



ComputationWorld 2009
Athens, November 15 - 20, 2009



Infrastructures and Technologies for Future Computing

„anyone, anything, anytime, anywhere”

Wolfgang Gentsch

EU DEISA Project & Board of Directors of OGF

gentsch at rzg.mpg.de



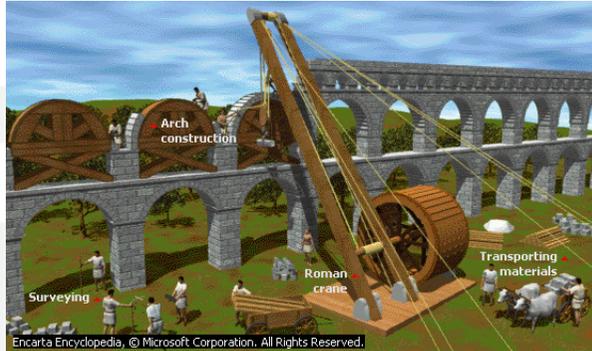


Content

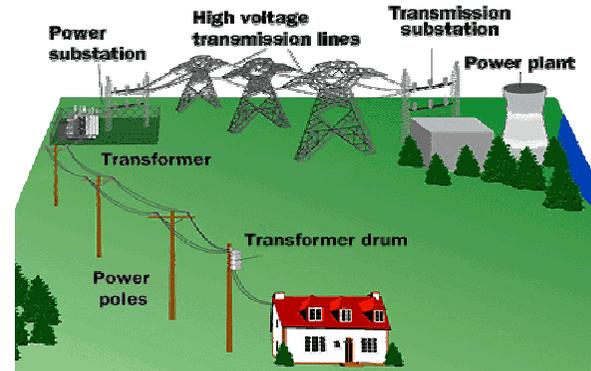
- History of Service Infrastructures
- Components: HPC Centers, Grids, Clouds, Internet, Web,...
- Examples of Cloud Applications
- Example: The DEISA Ecosystem for HPC Applications
- Example: The Telecoms and their potential
- Next-Generation e-Infrastructure: The Digital City



We build Service Infrastructures



Ancient Rome: 10 aqueducts
150,000 m³ of water each day



Electrical Power Grid
Infrastructure



Transportation
Land, water, air

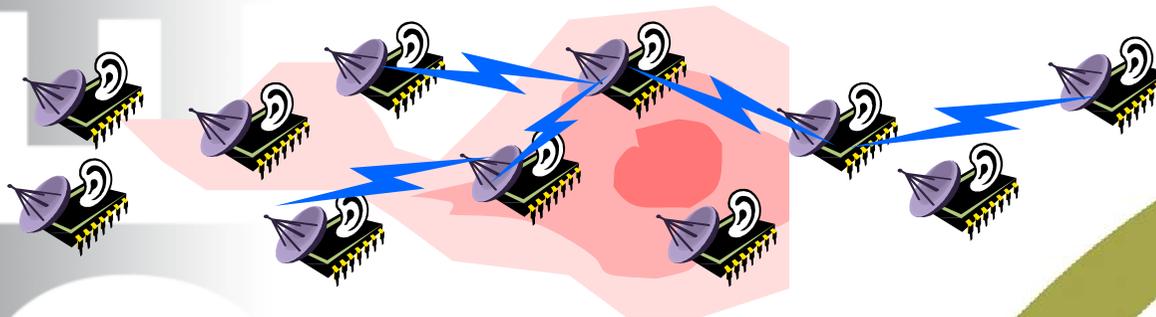


Internet
WWW, Grids, Clouds



Components of an e-Infrastructure:

Networks,
Sensors, Servers,
Clusters, Grids and Clouds

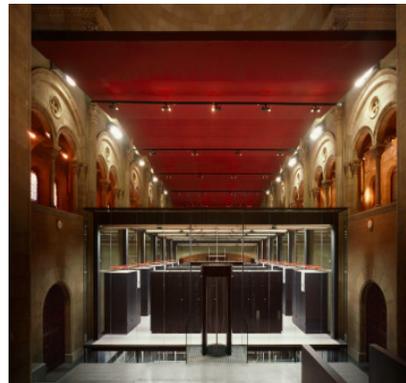


HPC Centers

- HPC Centers are **service providers**, for past 35 years
- Computing, storage, applications, data, etc IT services
- Serve (local) research, education, and industry
- Very professional: to end-users, they look (almost) like Cloud services (Amazon Cloud definition: easy, secure, flexible, on demand, pay per use, self serve)



CompWorld Nov 15-20, 2009



Wolfgang Gentzsch, DEISA



Grids

1998: The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure:

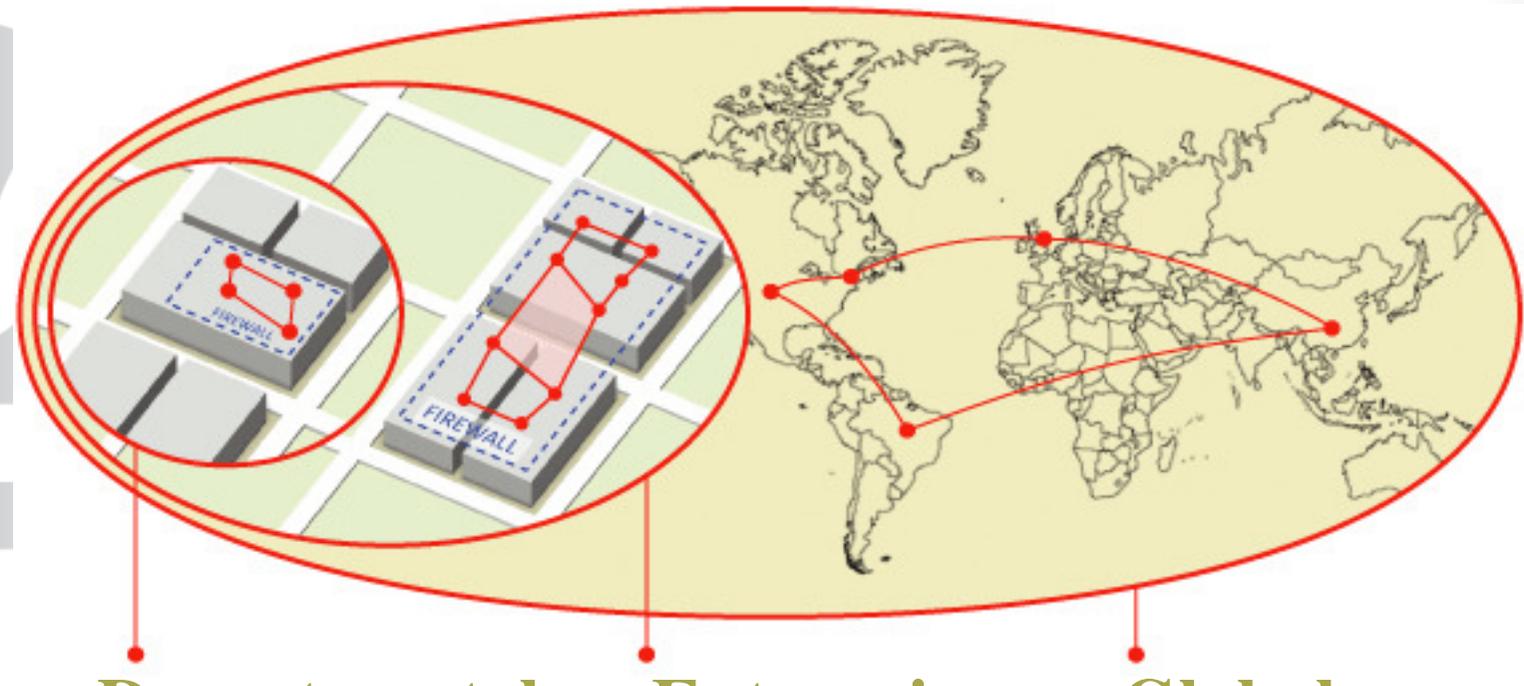
“... hardware and software infrastructure ... **dependable, consistent, pervasive, inexpensive access** to high-end computational capabilities.”

