Towards a Hybrid Cloud & Edge Orchestrator for Mining Exascale Distributed Streams

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Short Bio: Herodotos Herodotou







Data Intensive Computing Research Lab

Research Areas

- Large-scale data processing systems (e.g., MapReduce, Spark)
- Centralized and distributed database systems
- Cloud computing (compute, storage, and networking)
- Data-driven applications (maritime, tourism, social computing)

Research Team

- Supervise: 1 postdoc & 3 PhD students
- Co-supervise: 2 postdocs & 1 PhD student

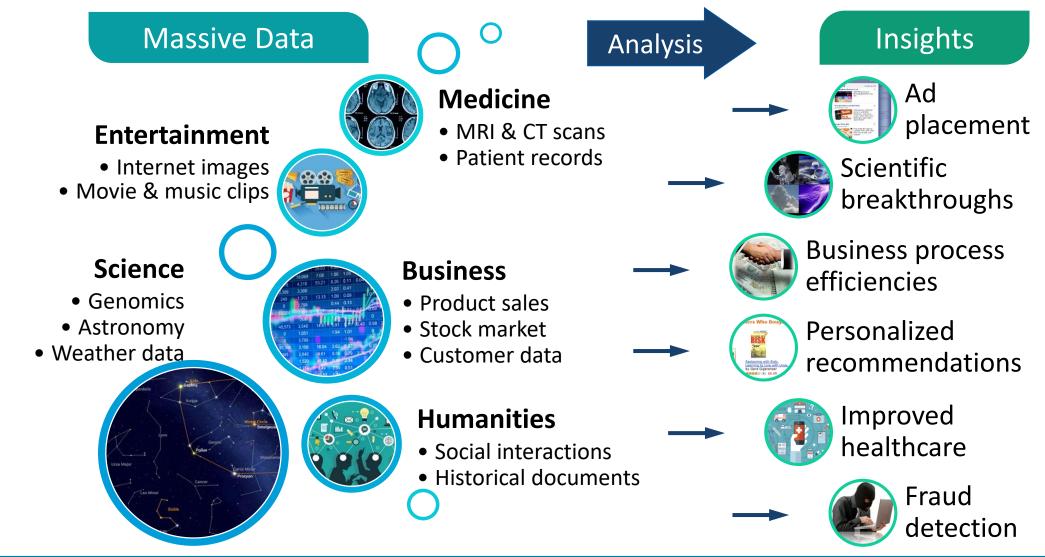


15-node local private cluster

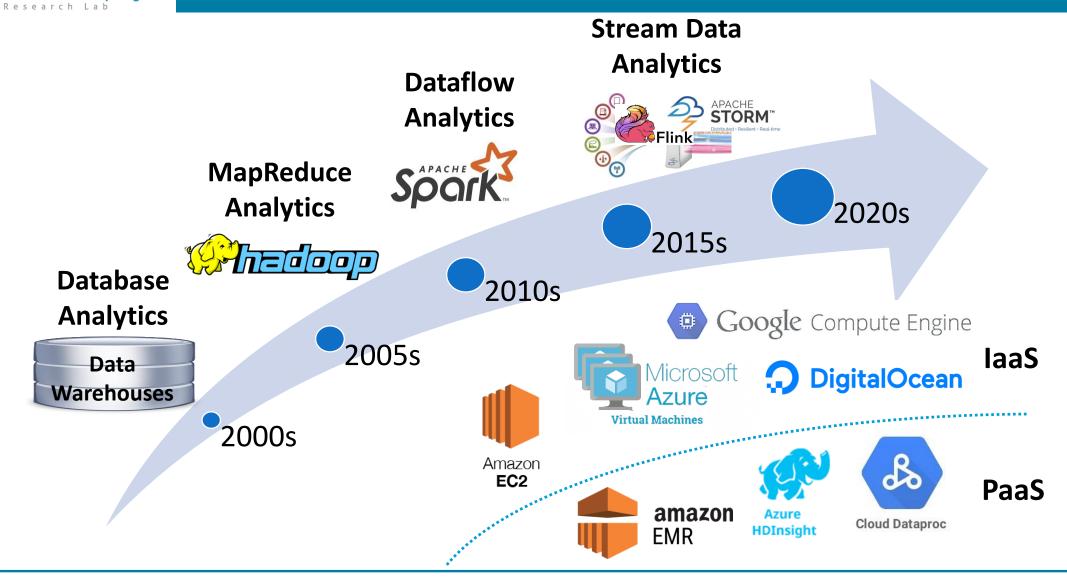




Our Data-driven World







Data Intensive Computing



Current Landscape



- 10s of billions of devices
- 4/5 Vs: Volume, Velocity, Variety, Veracity
- Need for data modeling to extract Value (5th V)

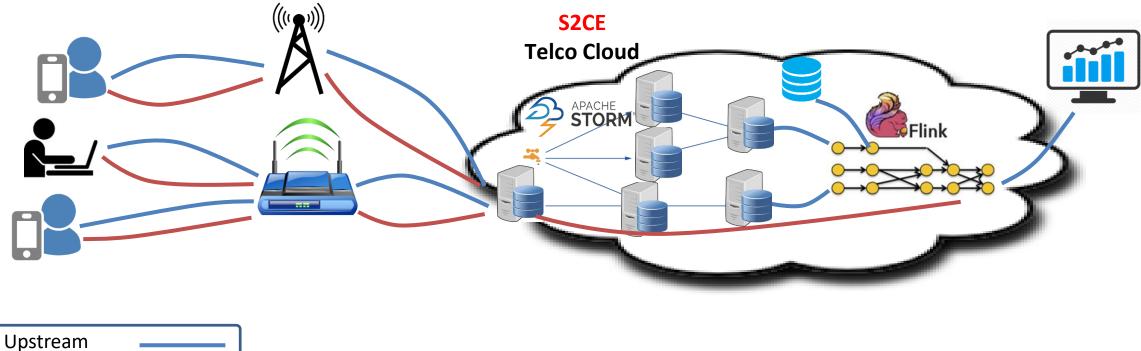
However

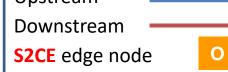
- Cloud heterogeneity & management overhead
- Vendor lock-in
- 4Vs already stress current, non-scalable infra

