



Prof. Dr.-Ing. Oliver Michler

Chair of Transport Systems Information Technology, Director Institute of Traffic Telematics
Faculty of Transportation and Traffic Sciences "Friedrich List", Technical University of Dresden

A Information Technology View from UWB to mmWave up to VLC in Traffic Telematics Applications

International Conference of Modern Systems Engineering Solutions - IARIA MODERN SYSTEMS 2023

November 13 to November 17, 2023 - Valencia, Spain

Agenda

- 1) **CV, Chair and Topics of University Research**
- 2) Introduction - Modern Systems and ICT-based Goal Formulation
- 3) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Communication
- 4) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing
- 5) Complex Research Example – Parking Project IDEA „Innovative Depot Automation“
- 6) Conclusion and Future Outlook



1 CV Oliver Michler, University Full Professor



Scientific and Professional Positions (since 1993)

1993 - 1997	Scientific Staff and PhD-Research of TU Dresden, Faculty of Electrical and Computer Engineering
1997 – 2000	Scientific Project manager at Video-Audio-Design GmbH as a Telekom-Partner
2000 – 2005	Scientific Staff at Fraunhofer Institute for Transportation and Infrastructure Systems Dresden (FhG-IVI)
2005 – 2008	Professor at University of Applied Sciences Dresden in Signal Processing and Electronic Measurement Techniques
2010 – 2017	Head of department of TUD-Researchgroup at FhG-IVI
2008 –	Full Professor at TU Dresden in Systems Information Technology, Faculty of Transportation and Traffic Sciences
2019 -	Director of TU Dresden of Institute of Traffic Telematics
2017 -	Scientific advisory board member of MRK AG, Metirionic and ISCons GmbH as a knowledge transfer research

Research topics

data-driven and model-based approaches, wireless mobility systems over all traffic carriers and services, autonomous driving, intelligent vehicle, next generation technologies based of communication/localization/sensing, software defined radio

1 TU Dresden (TUD) ⇒ Campus Overview

- The Technische Universität Dresden dates back to the Technische Bildungsanstalt Dresden, founded in 1828 and, thus, ranks among the oldest technical-academic educational establishments in Germany.
- The TU Dresden has about 35.000 students and almost 5.000 permanent employees (excepting the Faculty of Medicine), about 400 professors among them, and, thus, is the largest university in Saxony, today.
- TU Dresden now is a multi-discipline university, also offering humanities and social sciences as well as medicine. There are only few universities in Germany which are able to match this broad scientific spectrum.

- Germany
- Saxony
- Dresden / Capital of Saxony:
Dresden



1 University of Technology in Dresden (TUD) The “Friedrich List” Faculty of Transport and Traffic Sciences

A unique, interdisciplinary competence center for transportation sciences



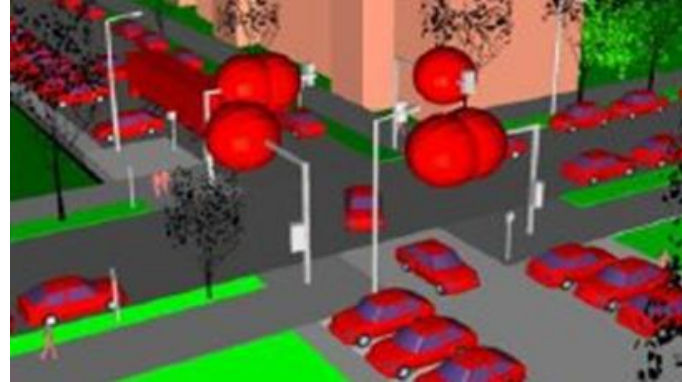
1 Faculty of Transportation and Traffic Sciences „Friedrich List“

⇒ Selected laboratories at the faculty

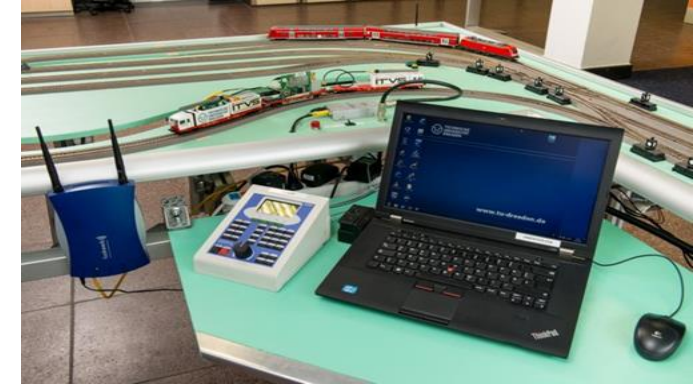
- **Laboratories Traffic Control, Process Automation and ITS**



Traffic Control Center



Car2X-Wireless Simulation



Automatic Train Driving



Driving Simulation (Tram)



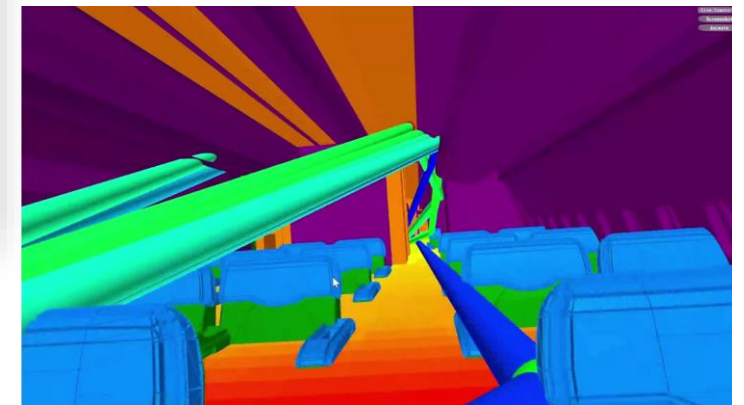
Test Cars / Vehicle



Automatic Car Driving

1 Faculty of Transportation and Traffic Sciences „Friedrich List“ ⇒ Selected laboratories at the faculty

- **Aviation lab / Airbus 320 Simulator**



Application / operation purpose

- Research fields: Trajectory Management and Safety Assessment
- Integration in teaching fields Cockpit Technologies and Navigation
- Training and performance / Aircraft wireless ICT Cabin

1 Traffic ICT and Research fields of Chair competence

- Overview:

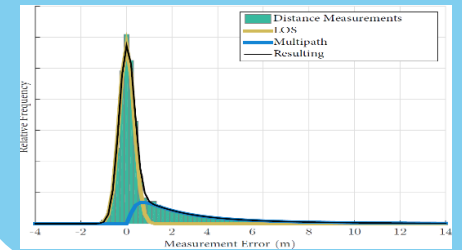
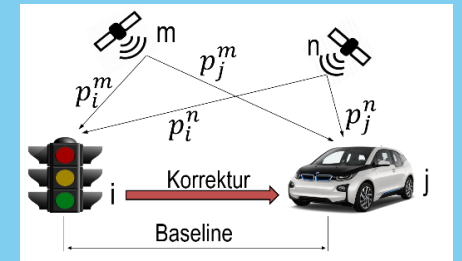
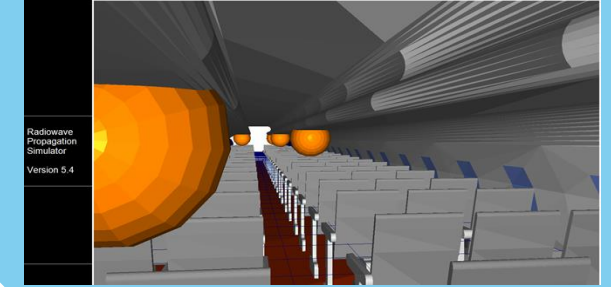
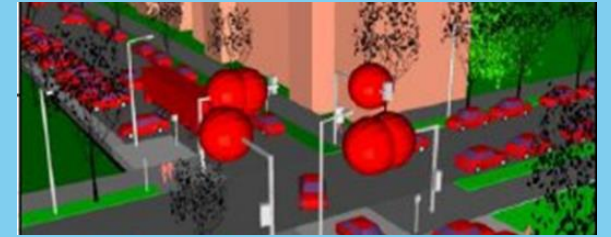


Simulation
Emulation
Radio planning

Networking
Localisation
Sensing

Lab Environment
Experimental -
Vehicles
Test fields

Big data
Statistics
Methodology
Procedures
AI/ML



1 Research focus: Traffic carrier cross-modal vehicle environment signals

Telematics and IT - Platforms (RF, LF, Software, Protocols, Interfaces, HMI)



Modelling, Parametrisation



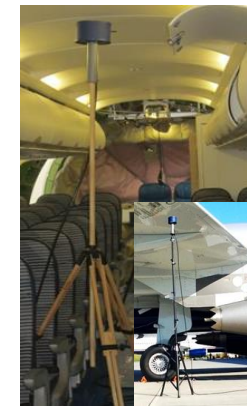
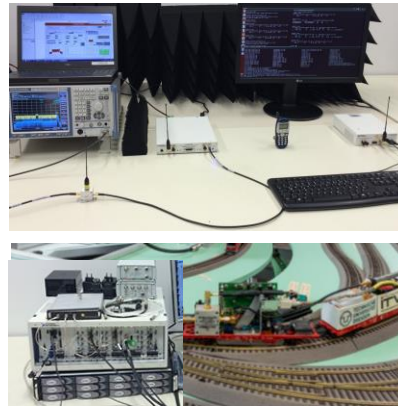
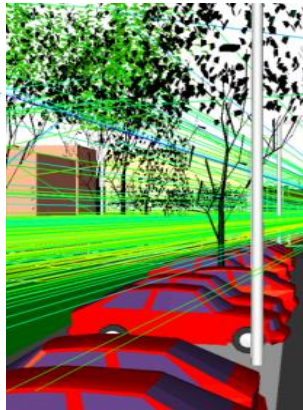
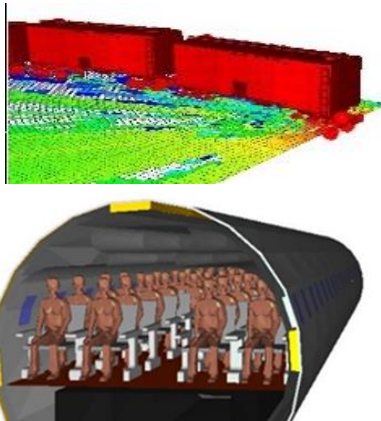
Error analysis, Integrity



**Radio channel simulation
(PC environment)**

**Signal environment generation
(Lab environment)**

**Record/Playback Field measurements
(Field-, long term tests)**



Automotive



Rail transport



Aviation / Aircraft cabin



Water transport

Agenda

- 1) CV, Chair and Topics of University Research
- 2) **Introduction - Modern Systems and ICT-based Goal Formulation**
- 3) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Communication
- 4) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing
- 5) Complex Research Example – Parking Project IDEA „Innovative Depot Automation“
- 6) Conclusion and Future Outlook

