Modelling Player Combat Behaviour for Dynamic Difficulty Scaling in First Person Shooter Games

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Modelling Player Combat Behaviour for Dynamic Difficulty Scaling in First Person Shooter Games

First Author and Presenter: Paul Williamson

- BSc First Class Honours in Computing
- MSc by Research
- Currently Undertaking PhD



Introduction

Research Thesis

Modelling Human Behaviour for NPC Imitation in a virtual environment

- Paul Williamson
- Dr Christopher Tubb
- PhD Thesis
- Combat Behaviour



The Problem!

Accurately Scaling Difficulty For All Players

The problem with current scaling difficulty is due to having predefined subjective categories, such as easy, medium, and hard.

- Generalised difficulties
- Problem with difficulty categorization
- The impact of poorly designed difficulties



Modelling Human Player Combat Data for NPC Difficulty

Modelling Player Combat

A solution could be found by using player data to define the generalised limits of skill and having NPCs that exhibit scalable difficulty in real-time.

- Identifying how combat efficiency is determined
- The problem with artificial difficulty
- What data will be required to model player combat
- What impact this research could have on difficulty





Combat Modelling Experiment

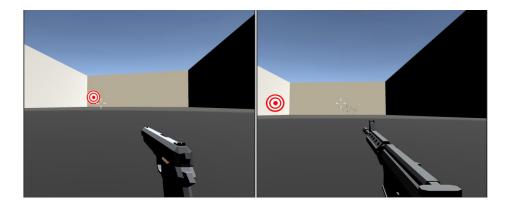
Experiment Purpose

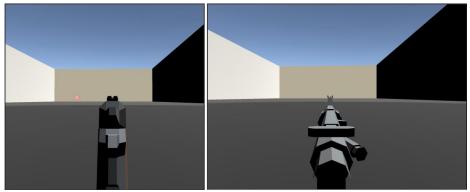
The purpose of this experiment is to gather combat data under predefined scenarios and constraints.

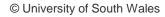
- Five Scenarios
 - Normal, Increased Spawn, Grouped, Size, Moving
- Two Weapons

IARIA

- Assault Rifle, Pistol
- Two Aim Stances
 - Off Hip, Aiming Down Sights
- Data Storage and Targeted Audience







Combat Model Overview 1

Generalised Combat Model

The generalised model is derived by finding the combat averages from all subjects.

- Generalised and Individual
- Using Traditional Techniques
- Base Skill Attribute
- Adjustable Active Skill Attribute





Combat Model Overview 2

Generalised Combat Model

The generalised model is derived by finding the averages from all subjects.

- Reaction Time Equation
- Off Hip Aiming Equation
- Aiming Down Sights Equation
- Fine Tuning the Equations

Reaction Time =
$$\frac{Ts + ((S * M) * Dx)}{Dz}$$

Off Hip =
$$\frac{Vp + Vf * (Mx * S)}{Sx * Ws}$$

Aiming = Vp + Vf * (Mx + (My * S))



Difficulty Scaling Analysis Experiment

Difficulty Scaling Experiment

The purpose of this experiment was to see if the NPCs numerically and perceptually increased in difficulty.

- Deathmatch Scenario
 - Two NPCs, all verses all
 - First to 5 eliminations
- Increasing NPC Skill
 - Three rounds with NPCs skill increasing each round
- Experiment Constraints
 - Three medic packs and ammunition packs throughout the map
- Data Required



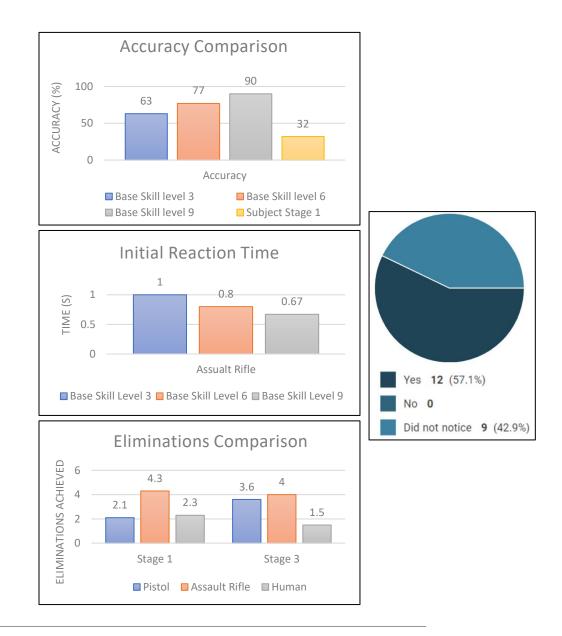


Combat Model Analysis

Results from the Difficulty Scaling Experiment. The results showed that the model was able to scale NPC combat efficiency in real-time but was over tuned.

- Overall Accuracy Analysis
- Reaction Time Comparison
- First and Last Stage Eliminations
 Comparison
- Subject Perception





Conclusion

Combat Model Outcome

This paper has shown that using player combat data, it was a good solution for developing a model for scaling NPC combat efficiency in real-time.

- Skill level was flexible in real-time
- Other gameplay behaviours can affect perception
- Most subjects stated that they noticed the difficulty changing

Future Work

More Research Required

Since this paper was submitted, work has been undertaken to calculate the real-time generalised skill of a human player.

- Further skill balancing
- Automated dynamic skill scaling based on the current performance of the player
- Thank You