

Encrypted Container File

Design and Implementation of a Hybrid-Encrypted Multi-Recipient File Structure

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B. Eng. Media Informatics at OTH Amberg-Weiden, Germany, 2022Currently in Master's Degree Program Artificial Intelligence (M. Sc.), est. 2023Interests in Infrastructure Security and the application of AI in IT Sec

Outline



Introduction and Related Work

Design of the Encrypted Container File Requirements Engineering File Structure Operations

Implementation Details

Conclusion and Future Work

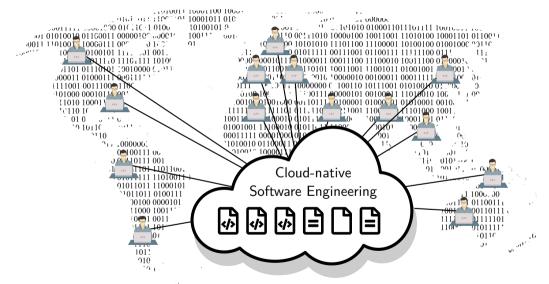
Motivation



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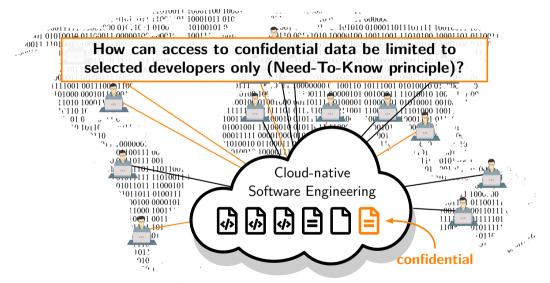
Motivation





Motivation





Related Work



Introduction and Related Work

jak [1]

- Single command encryption and decryption (AES)
- Single key for all confidential files
- Unencrypted files on developers' computers
- Key distribution problem unsolved

Related Work

Introduction and Related Work



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git-crypt [2]

- Single command encryption and decryption (AES)
- Single key for all confidential files
- Unencrypted files on developers' computers
- GNU Privacy Guard for key distribution
- No recipient removal



- Requirements Engineering
- File Structure
- Operations

Design of the Encrypted Container File

Requirements



Design of the Encrypted Container File

Requirements

- (1) Mandatory encryption of content
- (2) Possibility to modify content
- (3) Key distribution is no prerequisite
- (4) Decryption on demand
- (5) Support for multiple recipients
- (6) Addition and removal of recipients
- (7) Minimal information gain for externals
- (8) Customizable set of recipients per file



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Design goals

>• Use of hybrid encryption



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- Use of hybrid encryption
- Inclusion of recipient information to allow re-encryption on changes

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- Use of hybrid encryption
- Inclusion of recipient information to allow re-encryption on changes
- Obfuscation of recipient information for respective external parties

Design of the Encrypted Container File

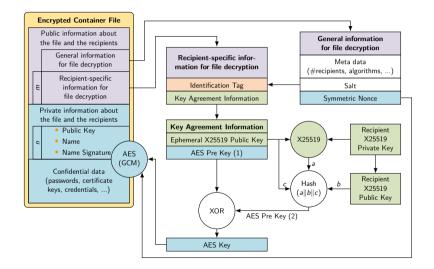
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- (8) Customizable set of recipients per file

- Use of hybrid encryption
- Inclusion of recipient information to allow re-encryption on changes
- Obfuscation of recipient information for respective external parties
- Delivery of the associated software as a library for embedding into existing applications

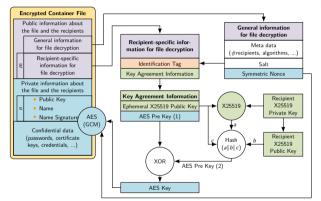
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File Structure Design of the Encrypted Container File