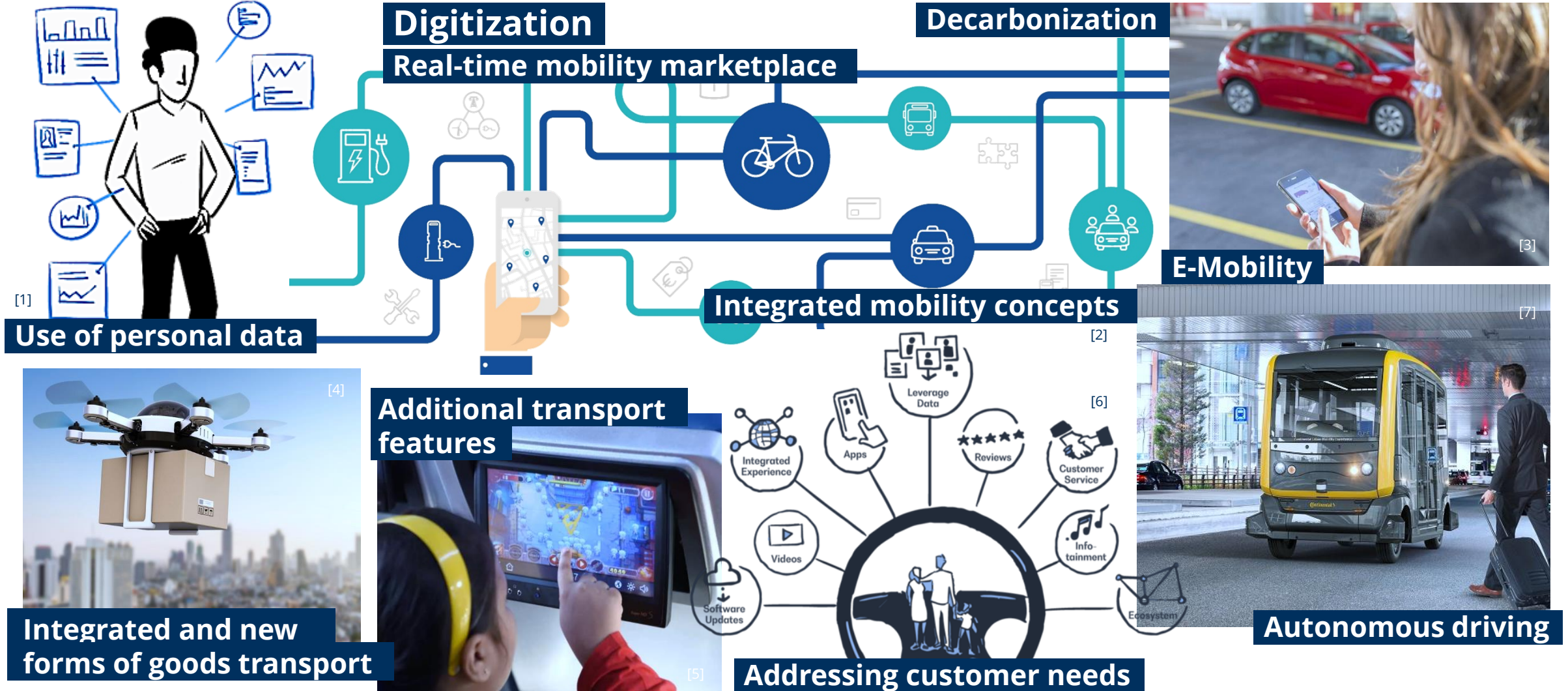


2 Introduction - Modern Systems and ICT-based Goal Formulation

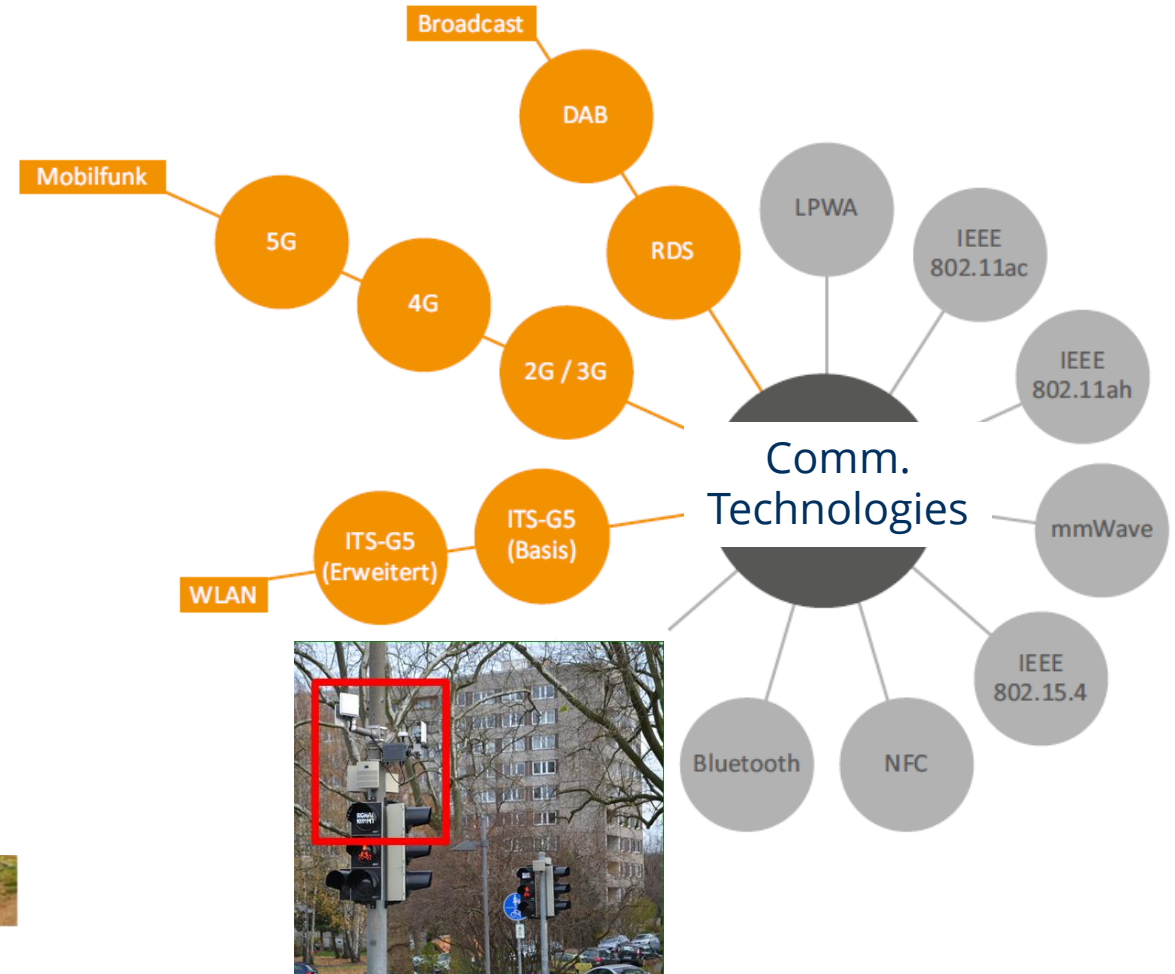
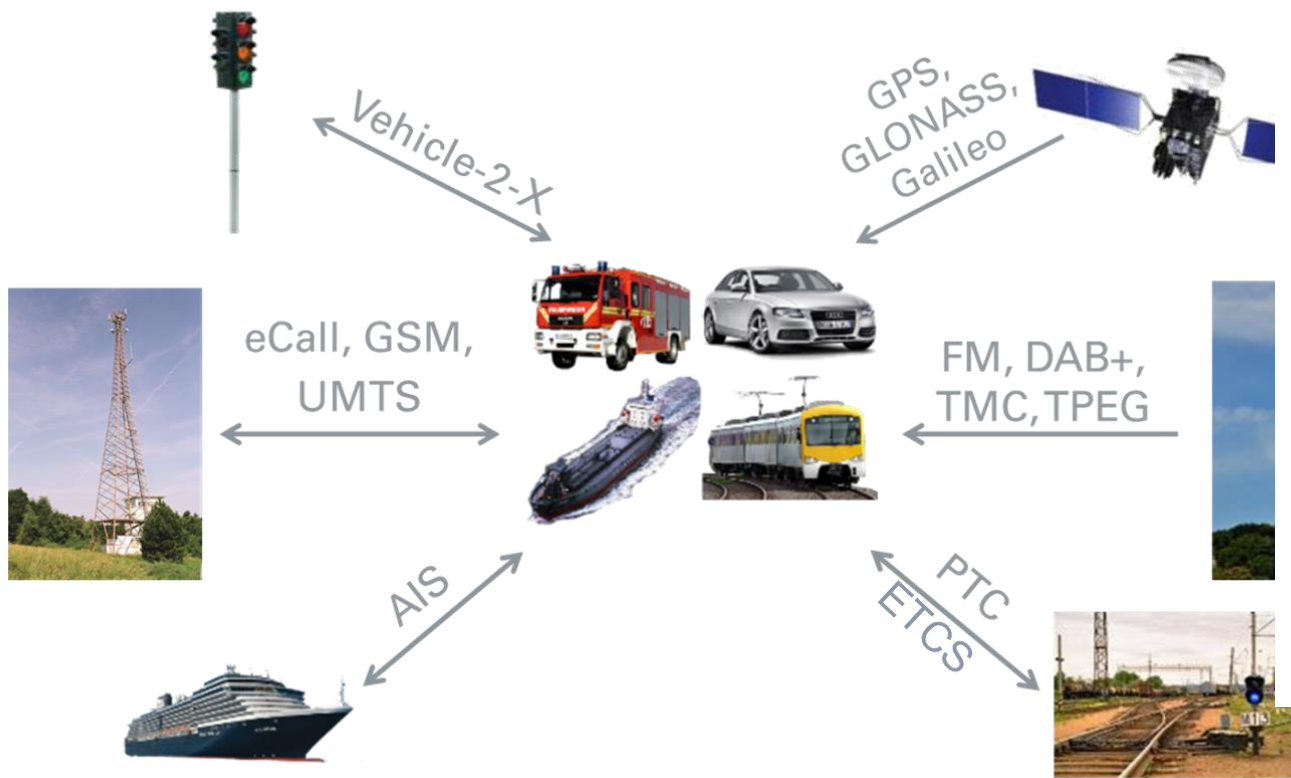
Everything moves
and all is
Connected



2 Important Mobility Trends for the Next Decade



2 Variety of technologies and services

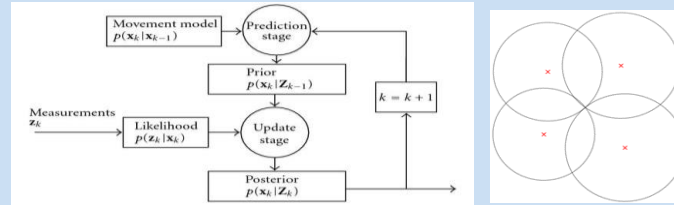


2 Information technology aspects and raw data (TUD-ITVS Framework)

Data input

```
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,19,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,19,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,24,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,17,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,22,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,21,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,22,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,22,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,24,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,22,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,21,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,19,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
DIST,4,AMD,0AA3,2,41,-9,88,0,00,2,19,AM1,048E,7,38,-10,28,
```

Communication / Positioning / Tracking / Sensing



Visualization

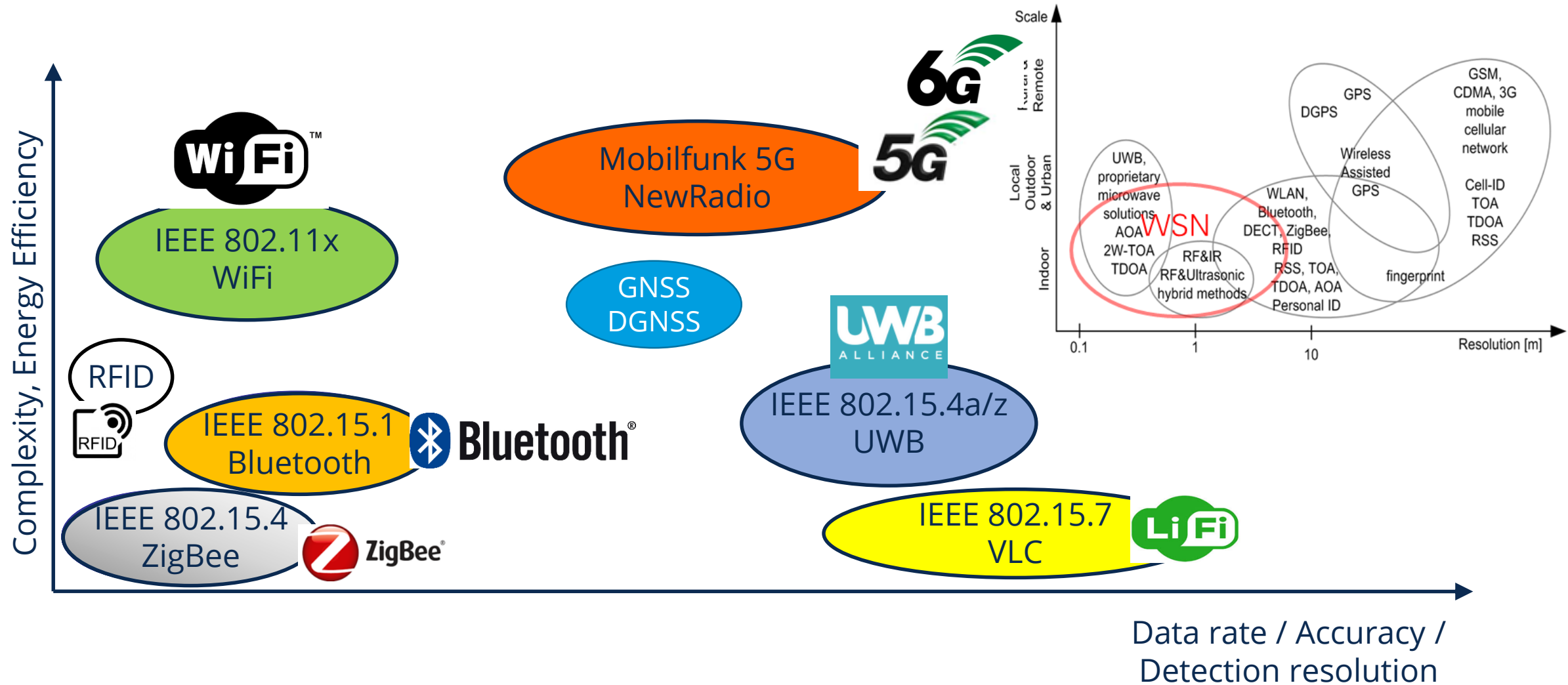


Client/Server -> Database Software

Technology Candidates:

IEEE 802.15.x (BLE, UWB, ZigBee, ...), IEEE 802.11.x (WiFi 2,4/5GHz); MobilComm (5G, 6G),
IEEE 802.15.7 (LiFi)