2002: The Anatomy of the Grid:

“... coordinated resource **sharing** and problem solving in dynamic, multi-institutional **virtual organizations**.”

Quotes: Ian Foster, Carl Kesselman, Steve Tuecke

Grids



**Departmental
Grids**

**Enterprise
Grids**

**Global
Grids**

Why should my App run in the Grid?

- Closer collaboration with colleagues (VCs)
- R&D projects University - Industry
- More resources => faster/more/accurate processing
- Different architectures serve different apps
- Failover: move jobs to another system

... and Clouds

- No upfront cost for additional resources
- CapEx => OpEx, pay-per-use
- Elasticity, scaling up and down
- Hybrid solution (private and public cloud)

Cloud... as a **Service**

Cloud: dynamically **scalable** and **virtualized** resources provided **as a service** over the Internet

Infrastructure (**IaaS**)

- Accessible online, anytime, anywhere

Platform (**PaaS**)

- Pay for what you use
- Available on demand
- Service Level Agreements
- Automated:

Software (**SaaS**)

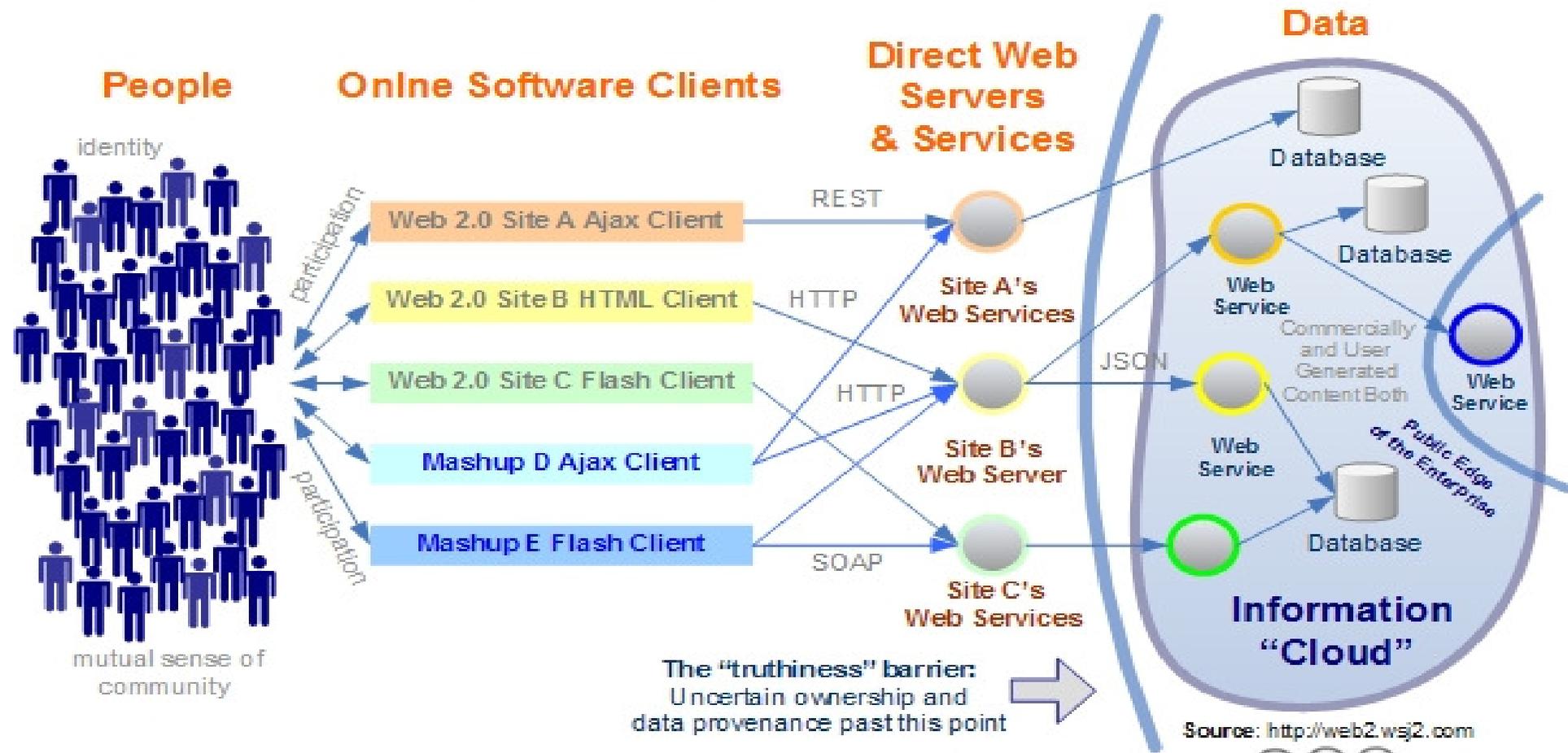
- Scalability
- Failover
- Concurrency management



Example: Web 2.0 Clouds

- Clouds drive interactive Web 2.0 sites
- enabling people to create and collaborate

The Web 2.0 Architecture of Participation: "People in the Machine Nurture the Cloud"



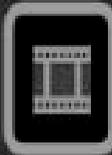
Top 15 most popular Web 2.0 Sites

eBizMBA Nov 2009

Monthly Visitors:

- YouTube: 69,110,425
- Wikipedia: 62,228,655
- craigslist: 45,243,526
- twitter: 23,538,791
- photobucket: 24,470,242
- flickr: 23,769,885
- WordPress: 22,147,374
- IMDb: 21,298,399
- digg: 33,433,760
- eHow: 15,247,388
- TypePad: 9,611,366
- topix: 4,328,369
- LiveJournal: 4,276,246
- deviantART: 4,061,546
- Technorati: 3,309,174





ANIMOTO beta

[sign in](#)
[no account yet? sign up](#)

1. it analyzes your
IMAGES



2. it feels your
MUSIC



3. it customizes a
VIDEO



FOR A **PREVIEW** [CLICK HERE](#)

Demos: [1](#) [2](#)

It's all automatic.

It's completely
customized to your music.

Welcome to the
end of slideshows.

No two videos are
ever the same.