S2CE: Stream AI + Cloud + Edge



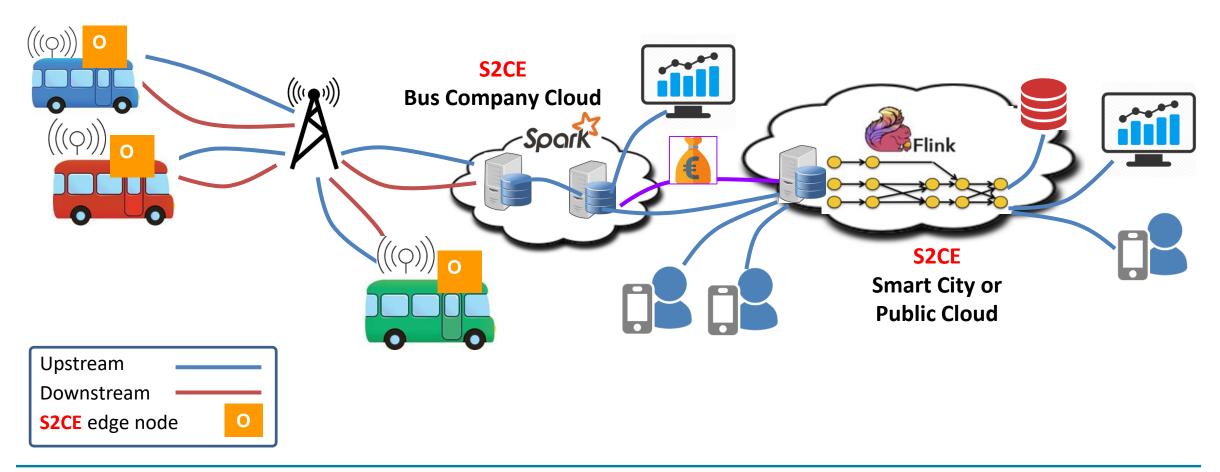
Motivational Scenario 1: Telco Cloud







Motivational Scenario 2: Smart Bus & City





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State of the Art

Big data stream processing systems

Cloud resource management and tuning

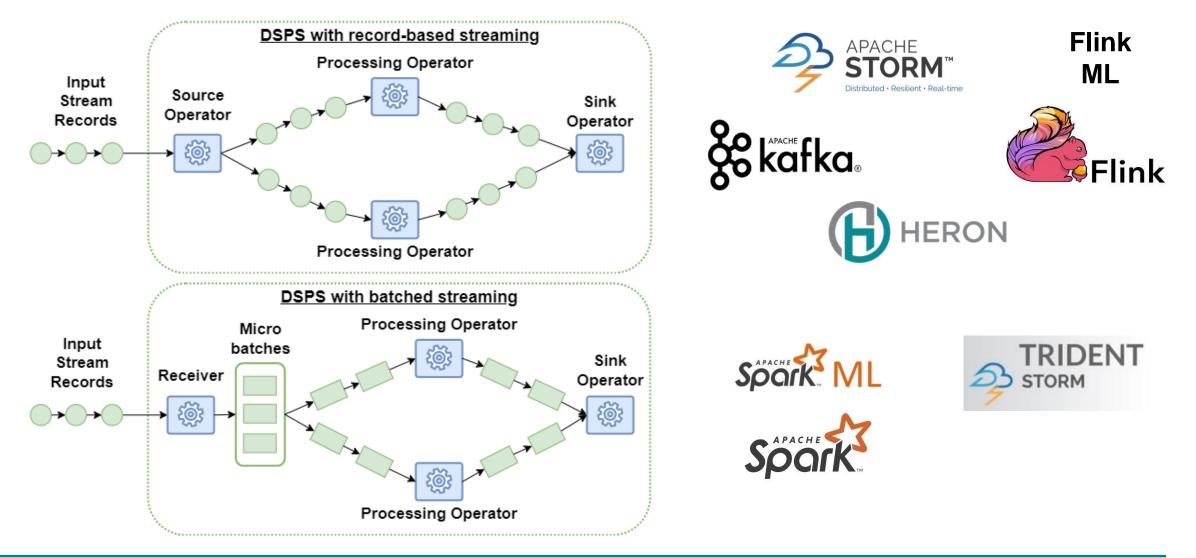
Distributed stream processing at the edge