2 IoT-Communication, Localization / Tracking and Sensing Cross Technologies



Agenda

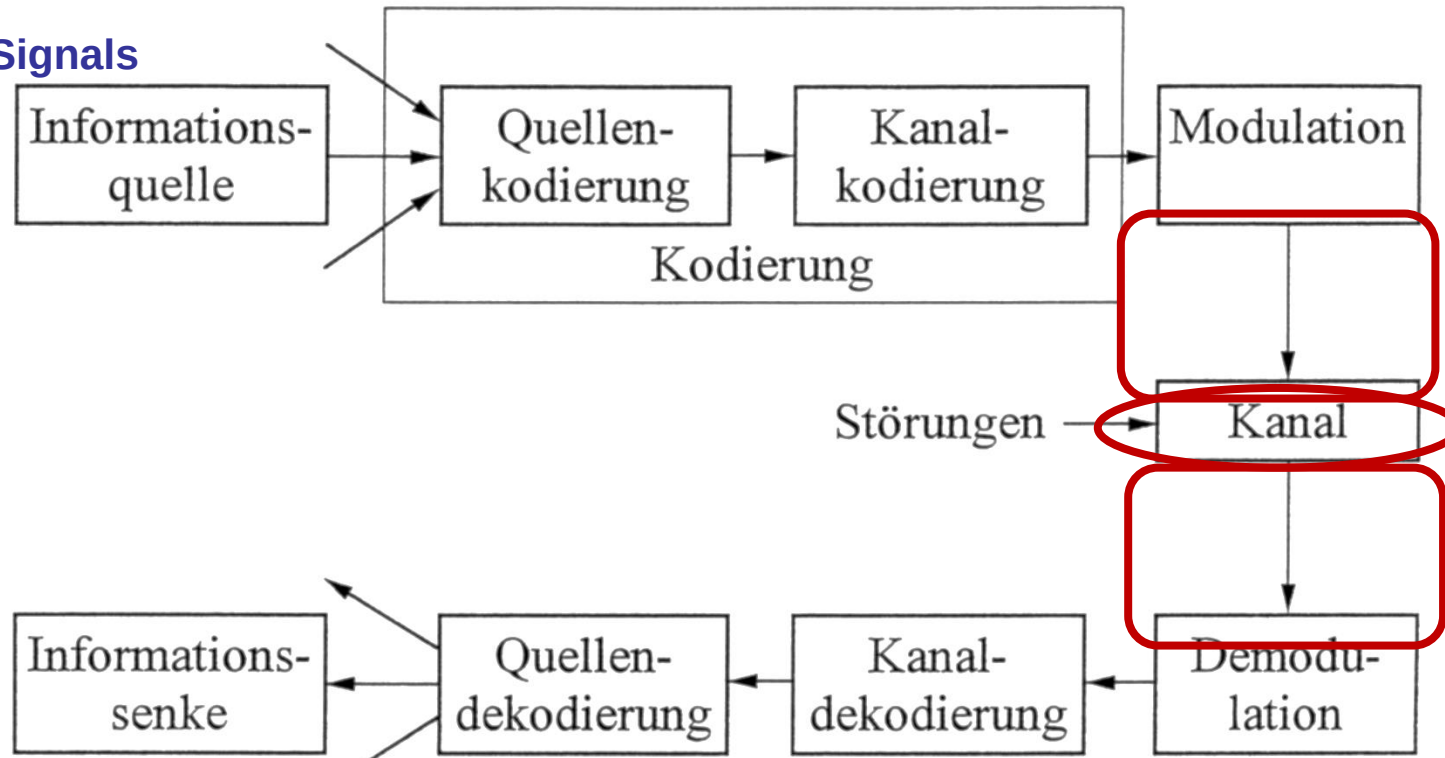
- 1) CV, Chair and Topics of University Research
- 2) Introduction - Modern Systems and ICT-based Goal Formulation
- 3) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Communication**
- 4) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing
- 5) Complex Research Example – Parking Project IDEA „Innovative Depot Automation“
- 6) Conclusion and Future Outlook



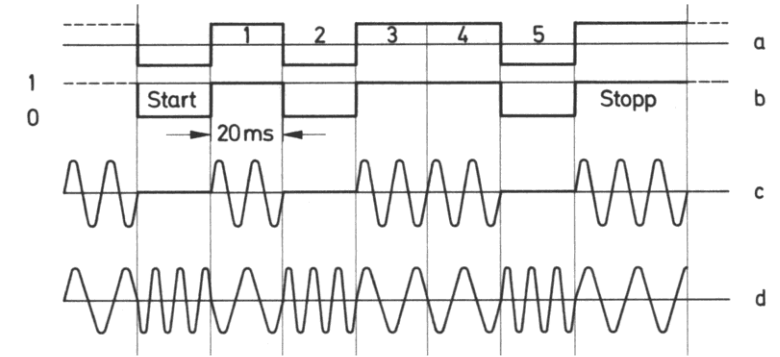
3 Information Technology Aspects im Context of Communication

B
e
g
i
n

Signals



E
n
d



(Transmitting)
Antenna



(Receiving)
Antenna



3 Information Technology Aspects / Shannon



Shannon Channel Capacity Theorem (1948)

$$C = B \cdot \text{ld} \left(1 + \frac{P_S}{P_N} \right)$$

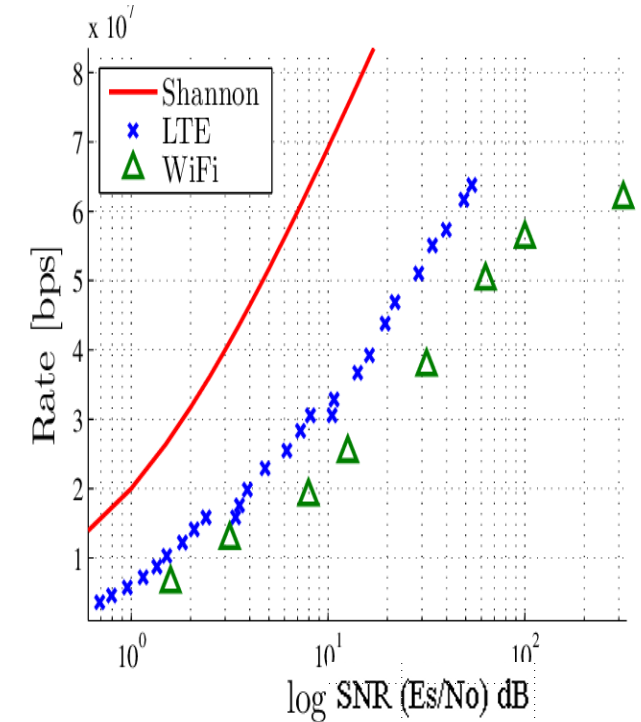
$$\text{ld}(x) = \frac{\lg(x)}{\lg 2} \quad \downarrow \quad \frac{P_S}{P_N} \gg 1$$

Bandwidth
B / [MHz]

Channel
capacity C
max. Data rate
[Mbit/s]

$$C \approx \frac{B}{3} \cdot \underbrace{10 \cdot \lg \left(\frac{P_S}{P_N} \right)}_{\text{SNR}_{dB}}$$

Signal-to-Noise
Ratio
SNR / [dB]



Quelle:
<https://www.researchgate.net>
/

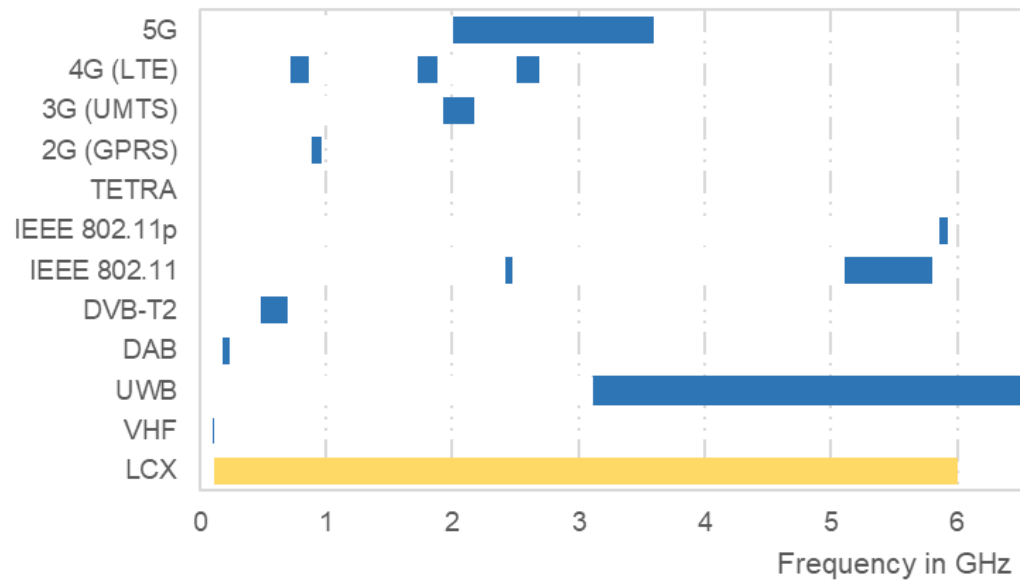
3 Information Technology Aspects / Optimization

$$C \approx \underbrace{\frac{B}{3} \cdot 10 \cdot \lg\left(\frac{P_S}{P_N}\right)}_{SNR_{dB}}$$

$$C \approx \underbrace{\frac{B}{3} \cdot 10 \cdot \lg\left(\frac{P_S}{P_N}\right)}_{SNR_{dB}}$$

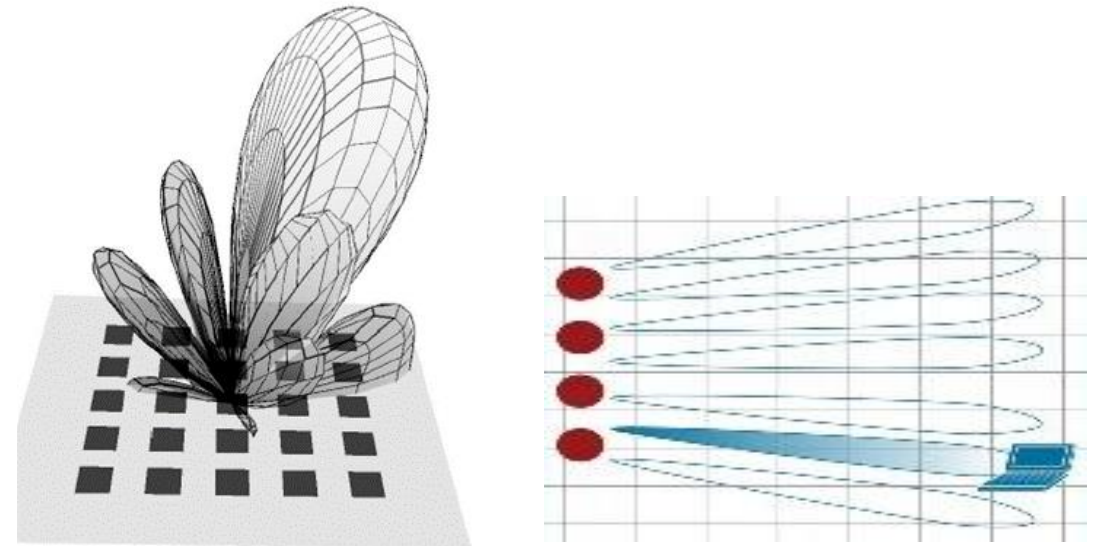
$C \uparrow = \text{Bandwith } B \uparrow / \text{UWB, mmWave, VLC}$

$C \uparrow$ with **Link-Aggregation / Channel bundling**



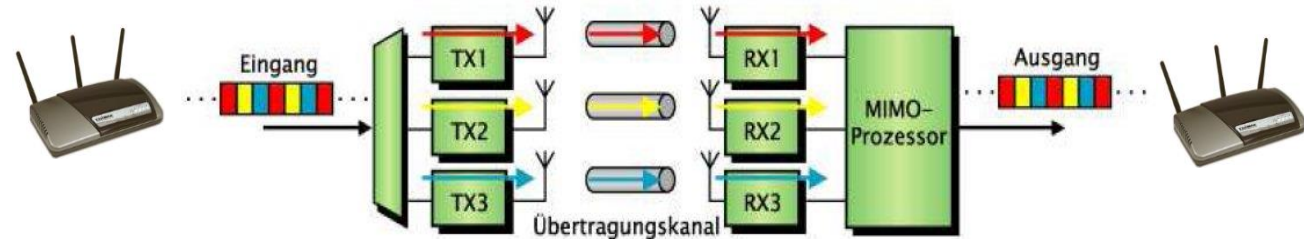
$C \uparrow = \text{SNR} \uparrow \text{ Technology} / \text{UWB, mmWave, VLC}$

$C \uparrow$ with **Beamforming / Link-Focusing**



3 Information Technology Aspects / Optimization (1 + 2)

$$C \approx \frac{B}{3} \cdot \underbrace{10 \cdot \lg\left(\frac{P_S}{P_N}\right)}_{SNR_{dB}}$$

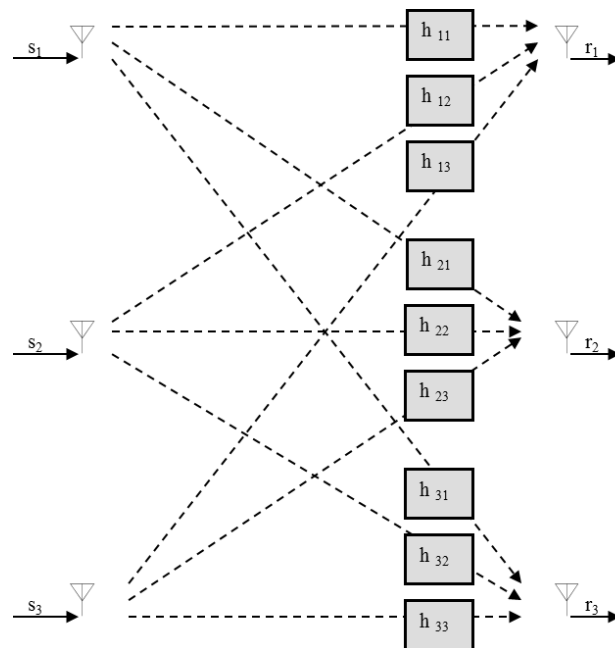


$C \uparrow$ with **MIMO** (Multiple Input Multiple Output)

$$C = B \cdot \lg\left(1 + \frac{P_S}{P_N}\right)$$

$$C = B \cdot \lg\left(1 + \frac{P_S}{P_N}\right)$$

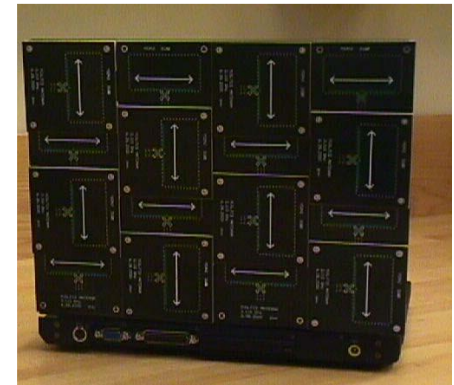
$$C = B \cdot \lg\left(1 + \frac{P_S}{P_N}\right)$$



$$\underline{r} = \begin{bmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} & h_{13} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} & h_{23} \\ h_{31} & h_{32} & h_{33} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \underline{s} = \underline{H} \cdot \underline{s}$$