GET STARTED

create a new video



LEARN MORE

watch the 60-sec video



4000

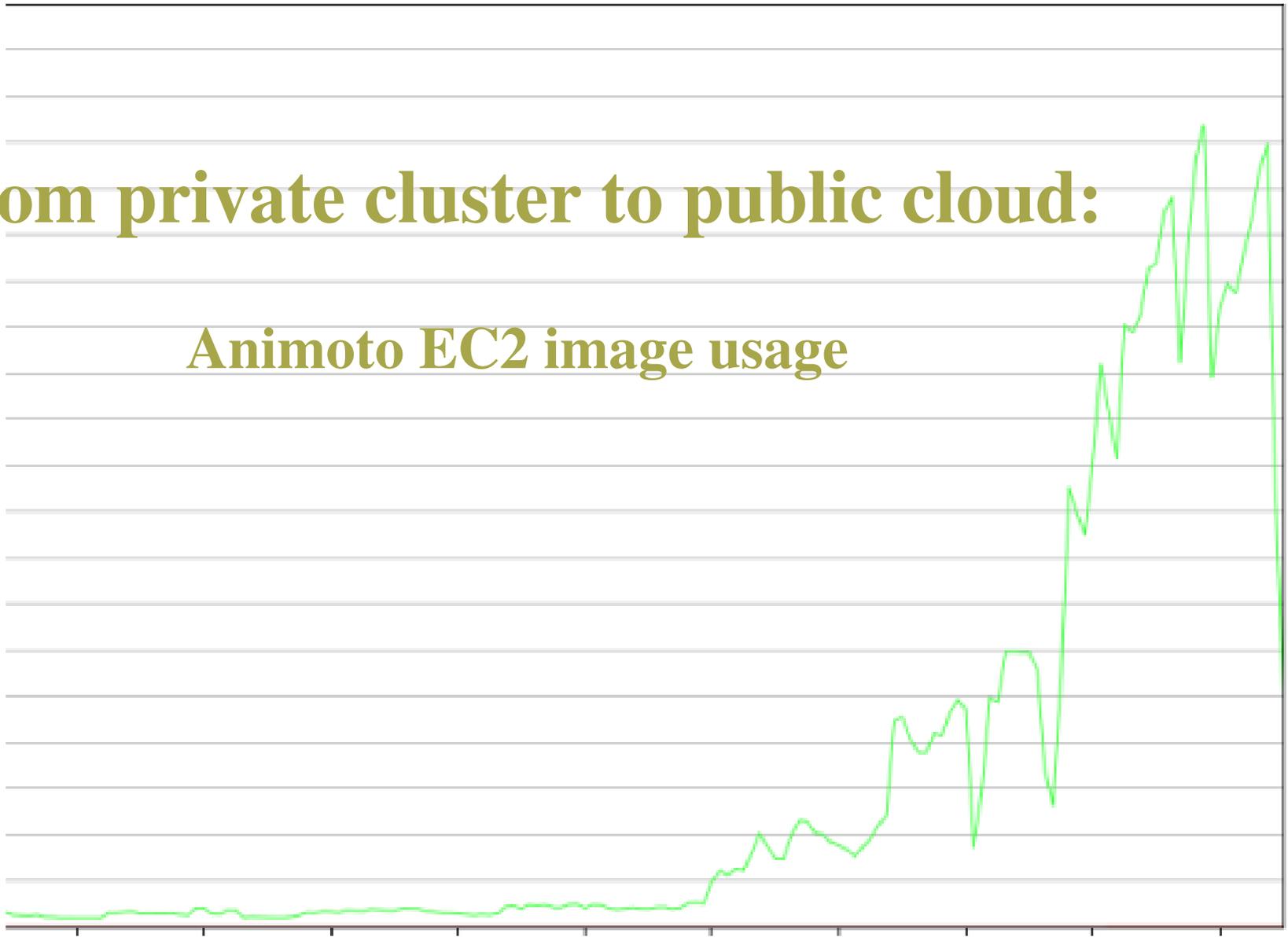
From private cluster to public cloud:

Animoto EC2 image usage

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Day 1

Day 8





Example of an e-Infrastructure:

The DEISA Ecosystem for HPC Grand-Challenge Applications

Distributed European Infrastructure for Supercomputing Applications

DEISA

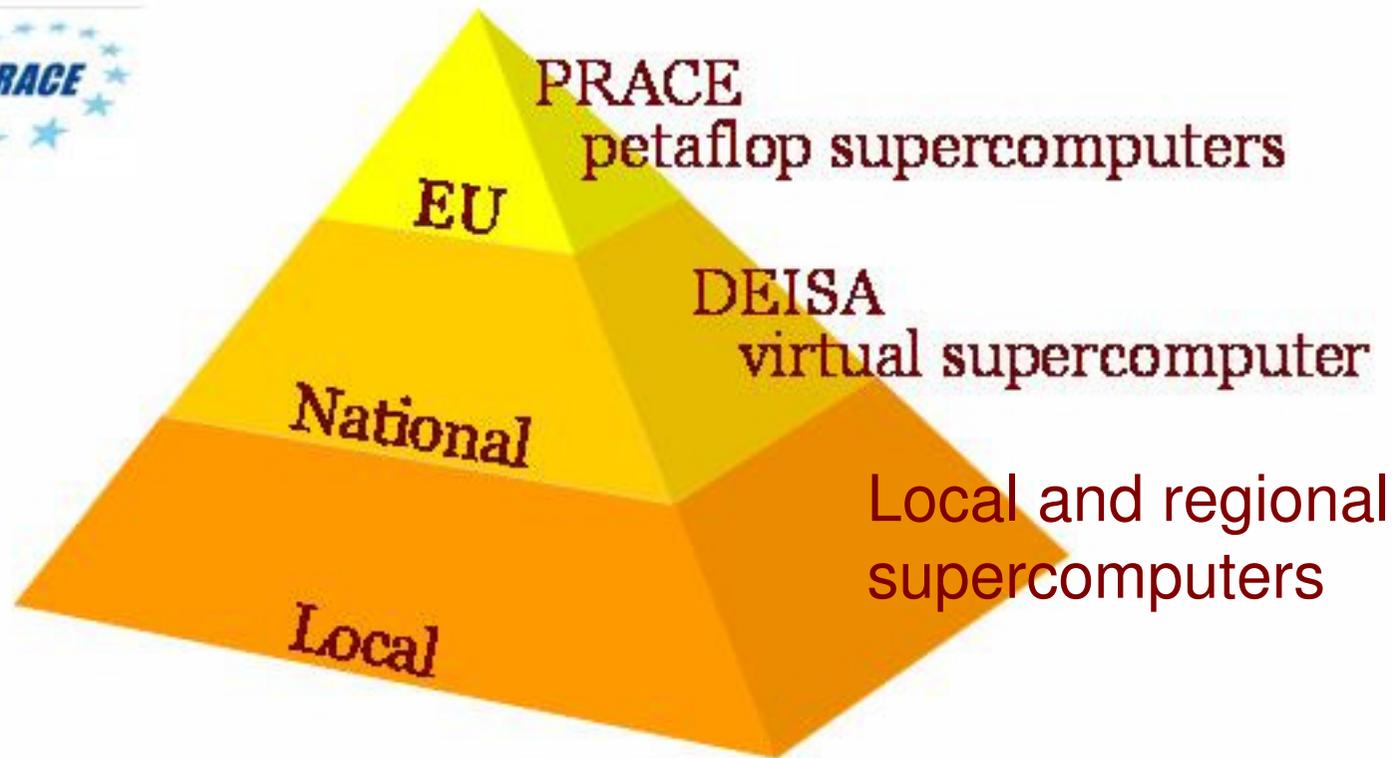


Status and Requirements, e.g.: German Case

Scientific Field (numbers in TeraFlop/s)	2005-2007	2007-2009	2010
Climate and Earth System Research	20	50-100	>500
Geophysics	1	10-100	>1000
Nanostructure Physics	1	10-50	>200
Solid-State Physics	1	50-100	>1000
Computational Fluid Dynamics	2.5	25-100	>1000
Astrophysics	10	50-100	>500
Elementary Particle Physics and Physics of Hadrons and Nuclei	30	100	>1000
Materials Science	10	50-100	>500
Theoretical Chemistry	3	25-125	>300
Soft Matter	3	30	>200
Biophysics and Bioinformatics	3	15-80	>1000
Plasma Physics	10	50	>500

A. Bode, W. Hillebrandt, and Th. Lippert: German Scientific Case for the BMBF, 8/2005

new "petaflop" supercomputers



Mario Campolargo
European Commission
OGF23, June 2008

European Commission
Information Society and Media



DEISA: Vision and Mission



Vision:

Persistent European **HPC ecosystem** integrating Tier-1 (Tflop/s) centres and European Tier-0 (Pflop/s) centres.