Machine and deep learning over data streams

Data transformation techniques



Big Data Stream Processing Systems





Big Data Stream Processing Systems – Cloud



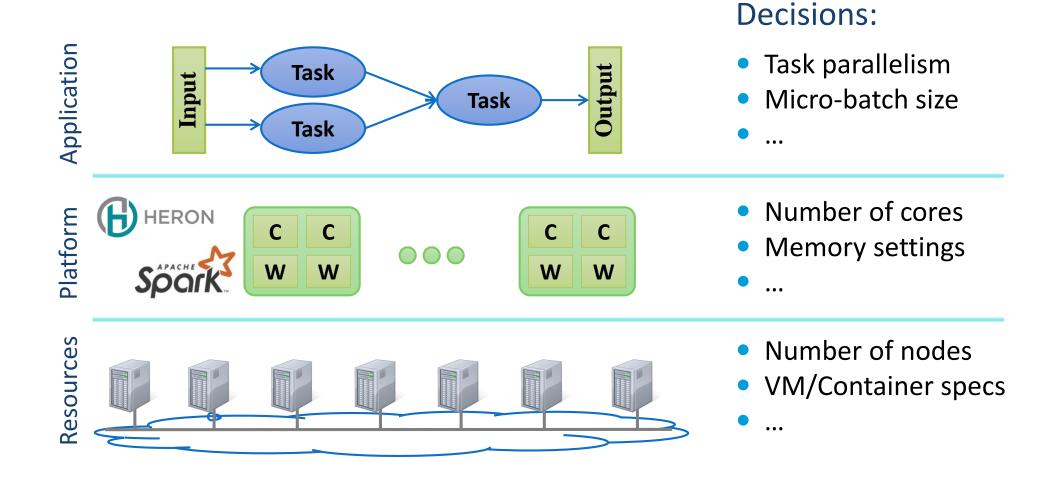
Google Cloud Dataflow







Cloud Resource Management and Tuning



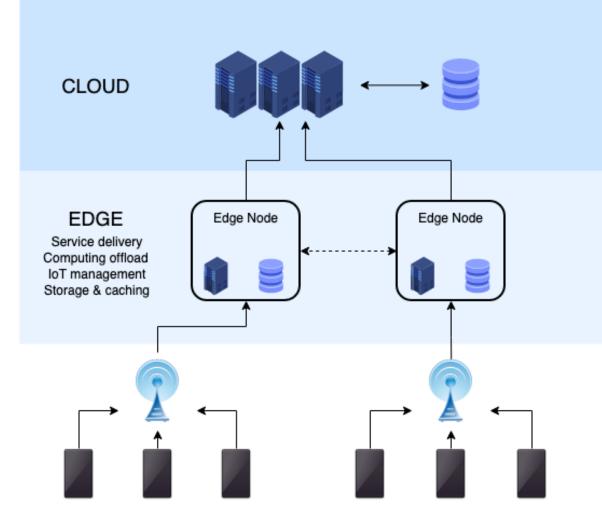


Cloud Resource Management and Tuning – Approaches

Cost Modeling	Use cost models & statistics to find optimal settings
Simulation-based	Use simulator to estimate application performance
Experiment-driven	Execute application with different settings iteratively
Machine Learning	Use machine learning to model application performance
Adaptive	Change configurations while application is running



Distributed Stream Processing at the Edge



Benefits of edge:

- Reduce end-to-end latency and communication costs
- Enable services to react to events locally
- Offload processing from the cloud

Challenges:

- Computing, storage, and network resources are constrained
- Deployment of data stream processing applications onto heterogeneous infrastructure has been proven to be NP-hard



Distributed Stream Processing at the Edge – Projects

Aspect	EdgeX Foundry	Azure IoT Edge	Apache Edgent	CORD	Akraino Edge Stack	
Interface	Restful API	Web service	API	API or XOS-GUI	N/A	
OS support	Various	Various	Various	Ubuntu	Linux	
Programming framework	Not provided	Java, .NET, C, Python, etc.	Java	Shell, Python	N/A	
Applications	loT	Unrestricted	IoT	Unrestricted	Unrestricted	
Deployment	Dynamic	Dynamic	Static	Dynamic	Dynamic	
Target user	General users	General users	General users	Network ops	Network ops	
Virtualization	Container	Container	JVM	VM & Container	VM & Container	
Limitation	Lack of program- ming interface	Azure services chargeable	Limited to data analysis	Unable to be offline	Unable to be offline	
Scalability	Scalable	Scalable	Not scalable	Scalable	Scalable	
Mobility	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Support	Support	

Liu et al. A survey on edge computing systems and tools. IEEE



Machine and Deep Learning over Data Streams

Existing libraries/systems:

- Massive Online Analysis (MOA)
 - algorithms for streaming classification, clustering, and change detection
- Vowpal Wabbit
 - based on the perceptron algorithm with a focus on reinforcement learning

Jubatus

tight coupling between the ML library and the underlying custom-built DSPS

Apache SAMOA

distributed computation of several ML algorithms over four DSPSs



Machine and Deep Learning over Data Streams

Challenges:

- Data Availability
 - a train, test and predict approach is not applicable for stream data; models are susceptible to changes
- Real-Time Streaming
 - need to reduce time to train models dramatically
- Concept Drift
 - models must adapt to patterns evolving over time by detecting changes quickly
- IID Random Variables
 - statistically independent variables cannot be guaranteed for the overall population



