



Emergent Software Service Platform and its Application in a Smart Mobility Setting

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Who I Am

- Short CV
 - 2013 – 2016: Bachelor of Science in Business Informatics at the University of Mannheim
 - 2016 – 2018: Master of Science in Business Informatics at the University of Mannheim
 - Since 2018: Researcher at the Institute for Enterprise Systems, University of Mannheim
- Research Interests
 - Goal Recognition
 - Plan Recognition
 - Artificial Intelligence



Motivation

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- One major characteristic of IoT environments is a high level of dynamism:
 - Available services/devices change constantly at runtime
 - Context information in the environment might change frequently
 - User needs and requirements might change in response to changes of the environment
- This is a major challenge for software systems, as they have to be able to change their behavior to adapt to dynamic changes in their environments
- Currently, these challenges are already addressed by Dynamic Adaptive Systems and Self-adaptive Systems

Emergent Software Service Platform: Required Capabilities

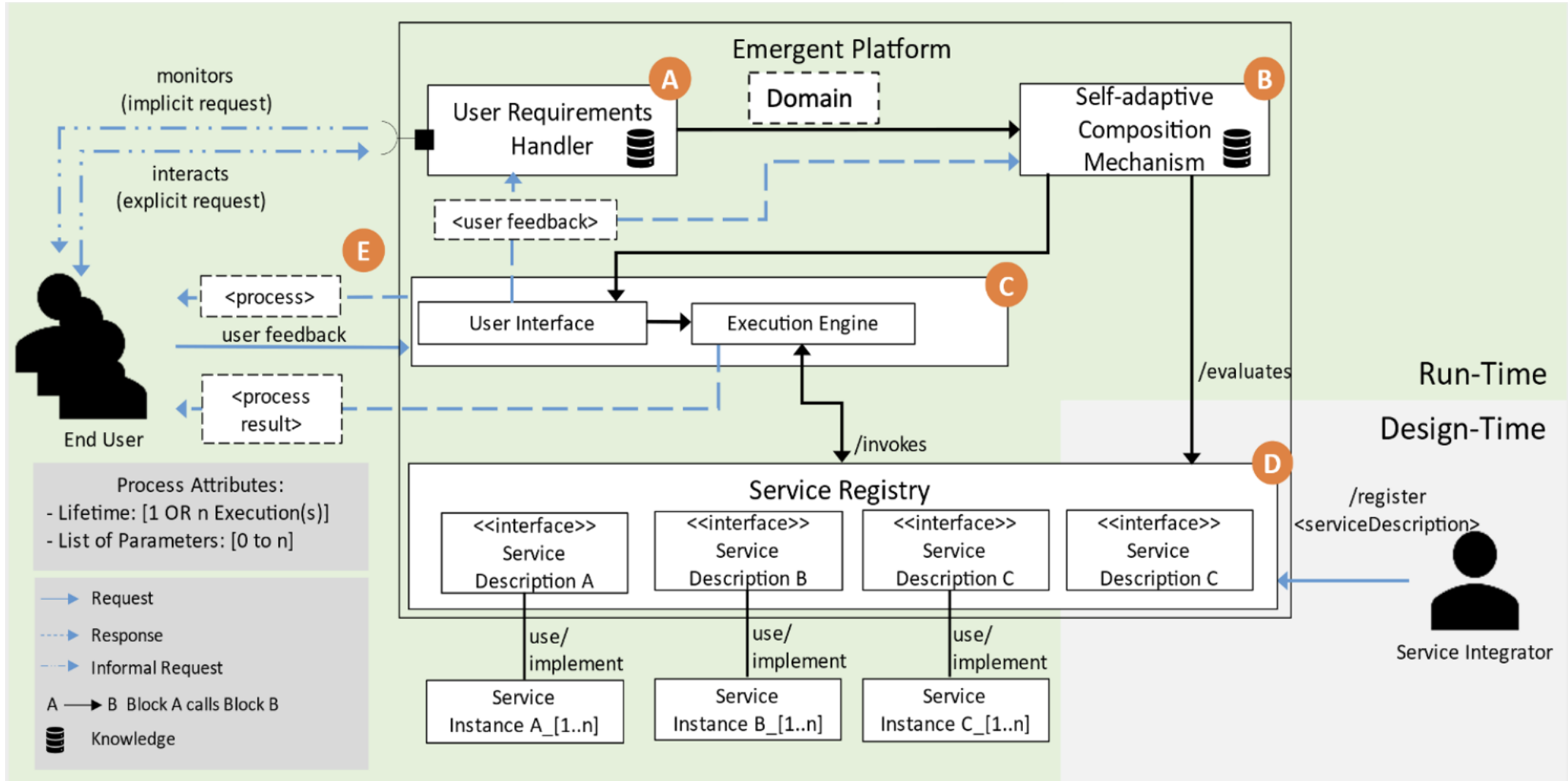
1. Automatic elicitation of user requirements at runtime.
2. Automatic composition of a software service, which meets the user requirements.
3. Automatic execution of a composed software service at runtime.
4. Providing the execution result to the platform user(s).