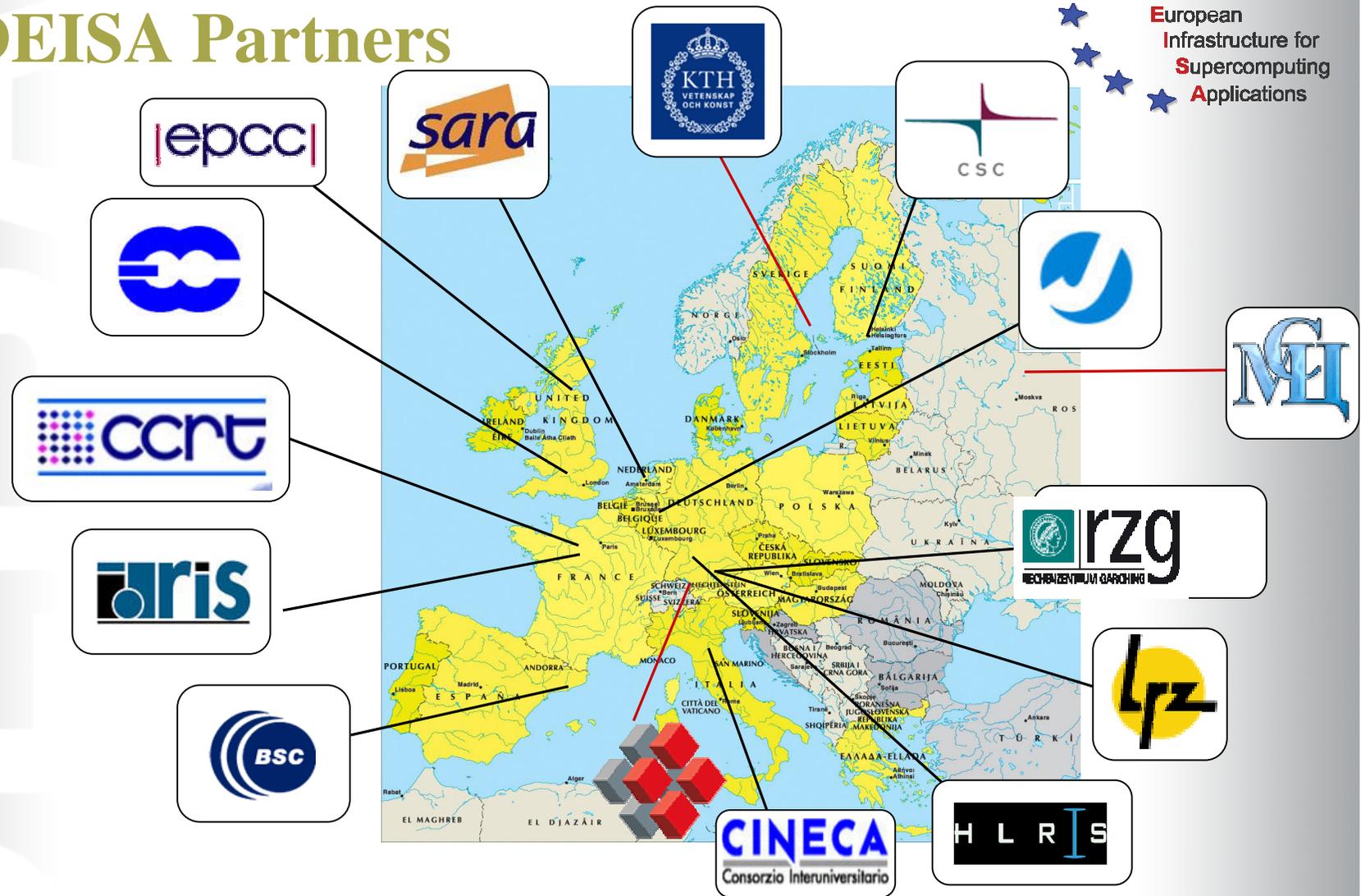
Mission:

Enhance Europe's capability in computing and science by **integrating most powerful supercomputers** into a European HPC e-infrastructure.

Built European Supercomputing Service **on top of existing national services**, based on the deployment and operation of a persistent, production quality, distributed supercomputing environment with continental scope.