Bed.: non-singular
or invertible matrix

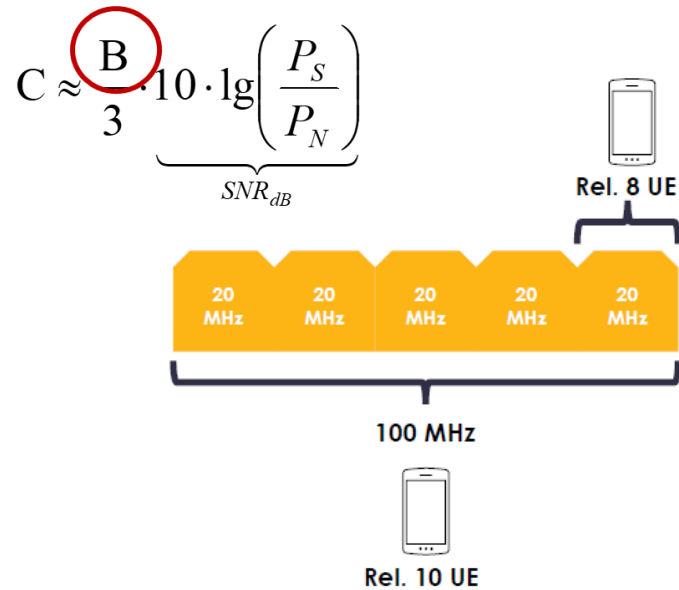
$$C_{\text{MIMO}} = 3 \times C_{\text{Single}}$$



3 Information Technology Aspects / 5G

• Key features of 5G (NR - New Radio)

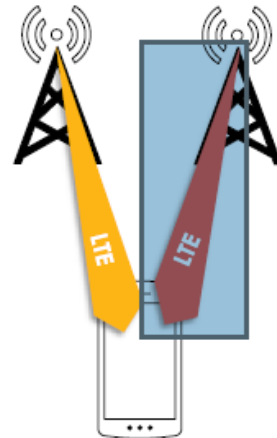
- Higher data rates - up to 20Gbit/s per user
- Significantly larger network capacity Network slicing
- Extremely low latency
- Better energy efficiency



$$C \approx \frac{B}{3} \cdot 10 \cdot \lg \left(\frac{P_S}{P_N} \right)$$

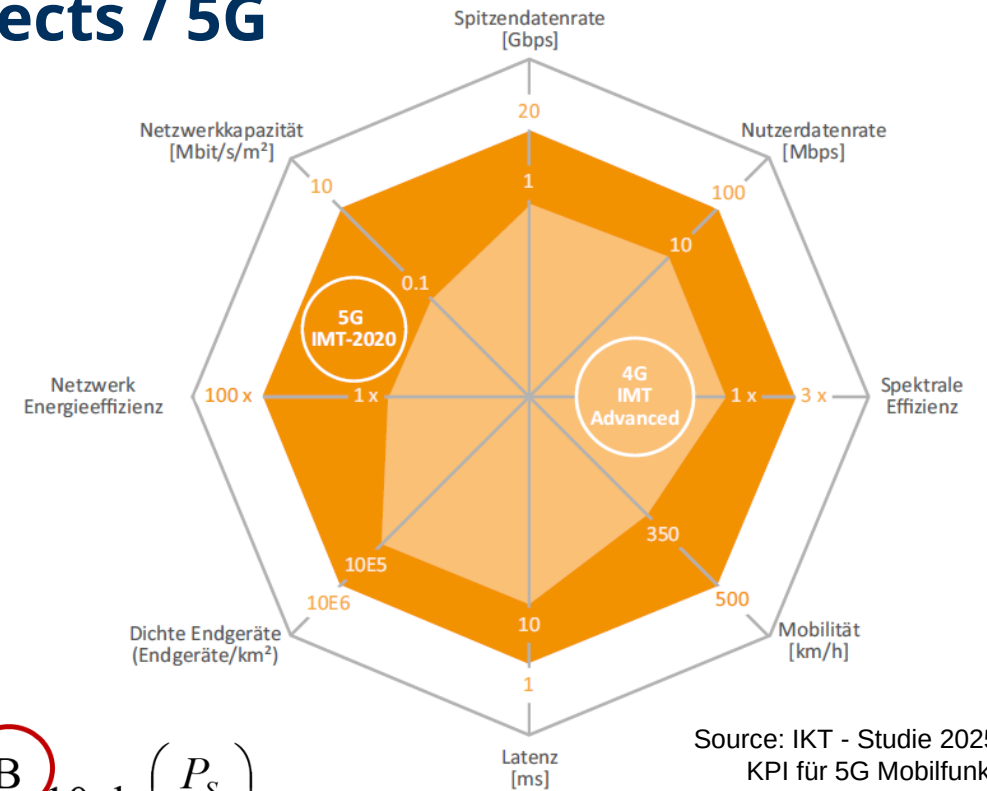
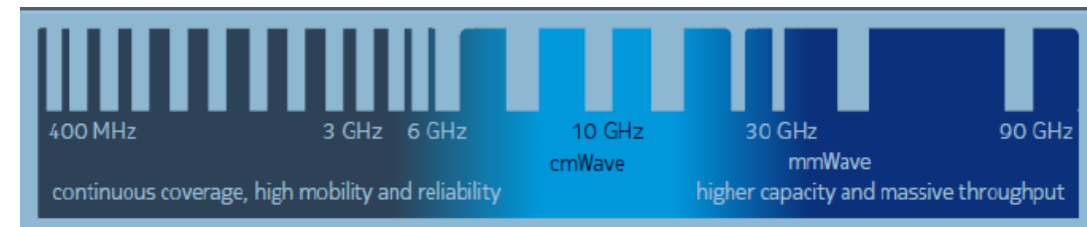
SNR_{dB}

Licensed + Unlicensed



$$C \approx \frac{B}{3} \cdot 10 \cdot \lg \left(\frac{P_S}{P_N} \right)$$

SNR_{dB}



Source: IKT - Studie 2025 / KPI für 5G Mobilfunk – Vergleich mit LTE

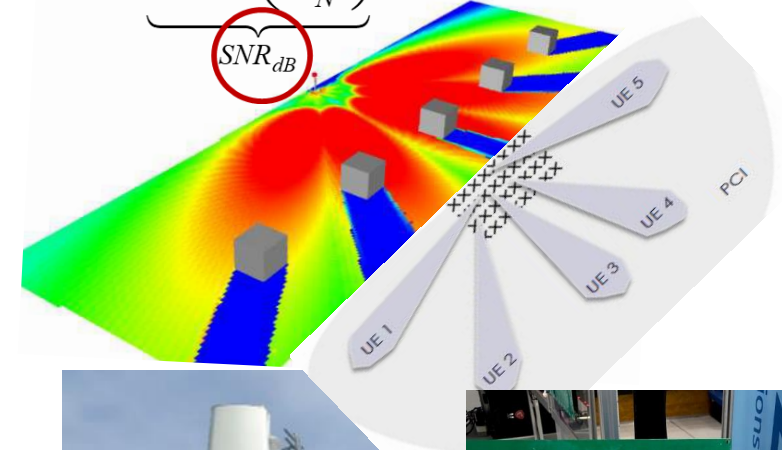
3 Information Technology Aspects / 5G (2)

Antenna-side innovations – Principles



$$C \approx \frac{B}{3} \cdot \underbrace{10 \cdot \lg \left(\frac{P_S}{P_N} \right)}_{SNR_{dB}}$$

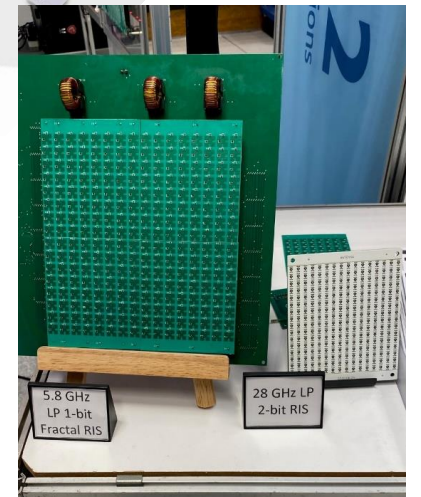
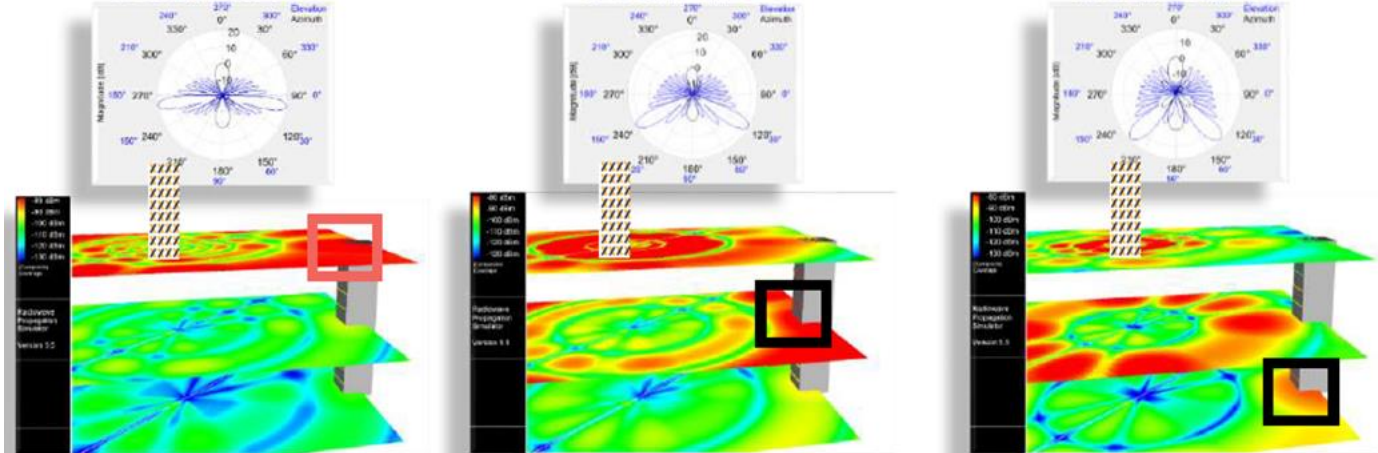
$$C \approx \frac{B}{3} \cdot \underbrace{10 \cdot \lg \left(\frac{P_S}{P_N} \right)}_{SNR_{dB}}$$