Design of the Encrypted Container File

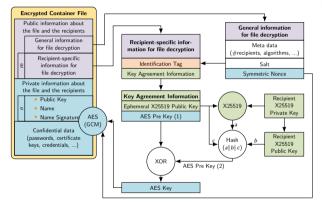


Prerequisites for decryption

- Alice is recipient
- Her private X25519 key: sk_A
- Her public X25519 key: pkA



Design of the Encrypted Container File

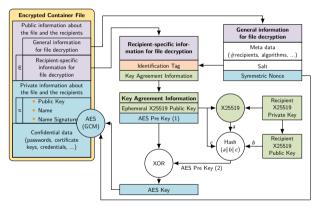


Prerequisites for decryption

- Alice is recipient
- Her private X25519 key: sk_A^X
- Her public X25519 key: pkA
- Hash function: H
- Bit string concatenation: a||b
- Bitwise XOR: $a \oplus b$
- Bytewise truncation: *a*[0,...,*n*]
- Scalar-Point-multiplication [3]: X25519(*a*, *B*)



Design of the Encrypted Container File

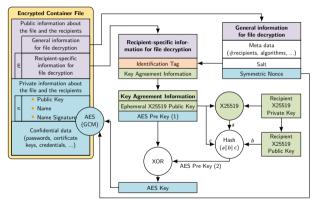


Decryption

$$[1) \hspace{0.1cm} \mathsf{id_tag} = \mathsf{H} \Big(\mathsf{pk}_{\mathsf{A}}^{\mathsf{Ed}} \| \mathsf{Salt} \Big) [0, ..., 16]$$



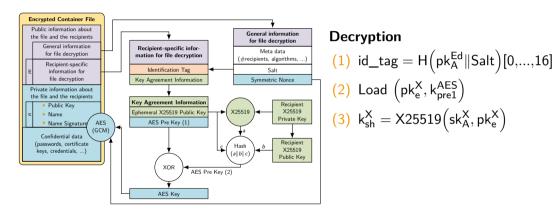
Design of the Encrypted Container File



$$\label{eq:basic} \begin{split} & \textbf{Decryption} \\ & \textbf{(1)} \ \ id_tag = H\Big(pk_A^{Ed}\|Salt\Big)[0,...,16] \\ & \textbf{(2)} \ \ Load \ \Big(pk_e^X,k_{pre1}^{AES}\Big) \end{split}$$

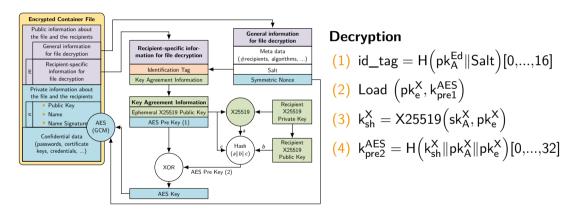


Design of the Encrypted Container File



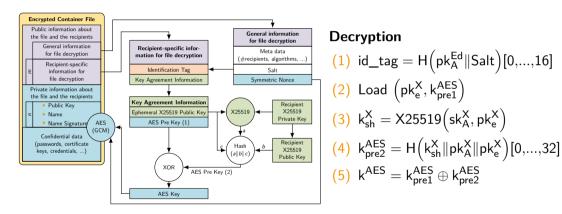


Design of the Encrypted Container File



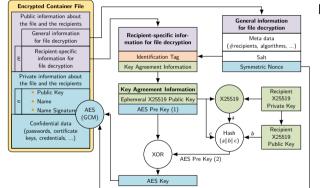


Design of the Encrypted Container File



Design of the Encrypted Container File

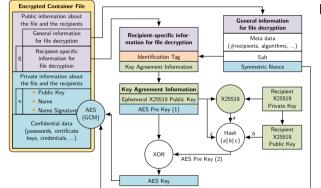




- (1) Generate symmetric AES key
 - 2) Generate AES nonce
- (3) Generate salt

Design of the Encrypted Container File

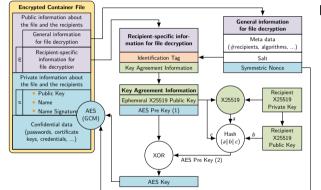




- (1) Generate symmetric AES key
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- (4) For each recipient r
 - (a) Load pk_r^X