DEISA Partners

Distributed European Infrastructure for Supercomputing Applications

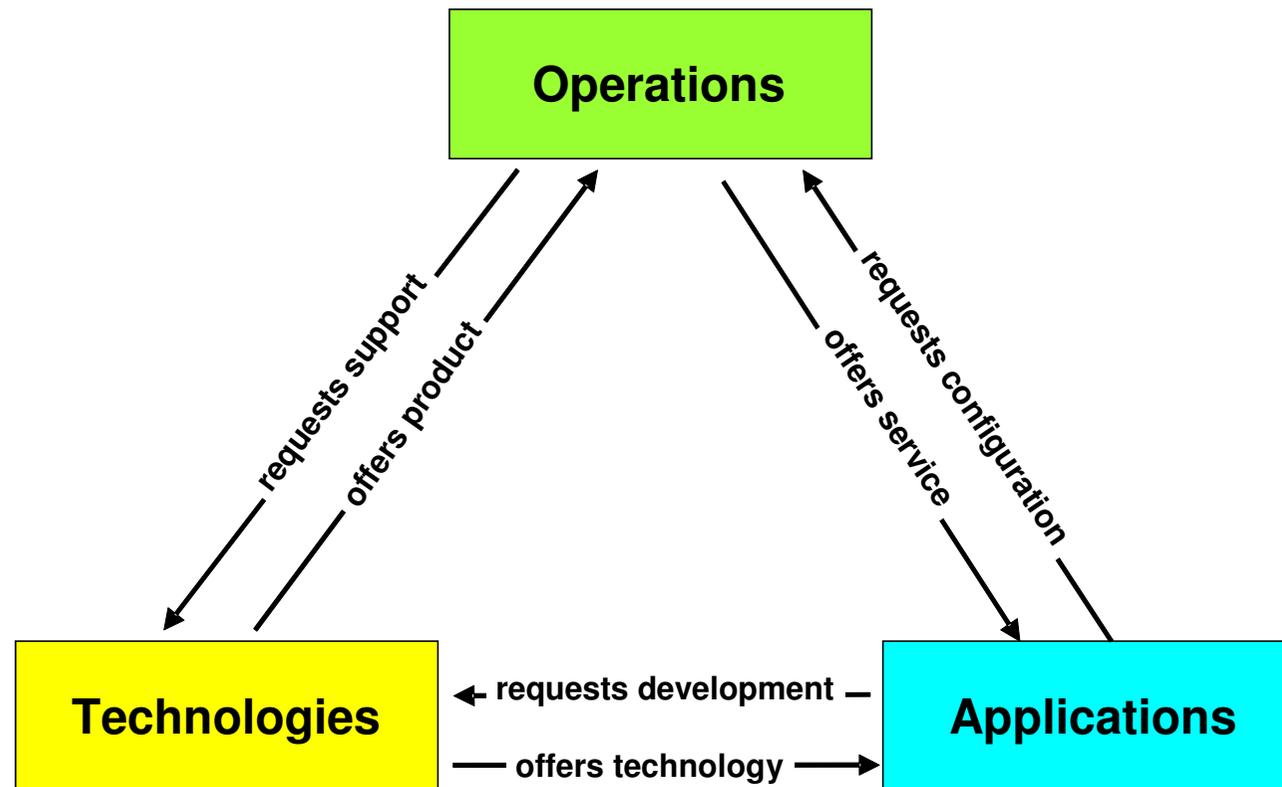


DEISA1: May 1st, 2004 – April 30th, 2008

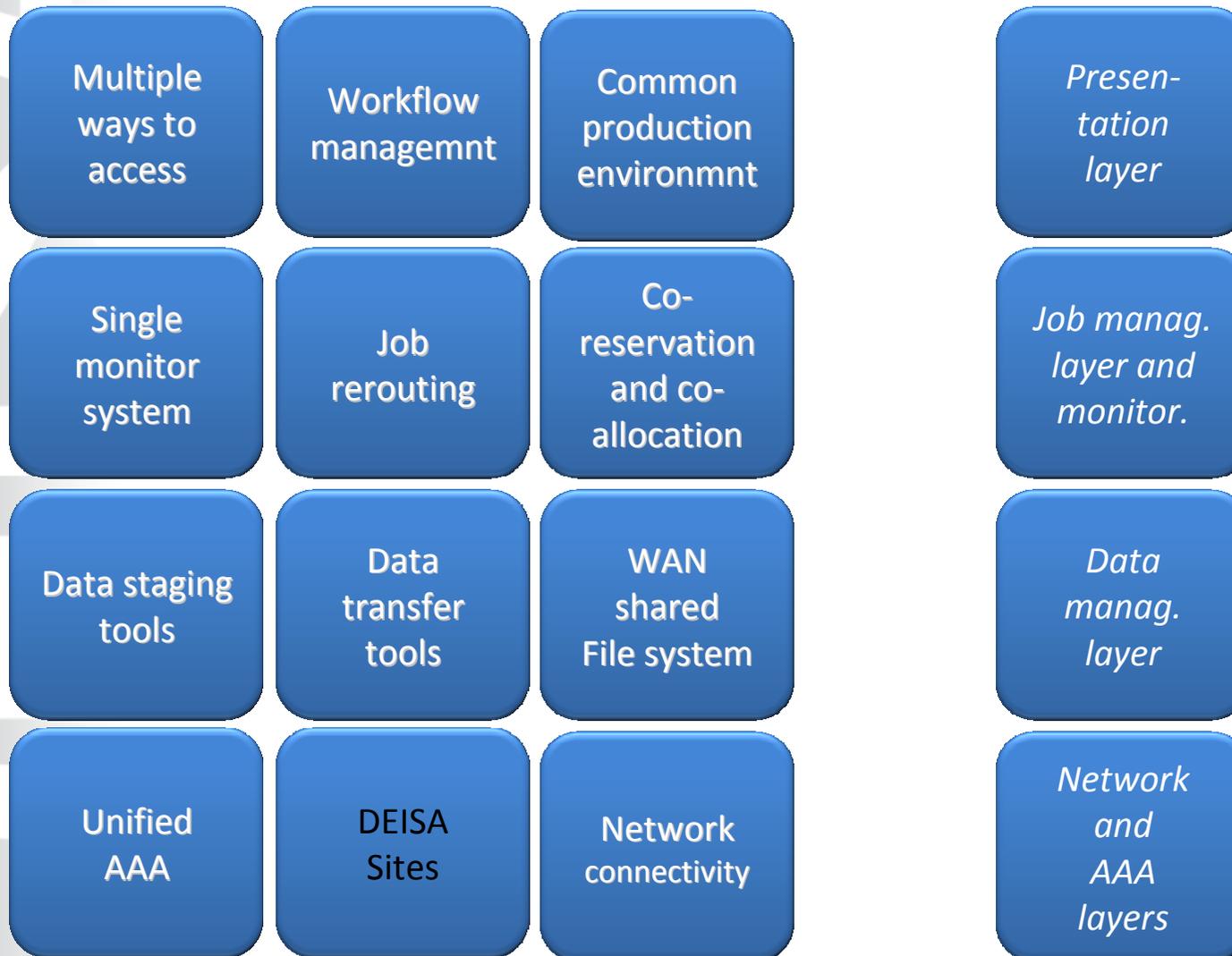
DEISA2: May 1st, 2008 – April 30th, 2011