Hotspot at 50 m
beam at 10°

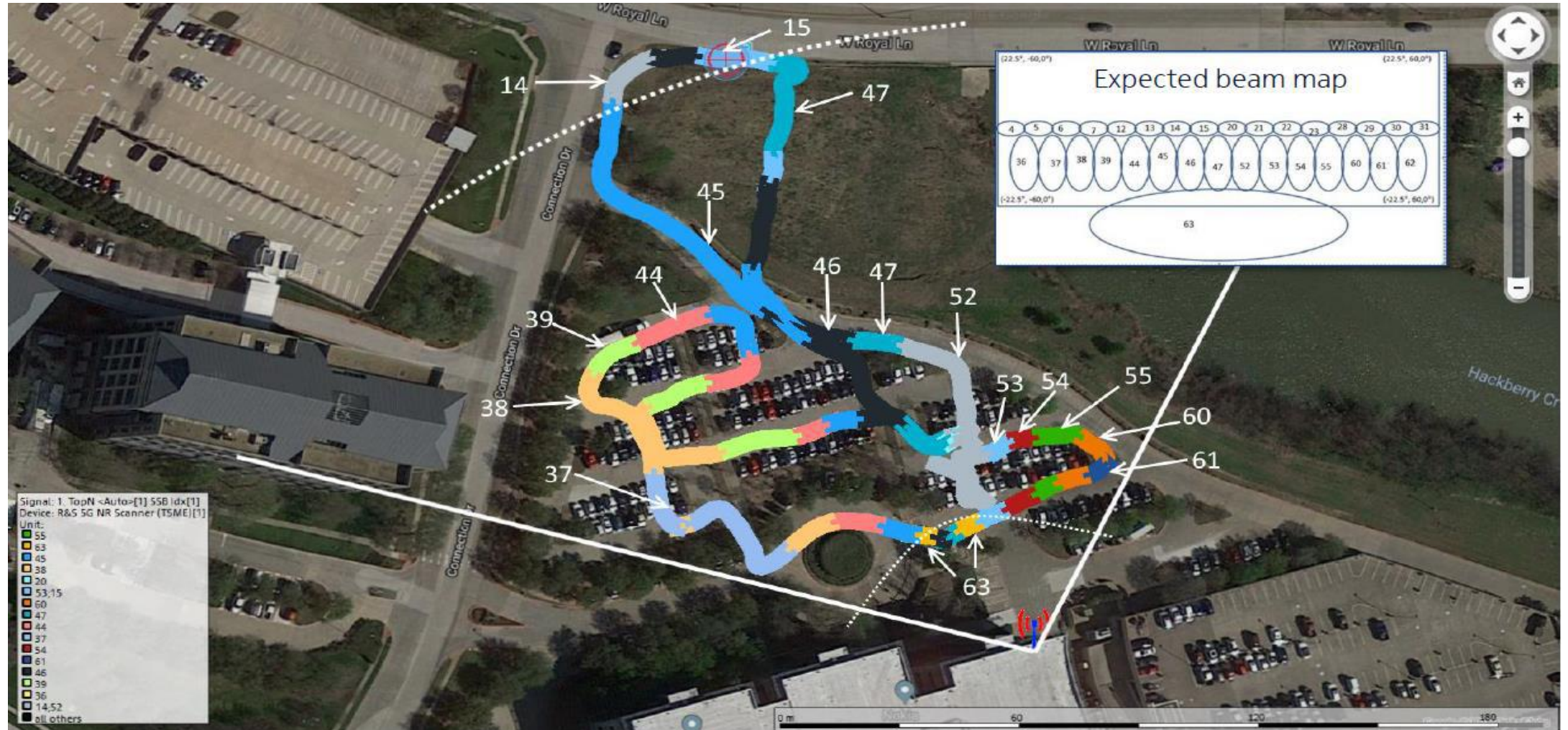
Hotspot at 25 m
beam at 30°

Hotspot at 1 m
beam at 45°



3 Information Technology Aspects / 5G (3)

- Antenna-side innovations - Field test results

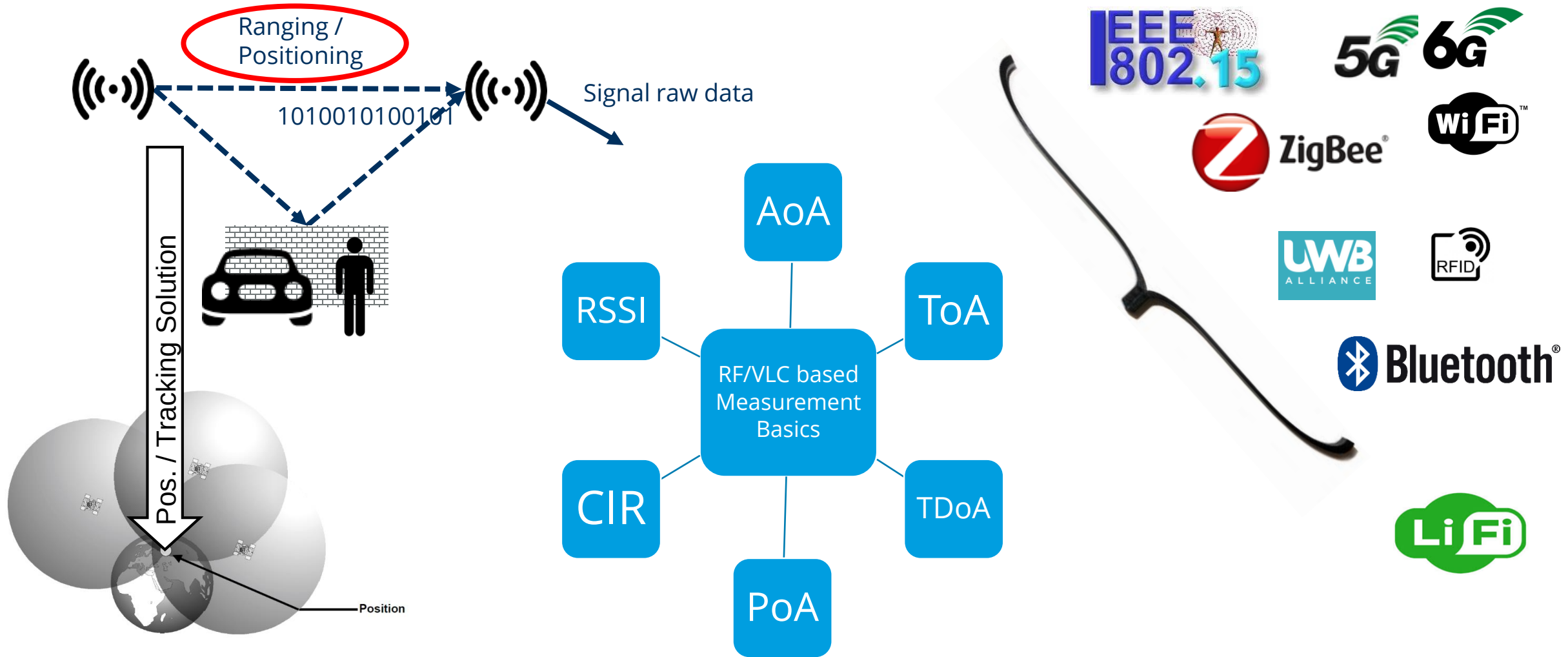


Agenda

- 1) CV, Chair and Topics of University Research
- 2) Introduction - Modern Systems and ICT-based Goal Formulation
- 3) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Communication
- 4) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing**
- 5) Complex Research Example – Parking Project IDEA „Innovative Depot Automation“
- 6) Conclusion and Future Outlook

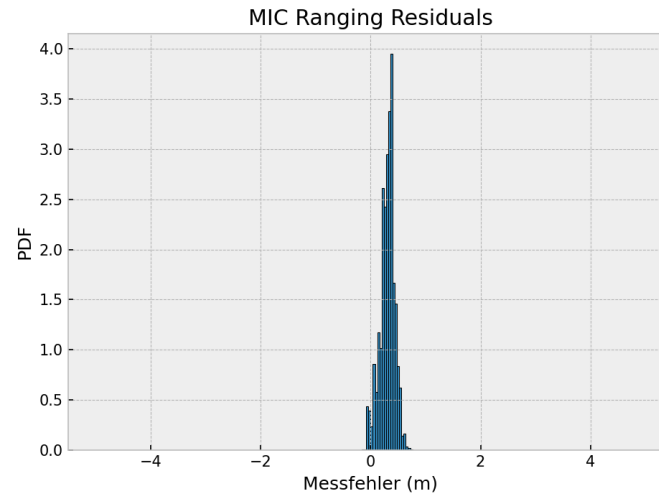
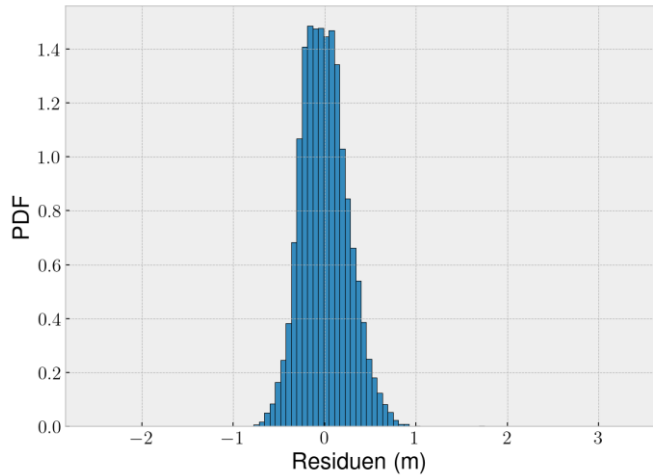
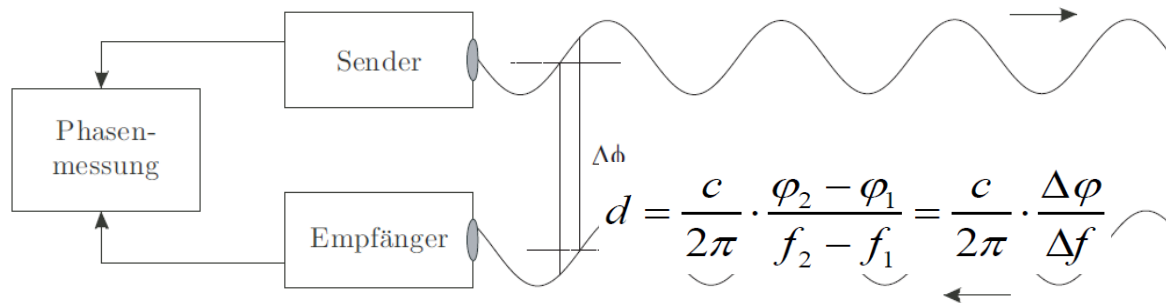


4 Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing

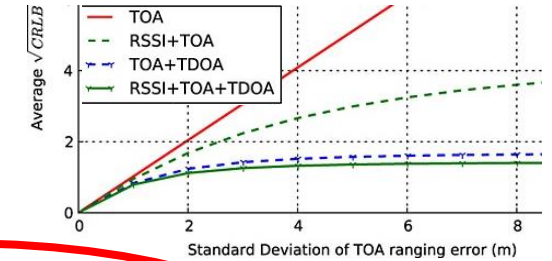
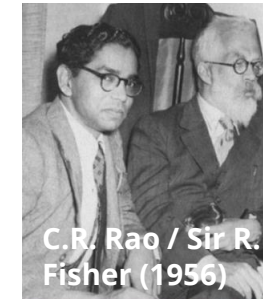


4 Information Technology Aspects / CRL-Bound

e.g.
Phase



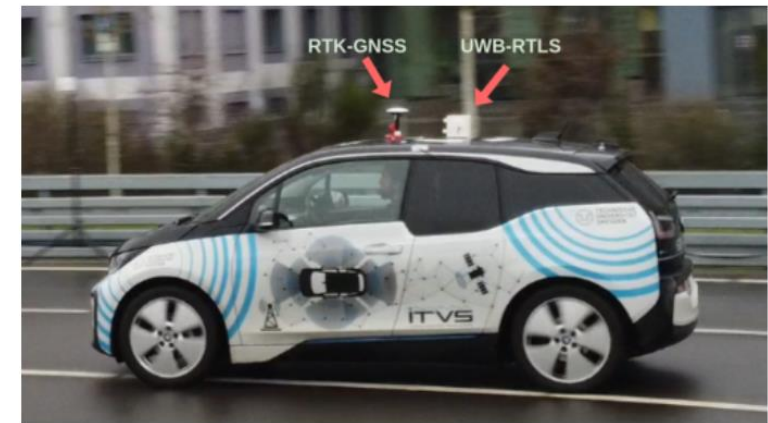
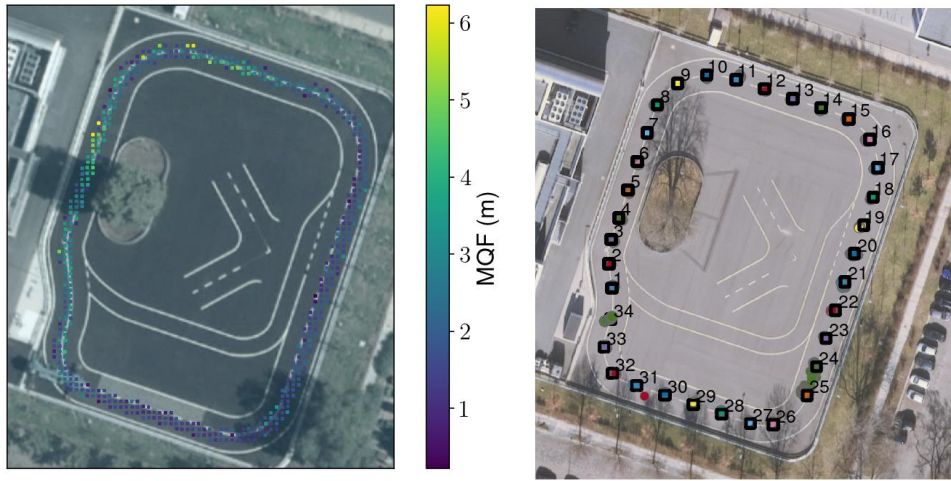
Cramer Rao Lower (Fisher) Bound (1945/46)



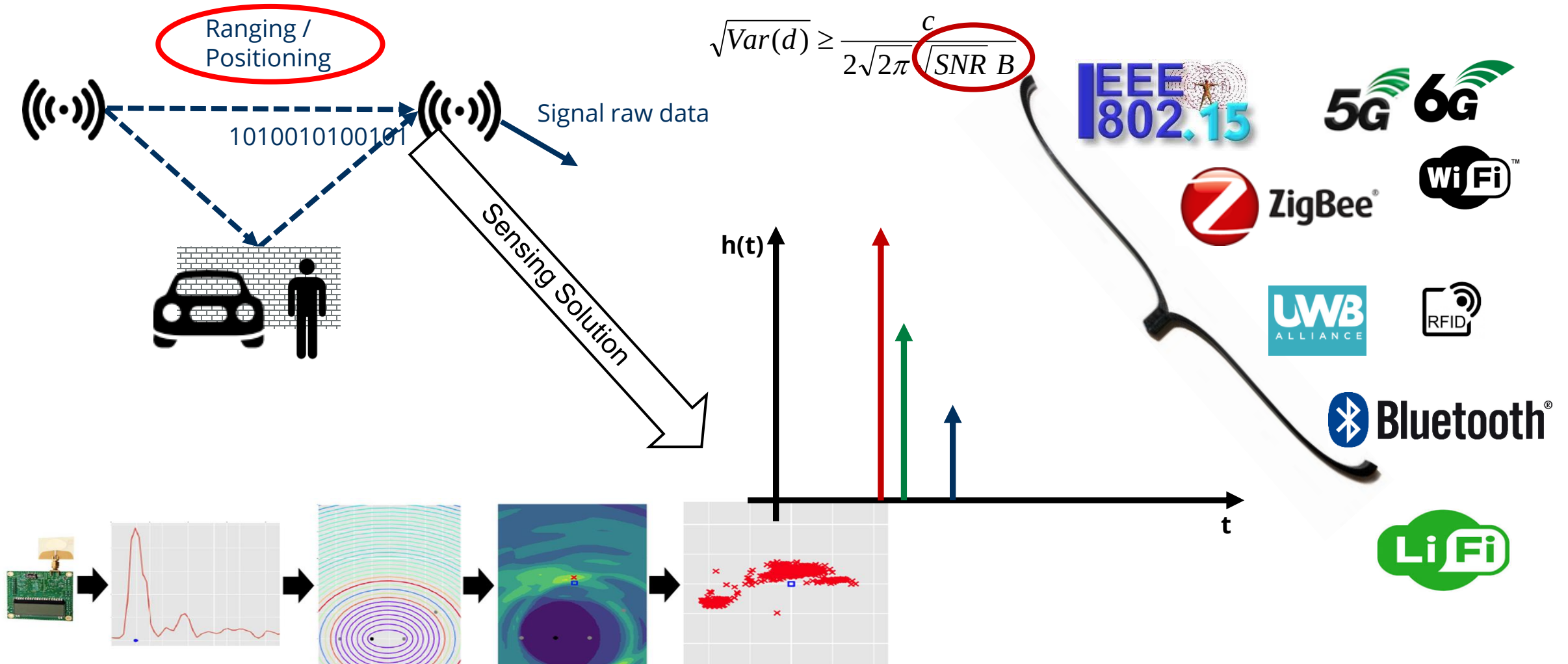
$$\sqrt{\text{Var}(d)} \geq \frac{c}{2\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{\text{SNR}} B}$$