Data Transformation Techniques

Data Preprocessing

filtering, format conversion, and multiplexing/demultiplexing

Dimensionality reduction

- statistical inference methods using hashing projections
- different subspace tracking methods

Stream sampling

- allows one-pass algorithms for analysing big data streams
- uniform or biased sampling along with reduction of the problem space

Synthetic data stream generator

- infer underlying statistical distributions of the real data
- do not work for streams with concept drifts
- protecting privacy and confidentiality is hard



State of the Art: A summary

 ★ means no support ! means partial support ✓ means good/full support Features/Capabilities 	Apache Storm	Apache Samza	Apache Spark	Apache Flink	Apache Apex	Apache Beam	Google CD	MS Azure ML	AWS Kinesis	MOA	Vowpal Wabbit	Jubatus	Apache SAMOA	Desired Platform
Stream integration components	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	!	!	!	×	×	!	\checkmark	\checkmark
Data preprocessing and fusion	!	×	!	!	×	×	!	×	!	!	!	\checkmark	!	\checkmark
Built-in synthetic data generator	×	×	!	!	!	!	×	×	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	×	!	\checkmark
Stream-based machine learning	!	!	\checkmark	\checkmark	!	!	\checkmark	!	!	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Stream-based deep learning	×	×	!	×	!	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	\checkmark
Resource management	✓	!	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	!	\checkmark	×	×	!	l	\checkmark
Cloud-Edge orchestration	×	×	×	×	×	×	!	!	!	×	×	×	×	\checkmark
Distributed Platform	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						
Open license (Apache preferred)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	x	x	x	!	!	!	\checkmark	\checkmark

April 27, 2022



Expected Industrial Challenges*

Expected Industrial Challenge

Heterogeneity

Scalability

Data-in-motion and data-at-rest

Hybrid (central+edge) big data architectures Decentralization & edge

Data/AI/predictive/prescriptive analytics Stream analytics frameworks & processing Advanced business analytics

Heterogeneity Semantic interoperability Data quality Distributed trust infrastructures

*BDVA: https://www.bdva.eu

- Scalable Data processing
- Edge vs. Cloud infrastructure
- ML/DL-based analytics

