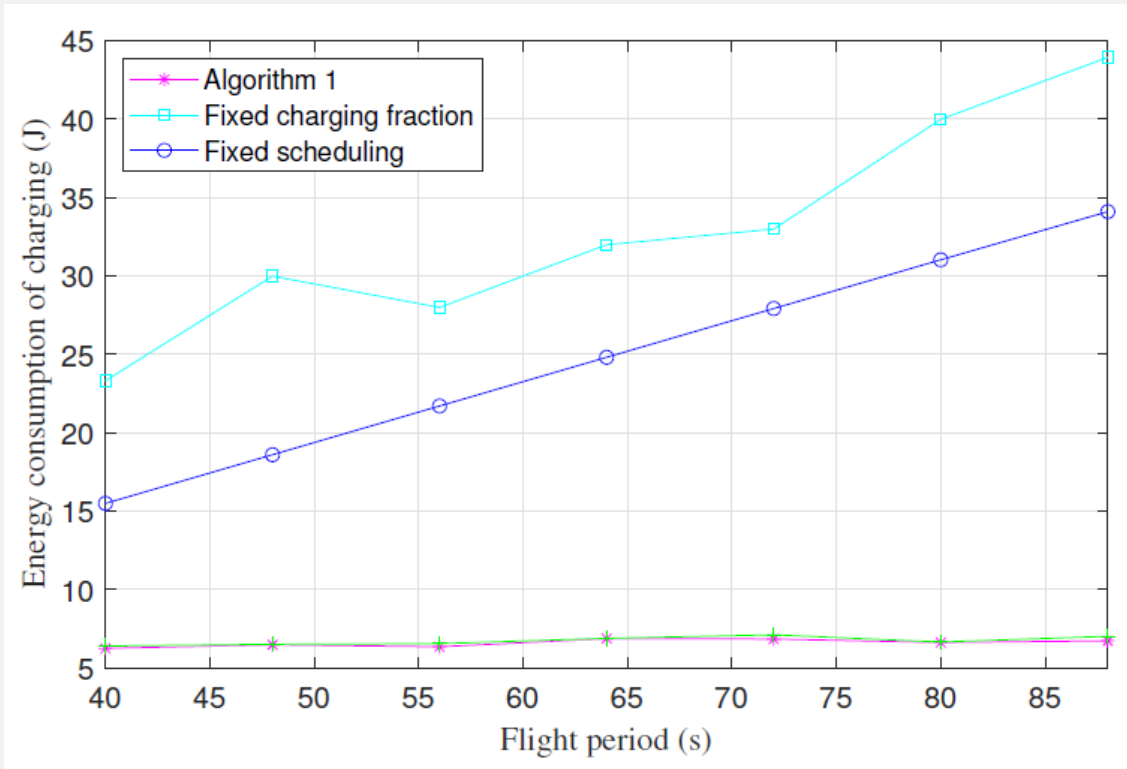


Simulation Results





Simulation Results





Thank you !