Categories of DEISA services

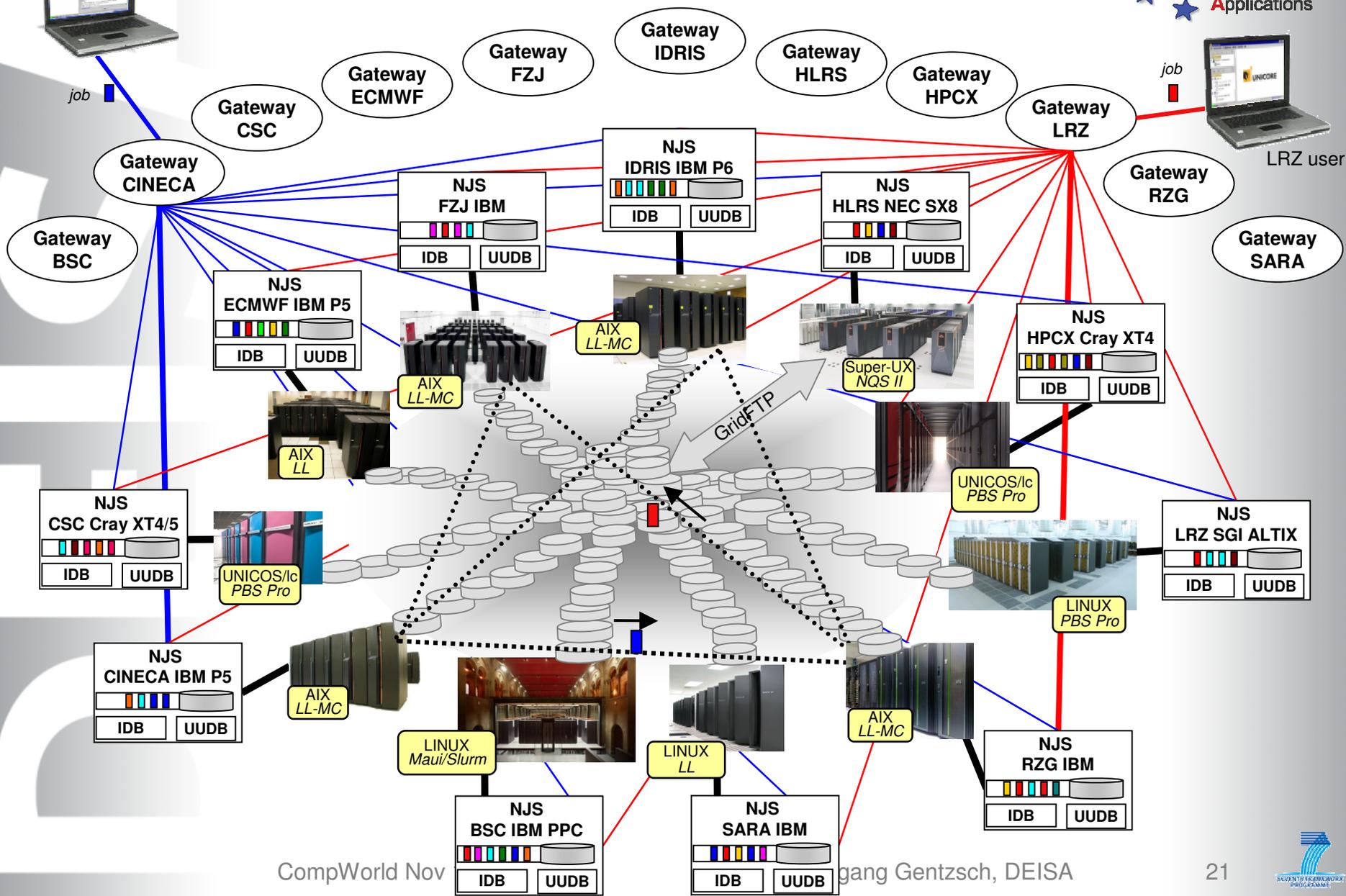


DEISA Service Layers

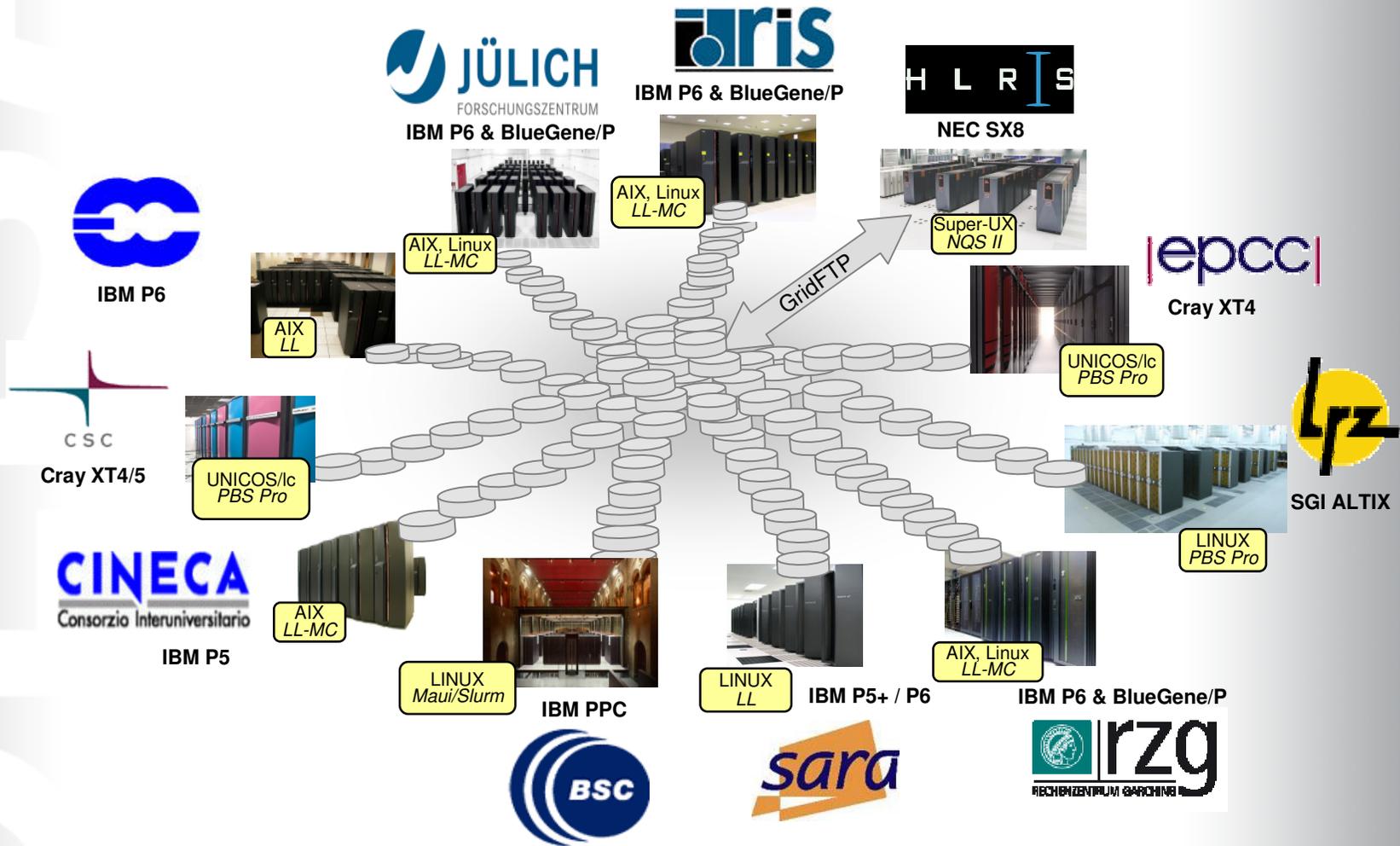


DEISA UNICORE Infrastructure

Distributed
European
Infrastructure for
Supercomputing
Applications



DEISA Global File System

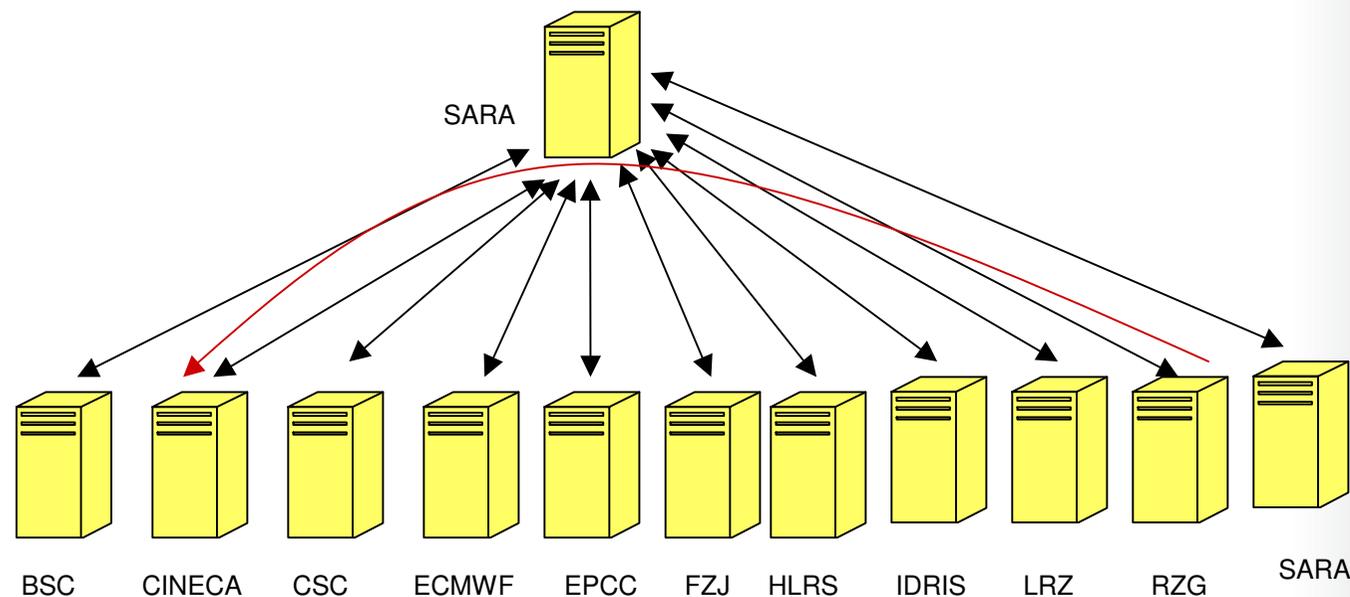


Global transparent file system based on the Multi-Cluster General Parallel File System (MC-GPFS of IBM)