Emergent Software Service Platforms: Architecture

Emergent Software Platform: Definition

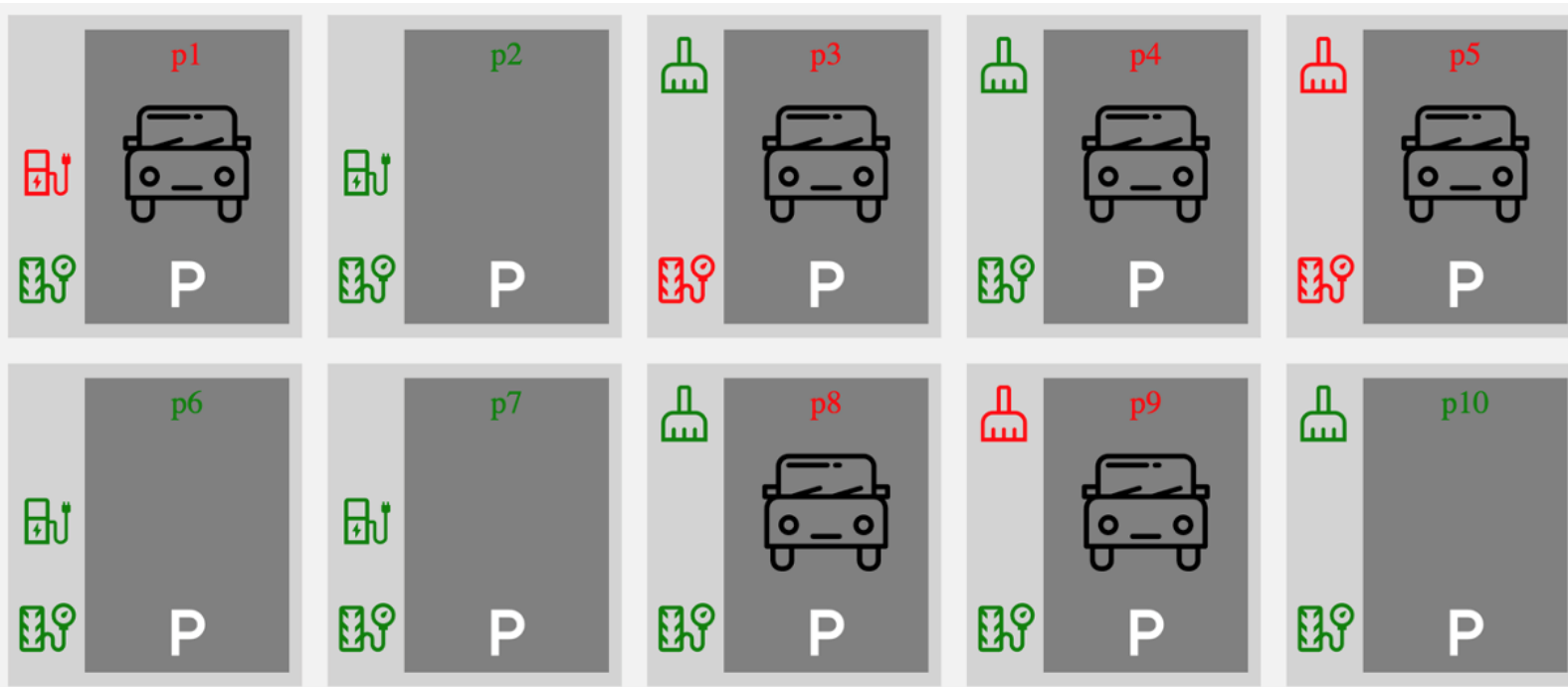
„A software platform is called emergent if it automatically and dynamically composes available components in response to a trigger event. The resulting behaviour of the platform is not predefined at design time and not anticipated by the individual components.“





Emergent Software Service Platform: Application to a Smart Mobility Setting

Application to a Smart Mobility Setting: Parking Lot UI



Request Configuration


 
 
 P
 


 
 
 P
 

Send Request

Add Request Line

Clear

Application to a Smart Mobility Setting: Formalized Internal Platform Communication

```
{ "environment": [  
  { "value": "", "type": "parkingid", "name": "p1" },  
  { "value": "", "type": "operatorid", "name": "b1" },  
  { "value": "", "type": "reservationnr", "name": "r1" },  
  { "value": "", "type": "maxparkingtime", "name": "m1" },  
  { "value": "", "type": "bookedservice", "name": "g1" } ],  
  "init": [],  
  "goal": "(and (tirepressurecheck r1)  
  (bookeparking p1 r1 m1)  
  (navigation p1))" }
```

Application to a Smart Mobility Setting: Formalized Internal Platform Communication

```
{ "composition": [  
  { "name": "get_parking -e- available",  
    "params": ["p1", "b1"] },  
  { "name": "post_book -parking -e", "params":  
    ["p1", "r1", "b1", "m1"] },  
  { "name": "book -tirepressurecheck",  
    "params": ["p1", "m1", "r1"] },  
  { "name": "get_parking -navigation -parkingid",  
    "params": ["p1"] } ],  
  "environment": [  
    { "value": "", "type": "parkingid", "name": "p1" },  
    { "value": "", "type": "operatorid", "name": "b1" },  
    { "value": "", "type": "reservationnr", "name": "r1" },  
    { "value": "", "type": "maxparkingtime", "name": "m1" },  
    { "value": "", "type": "bookedservice", "name": "g1" } ] }
```



Conclusion and Future Work

Conclusion and Future Work

- A prototypical implementation of the presented architecture is able to automatically elicit user requirements from an explicit request
- Automatic composition and execution of a software service is possible as an answer to recognized user requirements
- One limitation is that the considered use case is rather small.

Questions

Thank you for your attention!

Do you have any questions?

**For follow up questions you can contact me at any time
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