Design of the Encrypted Container File





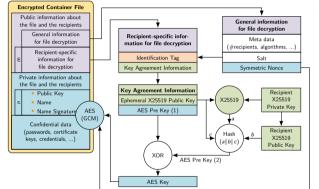
- (1) Generate symmetric AES key
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- (4) For each recipient r

(a) Load
$$pk_r^X$$

(b) $\left(sk_e^X, pk_e^X\right) \leftarrow Gen^X$

Design of the Encrypted Container File

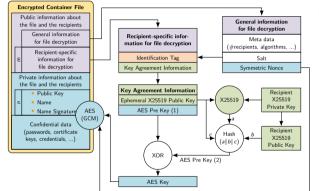




- (1) Generate symmetric AES key
 - Generate AES nonce
- (3)Generate salt
- (4) For each recipient r
 - (a) Load pk_r^X $\begin{array}{ll} \text{(b)} & \left(\mathsf{sk}_{\mathsf{e}}^{\mathsf{X}},\mathsf{pk}_{\mathsf{e}}^{\mathsf{X}}\right) \leftarrow \mathsf{Gen}^{\mathsf{X}} \\ \text{(c)} & \mathsf{Compute} \ \mathsf{id_tag}, \ \mathsf{k}_{\mathsf{sh}}^{\mathsf{X}}, \ \mathsf{k}_{\mathsf{pre2}}^{\mathsf{AES}} \end{array}$

Design of the Encrypted Container File





- (1) Generate symmetric AES key
 - 2) Generate AES nonce
 - Generate salt
- (4) For each recipient r

Operations Design of the Encrypted Container File



Further Operations

General procedure

- (1) Decrypt Encrypted Container File
- (2) Modify content and/or recipient list
- (3) Encrypt Encrypted Container File

Operations Design of the Encrypted Container File



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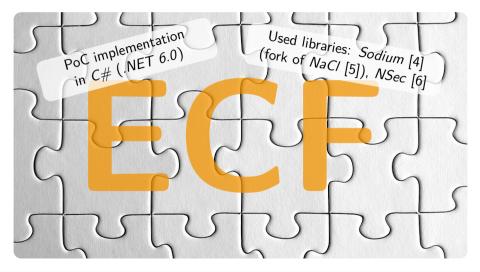
Possible operations

- Modification of confidential data
- Addition of a new recipient
- Removal of an existing recipient

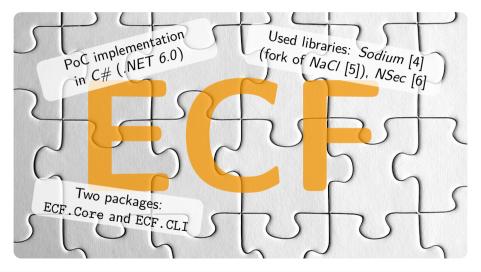




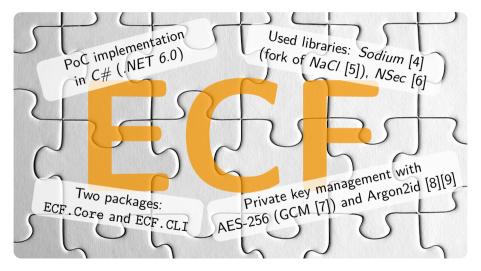




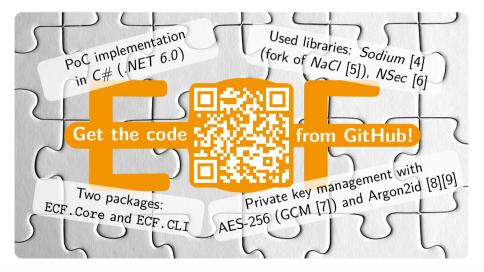














- Proof of Concept (PoC) implementation supports two cipher suites
- Implementation of more cipher suites possible
- Full code and unit tests available: https://github.com/Hirnmoder/ECF





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ECF on GitHub



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- [9] The Sodium Authors, "The pwhash* api," (2022), [Online]. Available: https://doc.libsodium.org/password_hashing/default_phf (visited on 06/05/2023).