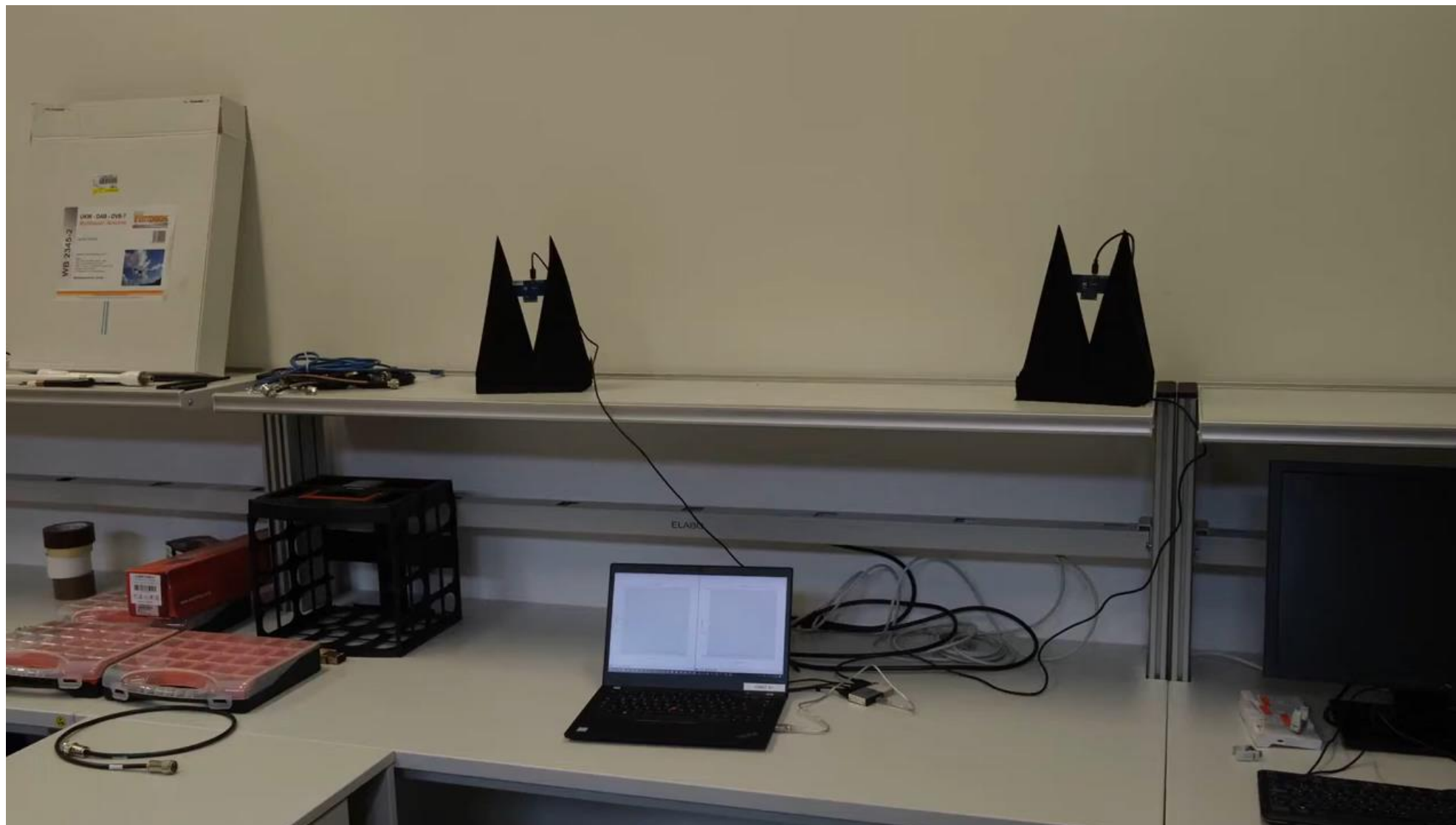
Signal-to-Noise Ratio
SNR

Bandwidth
B



4 Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing

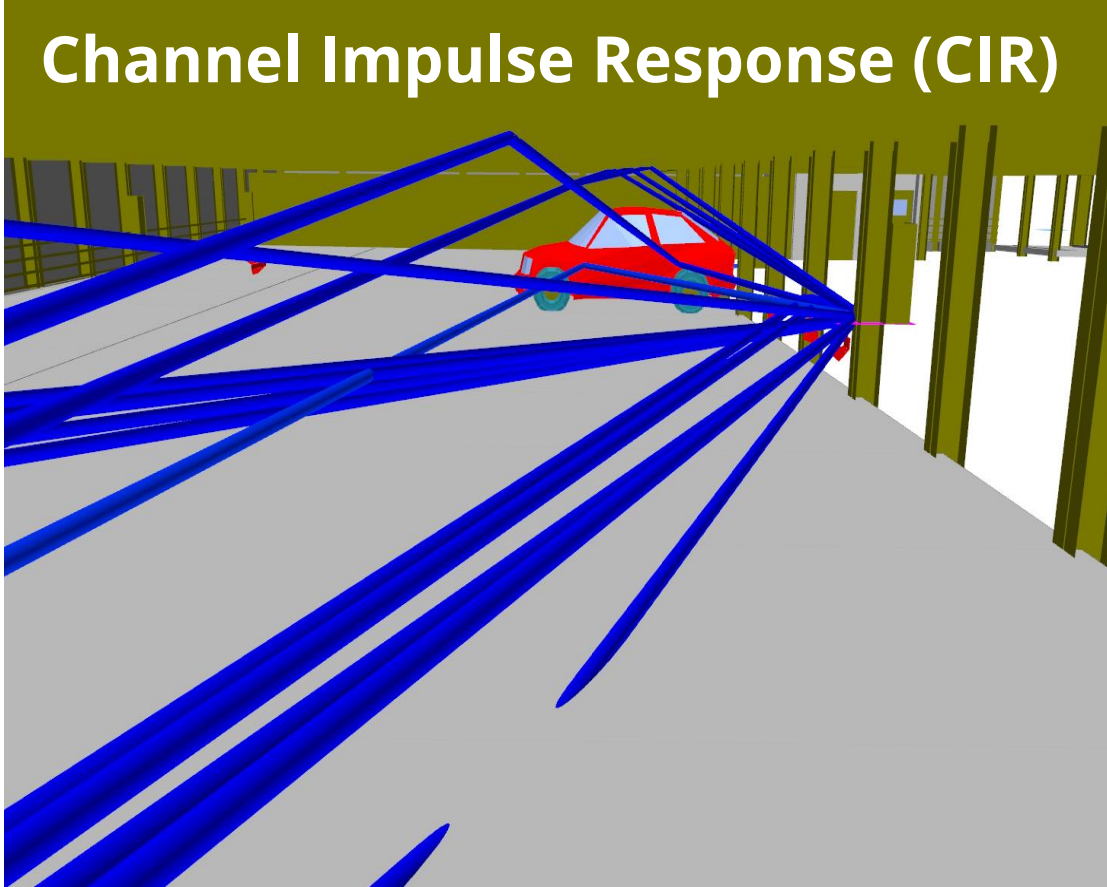




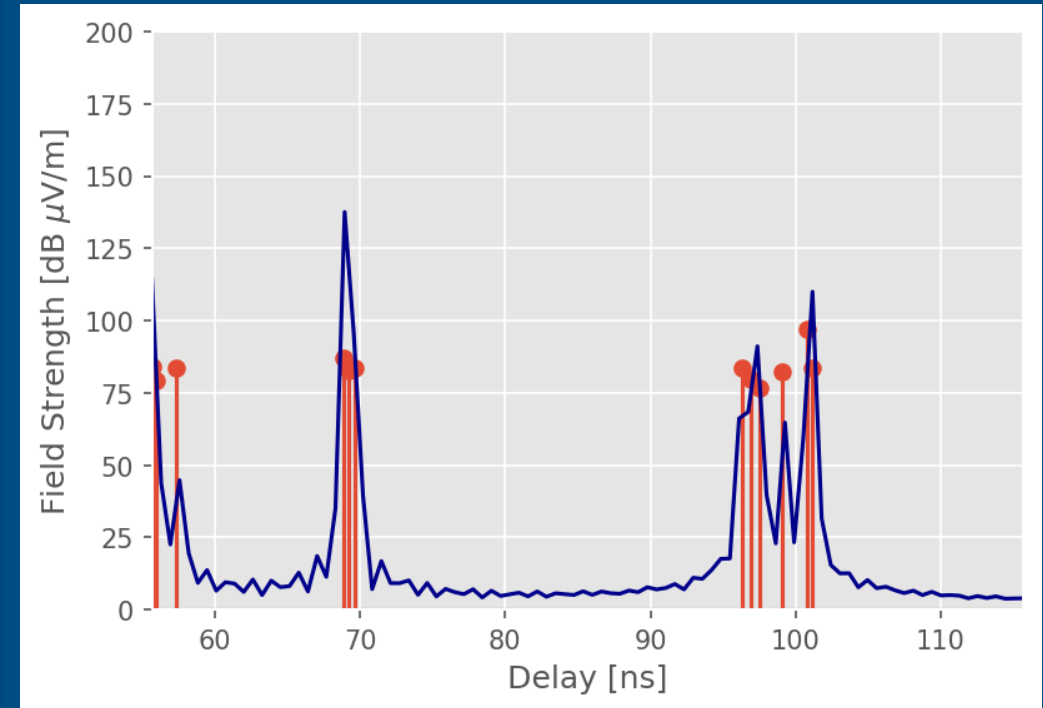
4 Approach for Multipath-assisted Radio Sensing

Example: Radio Sensing for Smart Parking Systems (2)

Channel Impulse Response (CIR)

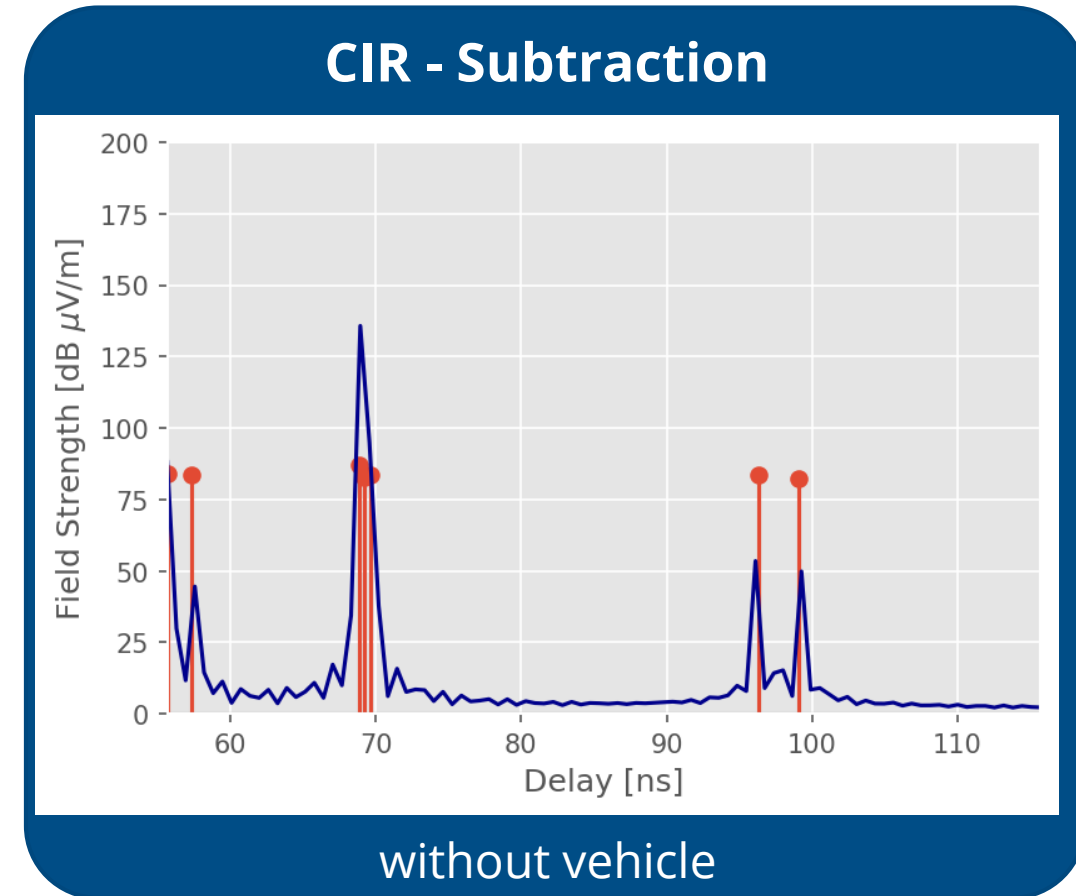
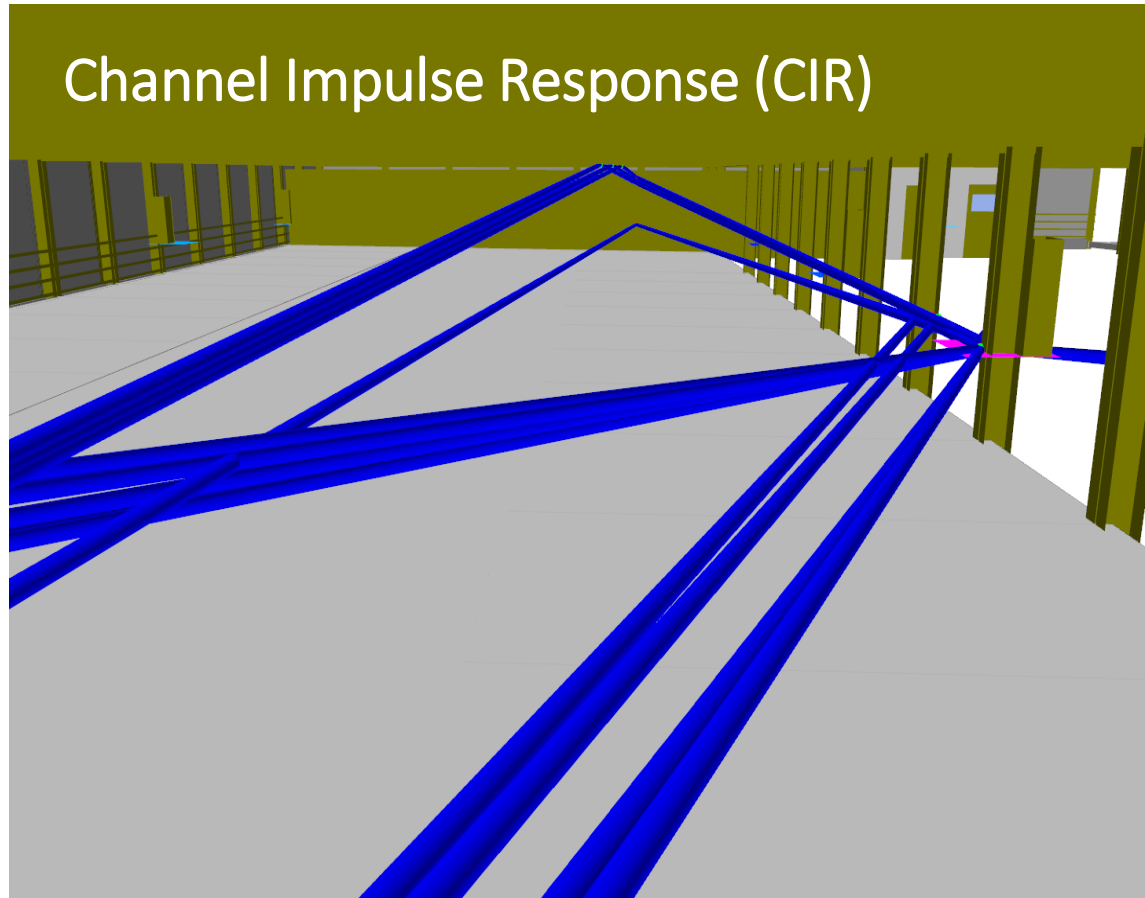