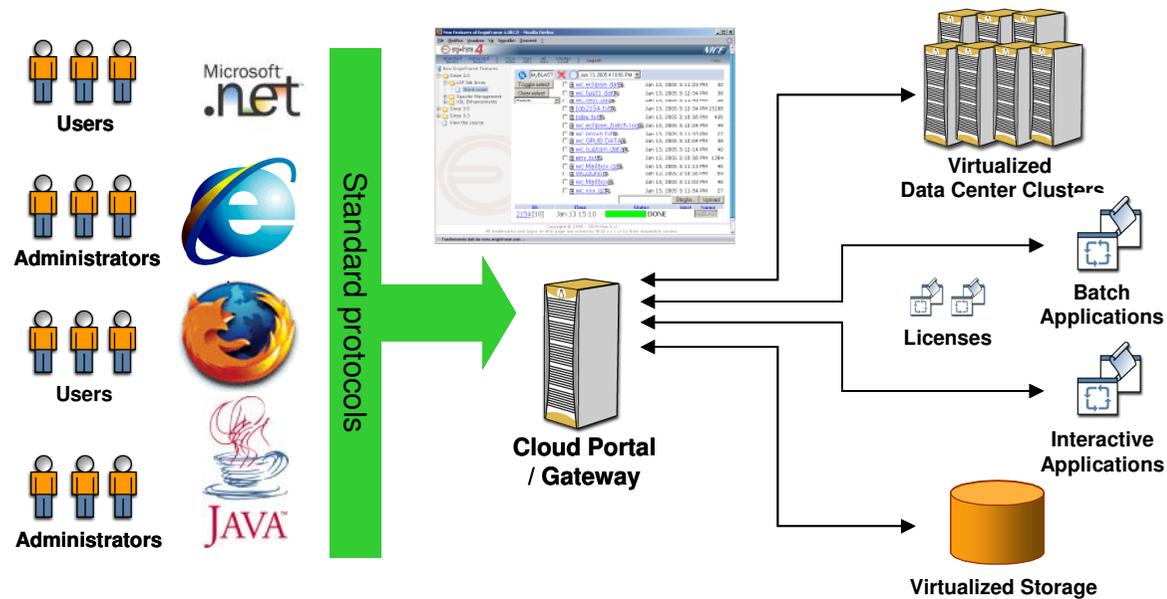
Management of users in DEISA

- A dedicated LDAP-based distributed repository administers DEISA users
- Trusted LDAP servers are authorized to access each other (based on X.509 certificates) and encrypted communication is used to maintain confidentiality



NICE EnginFrame Cluster/Grid/Cloud Portal

Remote, interactive, transparent, and secure access to applications and data on Intranet or Internet, or in the Cloud.



Access and control of computing resources via an intuitive and standard Web interface anywhere using a standard Web browser



DELS

Example:

A Next-Generation e-Infrastructure for Telecommunications



New Powerful End-User Devices

Carry-along PCs (CAPS) , Ultra-Mobile PCs (UMPC) , Cellphones



CAPC, from Samsung, South Korea



Fujitsu UMPC

OLPC from MIT



CAPC from HTC

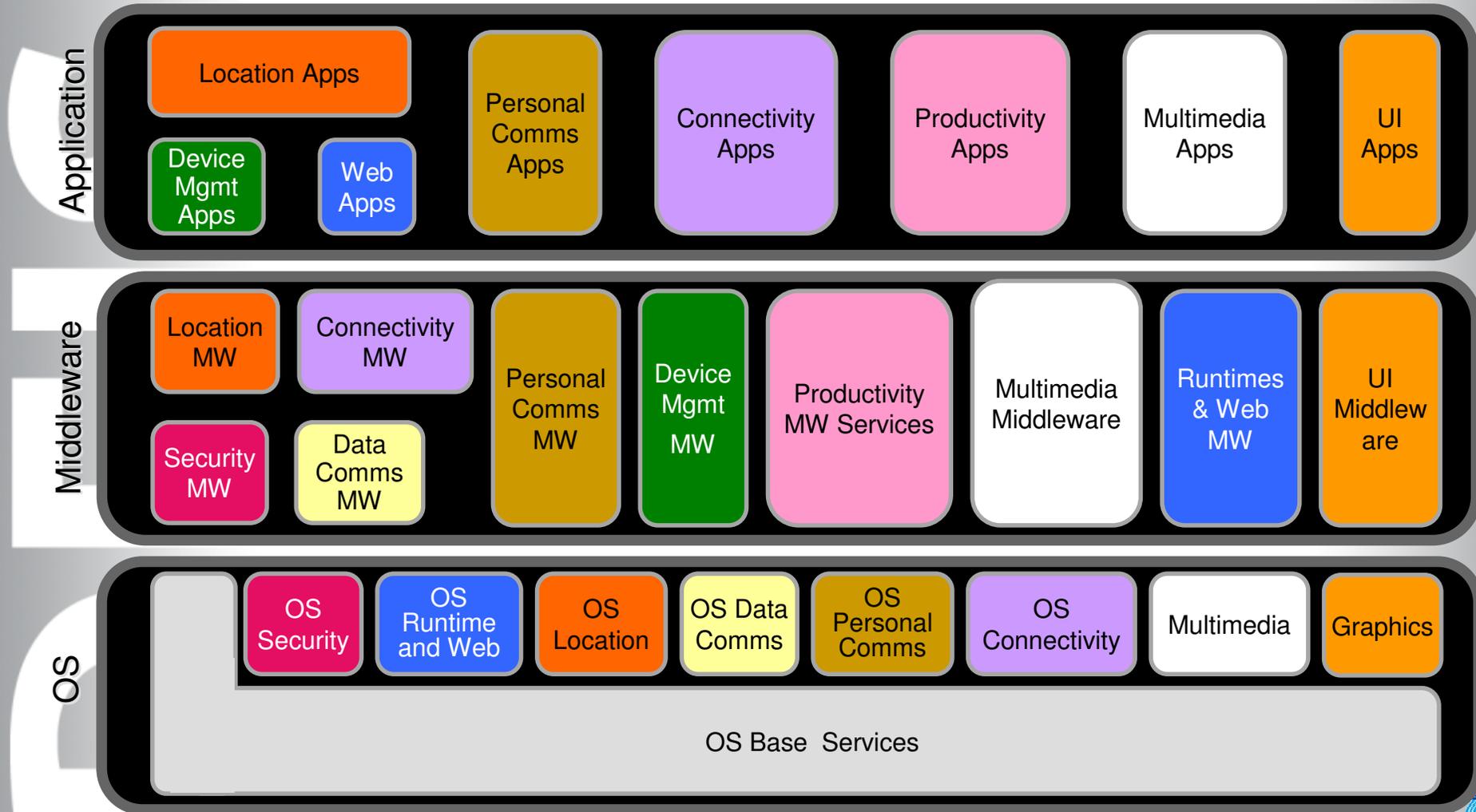


T83 Tablet from Asus, Taiwan, demoed at CeBit 2007



The Symbian Platform

(code on the device)



Example: BT Cloud

 Search

- Business home
- Products & services
- Business insight**
- Your account
- Help & support

You are here: Home > Tell me about... > How cloud computing can help your business thrive.