CIR - Subtraction



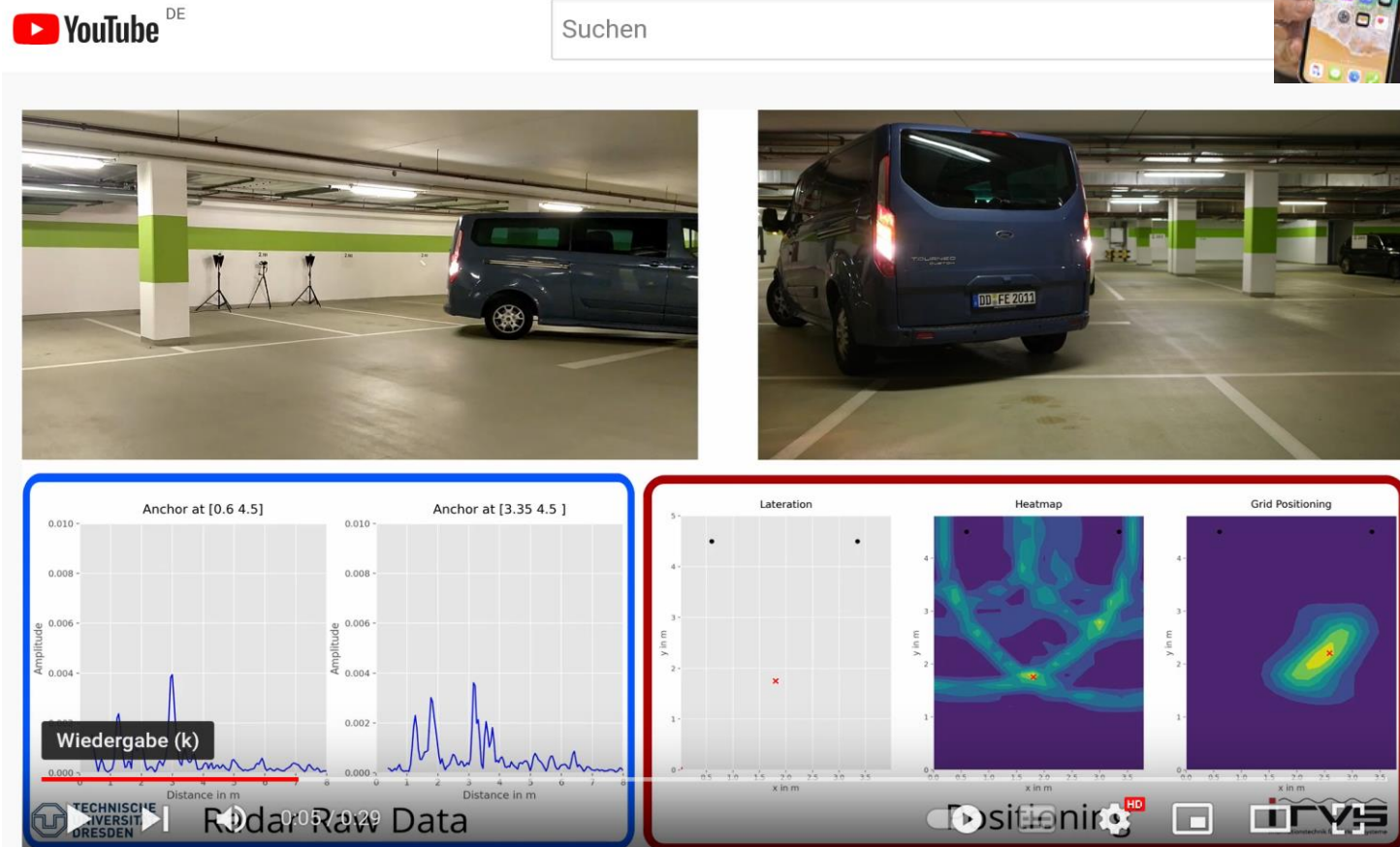
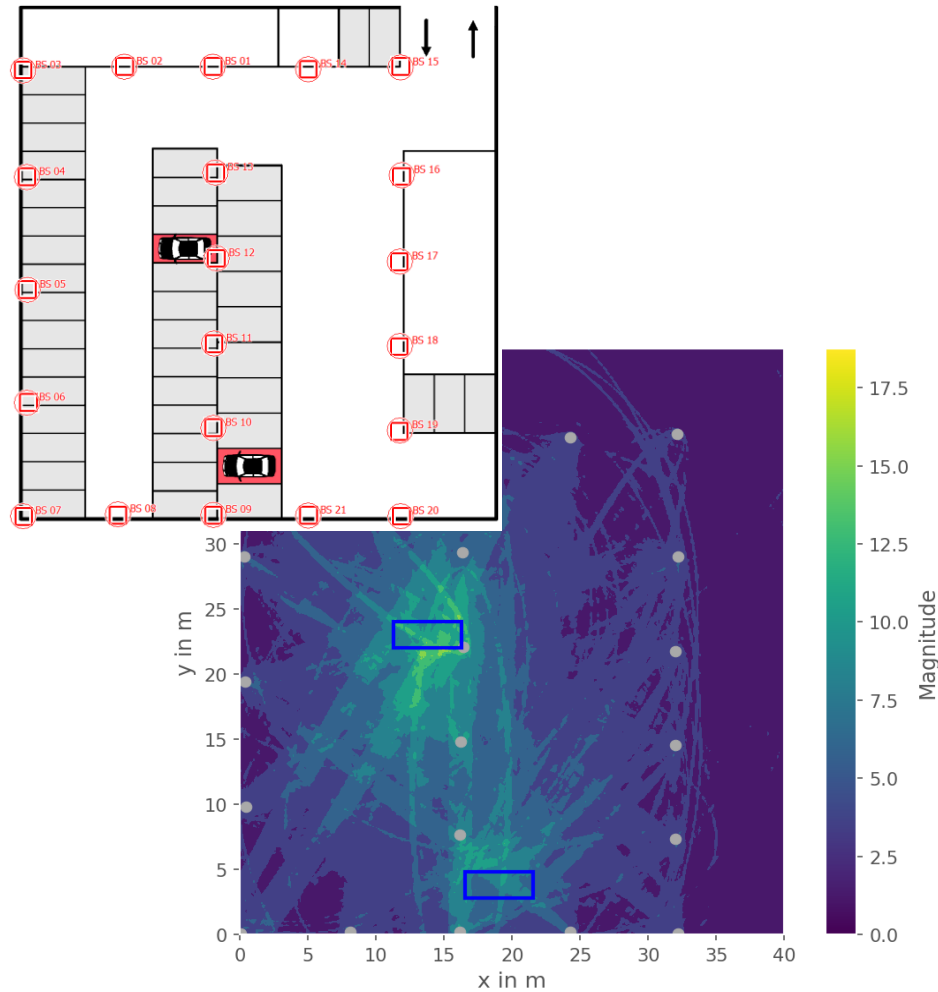
with vehicle

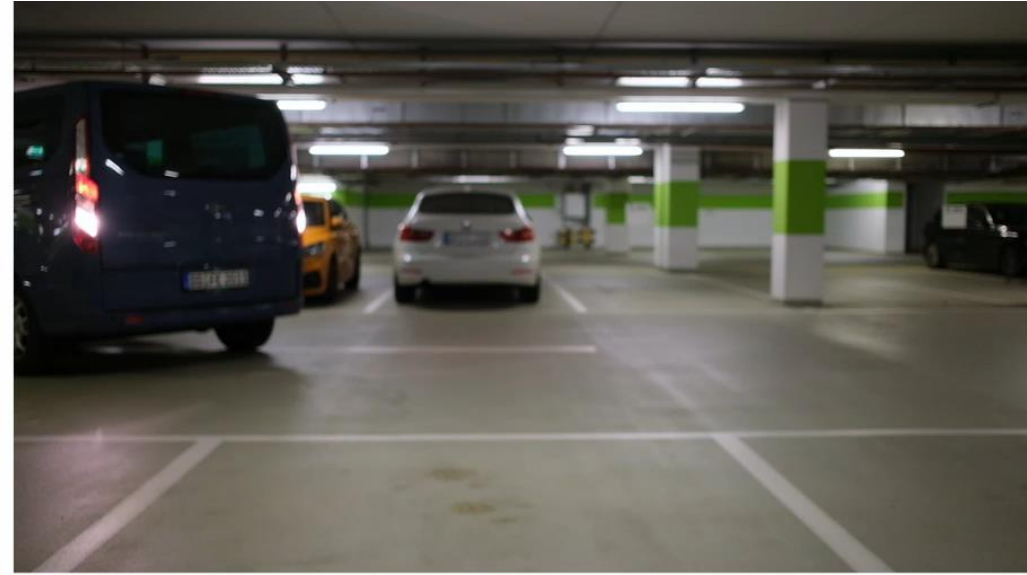
4 Approach for Multipath-assisted Radio Sensing



4 Approach for Multipath-assisted Radio Sensing

Example: Radio Sensing for Smart Parking Systems $\Rightarrow$ Result/Service





Parking Lot Occupancy Detection with UWB Radar

Agenda

- 1) CV, Chair and Topics of University Research
- 2) Introduction - Modern Systems and ICT-based Goal Formulation
- 3) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Communication
- 4) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing
- 5) **Complex Research Example – Parking Project IDEA „Innovative Depot Automation“**
- 6) Conclusion and Future Outlook



5 Complex Research Example – Project IDEA „Innovative Depot Automation“

Early stage evaluation

Lab
Environment

Anechoic
Chamber

Software-Defined
Radio

Statistical Channel
Models

Smart
Parking

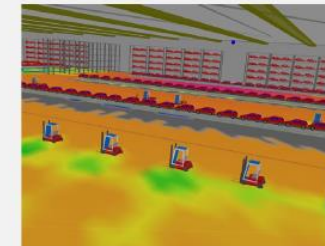
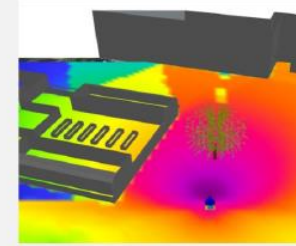
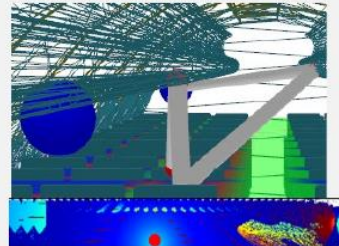
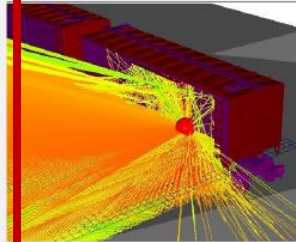
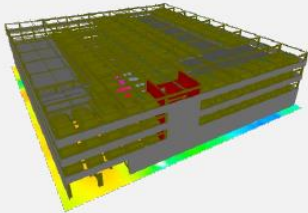
Intelligent Freight
Waggon

Connected
Cabins

Urban
UAVs

Industry
4.0

Radio Propagation Simulation



Scenario-based evaluation



Immersive Testbeds

5 Complex Research Example – Project IDEA / Overview

IDEA - Innovative Depot Automation



INNOVANT

INNOVATIVE
NETZTECHNOLOGIEN

Gefördert durch:



Bundesministerium
für Digitales
und Verkehr

aufgrund eines Beschlusses
des Deutschen Bundestages

idea
INNOVATIVE DEPOT AUTOMATION

MRK MANAGEMENT
CONSULTANTS

TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DRESDEN

ITVS

PSI

Project duration: 01.04.2023 - 31.12.2024 (21 months)

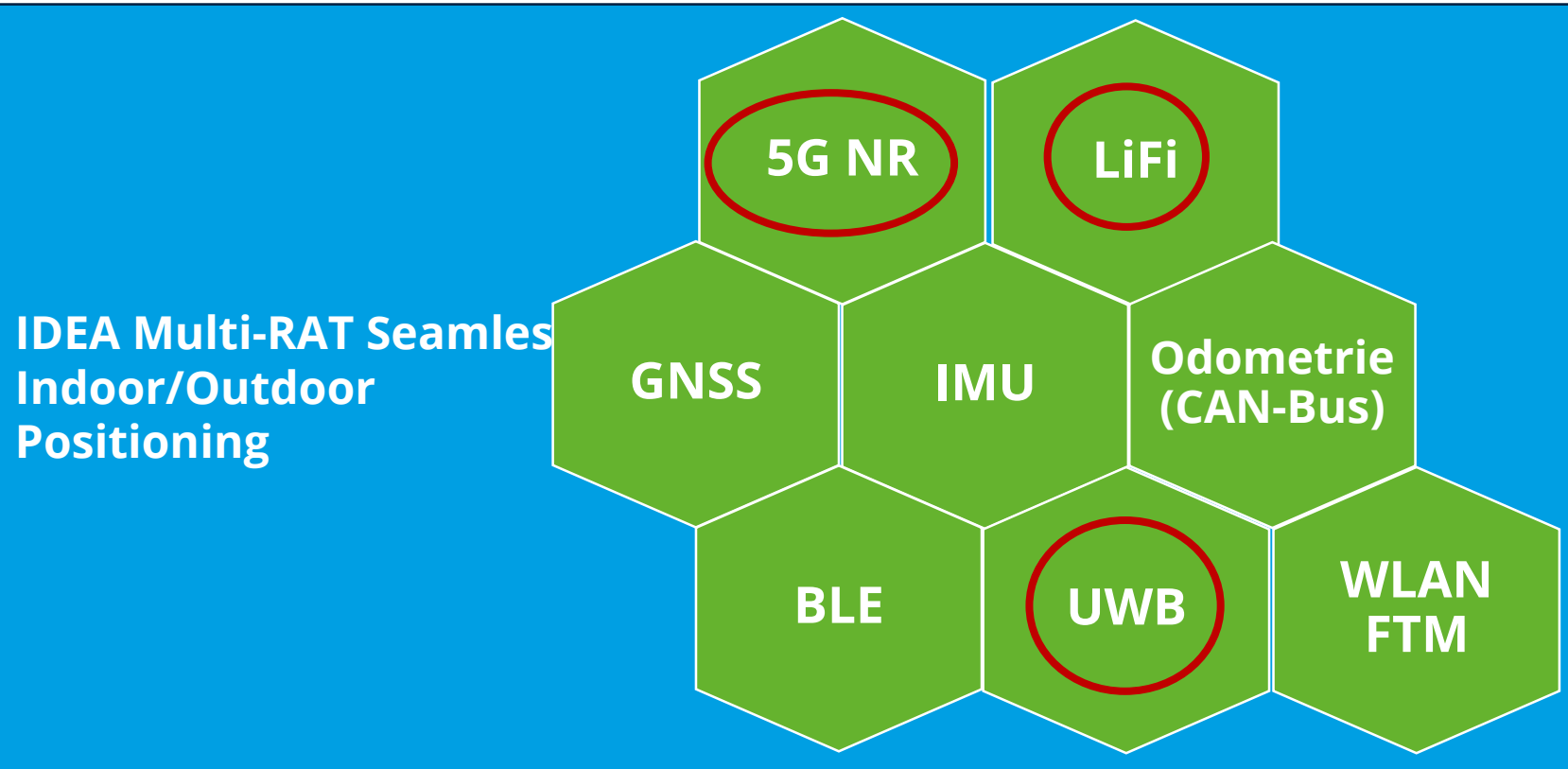
The **project IDEA aims** to research the automation of vehicle depots in transport companies by means of innovative, radio-based communication between autonomously moving vehicles and a depot management system via a 5G campus network, and to test and validate the solutions developed with real vehicles in a laboratory environment.

Grantor: TÜV Rheinland Consulting GmbH on behalf of the Federal Ministry for Digital and Transport (BMDV)

Funding call: Innovative Netztechnologien (InnoNT) of the Federal Ministry for Digital and Transport (BMDV)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jwH3PtqwblQ>

5 Complex Research Example – Project IDEA / Technologies



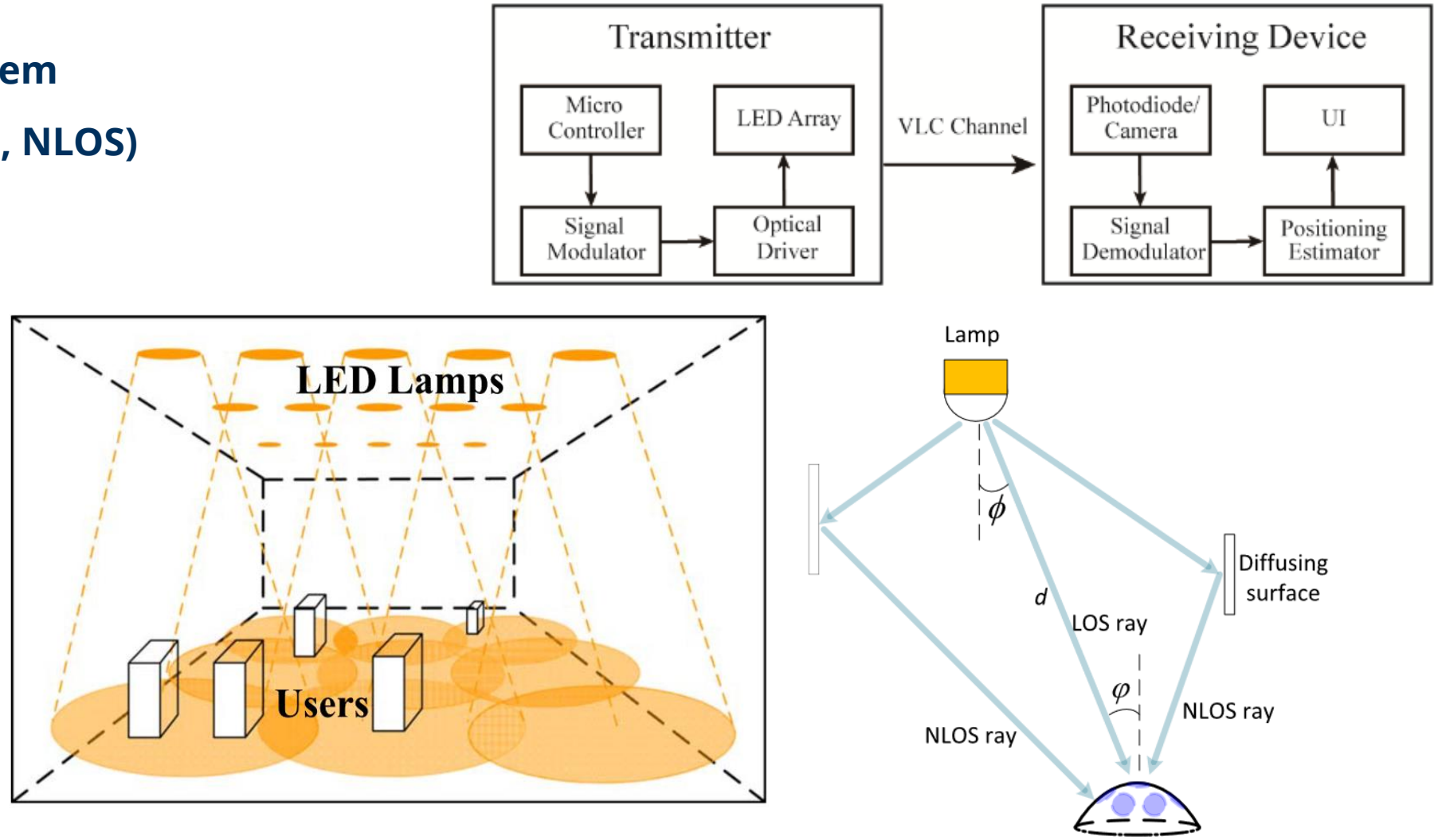
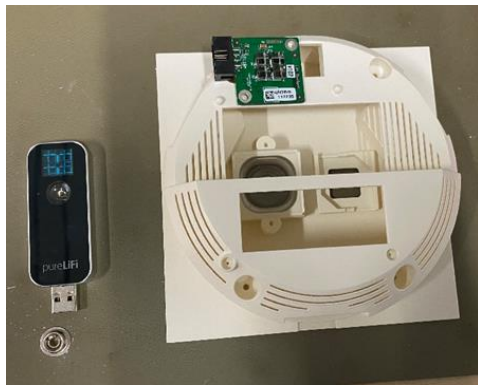
Advantages for positioning:

Increase in:

- Availability (physical)
- Redundancy
- Interoperability
- Accuracy
- Integrity

5 Complex Research Example – Project IDEA / VLC – LiFi Content

- **LiFi Positioning System**
- **Channel Model (LOS, NLOS)**
- **Ranging approaches**
 - RSS-based
 - TOA-based
- **Localization**

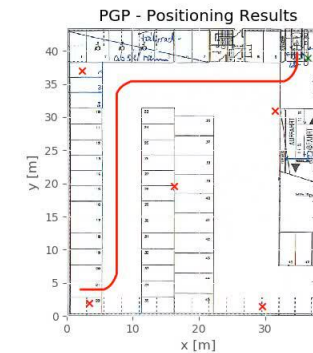


5 Complex Research Example – Project IDEA / Fieldtest-Area Torgau

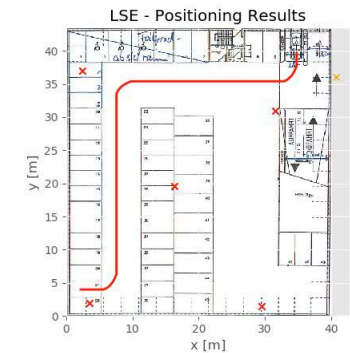
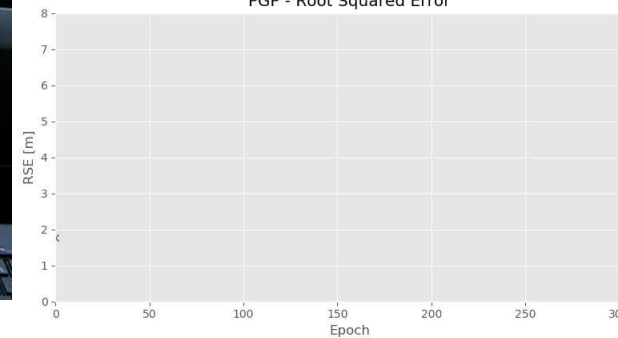


5 Complex Research Example – Project IDEA / Usable Expertice (1)

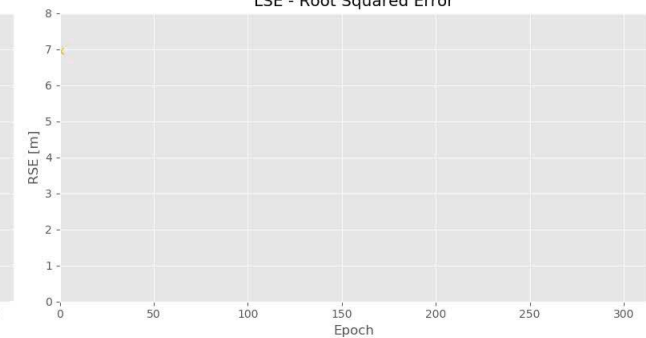
⇒ Autonomous Driving / Leading ⇒ Video:



PGP - Root Squared Error



LSE - Root Squared Error



5 Complex Research Example – Project IDEA / Usable Expertice (2)

⇒ Autonomous Driving / Leading + Parking ⇒ Video:

Smart Parking Demo

Agenda

- 1) CV, Chair and Topics of University Research
- 2) Introduction - Modern Systems and ICT-based Goal Formulation
- 3) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Communication
- 4) Information Technology Aspects im Context of Localization and Sensing
- 5) Complex Research Example – Parking Project IDEA „Innovative Depot Automation“
- 6) **Conclusion and Future Outlook**



6 Conclusion and future outlook

- Modern (and innovative) wireless ICT Technologies (e.g. UWB, 5G/6G/mmWave) will continue to play a fundamental role in the next generations Telematic Systems
- The scalable Communication, Positioning and Sensing Algorithm are strong Raw Data sensitive and principle adaptable to future Technologies
- The same principle will also apply (with high Potential) to the optical free-space communication sector VLC or LiFi
⇒ 3x VLC-Projects running