- Thinking
- Starting
- Running
- Growing

- Tell me about...**
- Business law
 - Cloud computing
 - Dealing with finance
 - Employing people
 - Planning your business
 - Sales and marketing
 - Suppliers and partners
 - Technology
 - Unified Comms
 - Where you work

Cloud computing

How cloud computing can help your business thrive.



Cloud Computing - also known as Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) - is a term given to an on demand service where an application and its data storage is accessed via remote servers on the internet. Find out more about what it can do for your business with our articles and videos below.

[More about BT's cloud computing services](#)

Cloudforce 2009



Marc Benioff, CEO of Salesforce .com, and Bill Murphy, Managing Director of BT Business speak at Cloudforce London.

How CRM can help



Find out more about CRM in this video demonstration by Richard Hasslcher from salesforce.com.

Why BT?



Rob Yates of BT Business explains how BT can help you choose the right cloud-based solution for your company.

Next-Gen. e-Infrastructures

Example: Intel's Digital City Vision



Courtesy Robert Fogel, Intel

Today's Digital Challenge


Taxes Shopping Working Banking

Multiple Identities


Wimax


WiFi


Wired


Cellular

Incompatible Networks


Business


Citizen


Govt


Employee

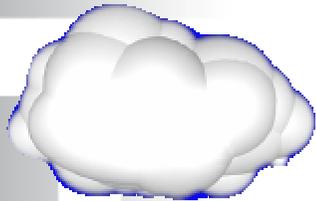
Disconnected Agencies

Tomorrow's Integrated Digital City



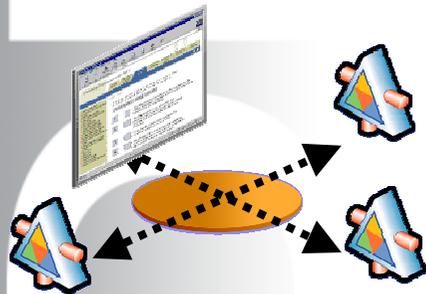
A single, portable identity based on strong security

One Identity



An intelligent infrastructure supporting seamless access

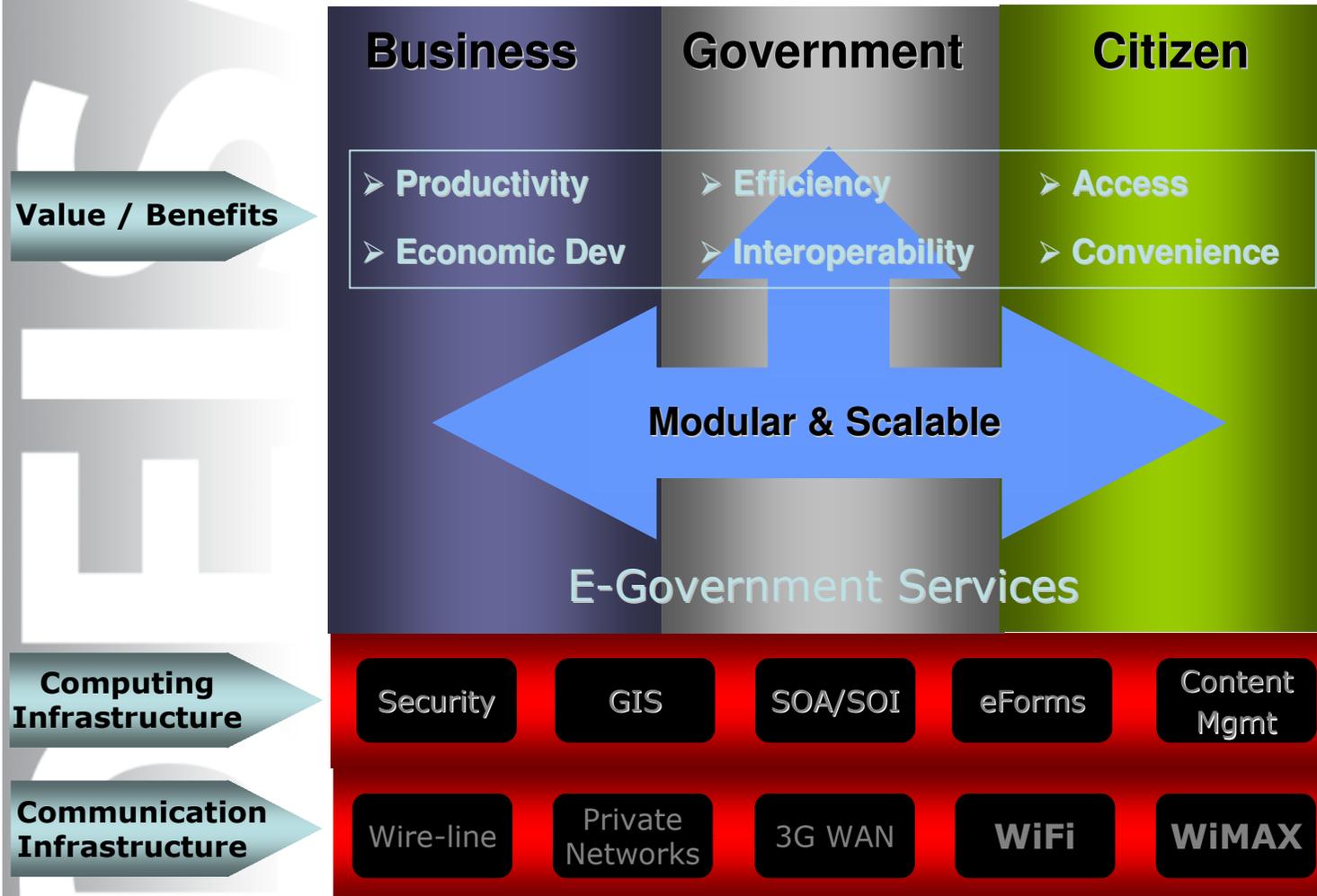
One Network



A gateway to integrated e-Services spanning multiple agencies

One Face

Building the Digital City Today



Facets of the Digital City

 **Distributed European Infrastructure for Supercomputing Applications**



Serving Citizens



Digital Education



Economic Vitality (Digital Office)



Digital Govt GAPP Programs

Digital City

Digital Healthcare



Bridging the Digital Divide



Digital Home



Safety & Security

The Digital City is the Fabric that Connects the Community

Finally : anyone, anywhere, anytime, any device



- Integration of devices, digital objects, ICT resources,...
- Cells, PDAs, smart sensors, sensor arrays, health monitors,...
- Devices embedded in cars, engines, roads, bridges, clothes,...
- Huge amount of data for real-time analysis
- Grid & cloud economy, policies, SLAs, QoS,...
- Support organizational and societal structures, to bridge political and social boundaries . . .

. . . very much like any other vital infrastructure,
e.g. roads, telecom, water, electricity, gas, etc...



Thank You
for your attention
Gentzsch @ rzg.mpg.de