Data fusion and input / output

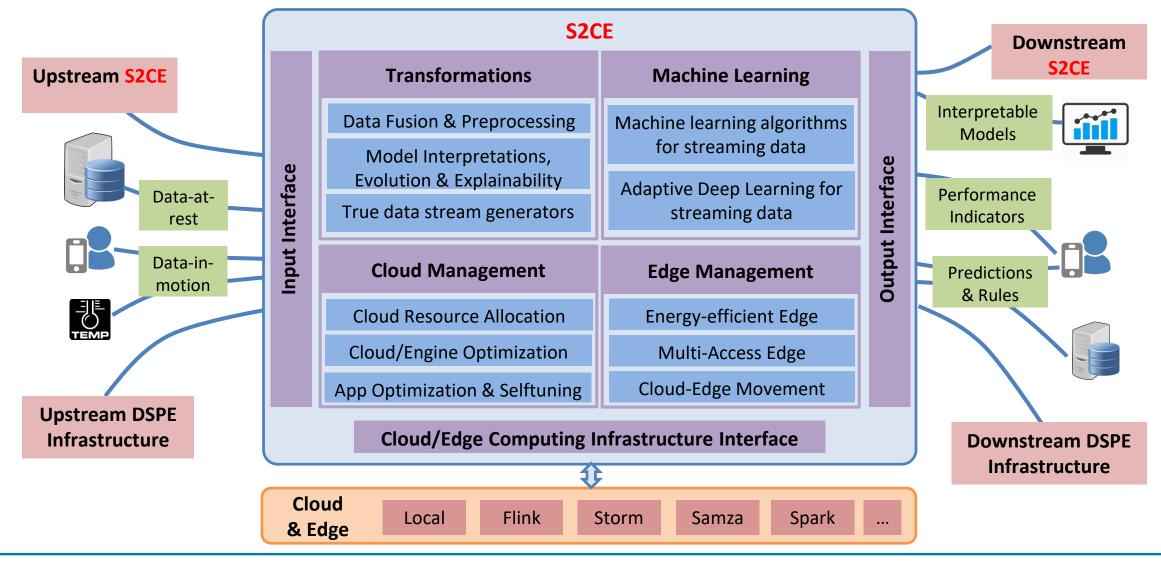


S2CE Design Objectives

Expected Industrial Challenge	(Objective) How does S2CE address the challenge?
Heterogeneity	(O1) Handling diverse types of cloud computing resources
Scalability	(O1) Distributed and parallelized dynamic analytics for real-time learning
Data-in-motion and data-at-rest	(O1) Processing data seamlessly at the same time without extra system overhead
Hybrid (central+edge) big data architectures	(O2) Optimizing an efficient mixture of central and edge resources
Decentralization & edge	(O2) Computing at edge for faster, more scalable, energy efficient processing
Data/AI/predictive/prescriptive analytics	(O3) Using distributed deep and machine learning
Stream analytics frameworks & processing	(O3) Minimal development effort, scalability, processing speed
Advanced business analytics	(O3) Intelligence to empower companies for accurate, instant, data-driven decisions
Heterogeneity	(O4) Handling diverse data, modeling, and input/output interfaces
Semantic interoperability	(O4) Facilitating data and model exchange between vertical data silos
Data quality	(O4) Providing curation methods for data filtering, quality assessment, improvement
Distributed trust infrastructures	(O4) Managing data in anonymized and decentralized fashion

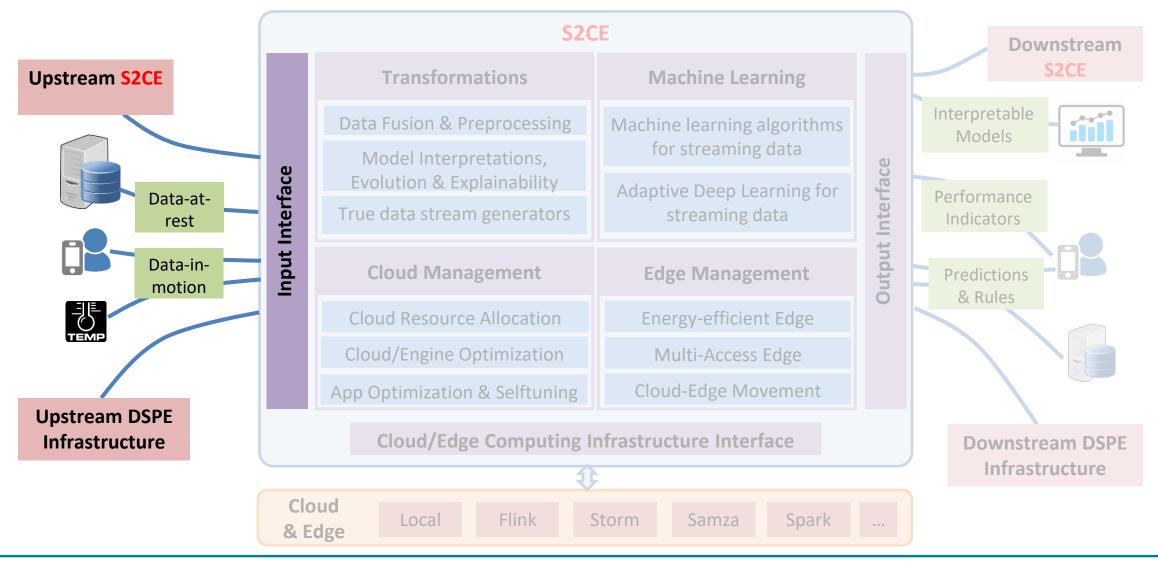


S2CE Architecture Overview



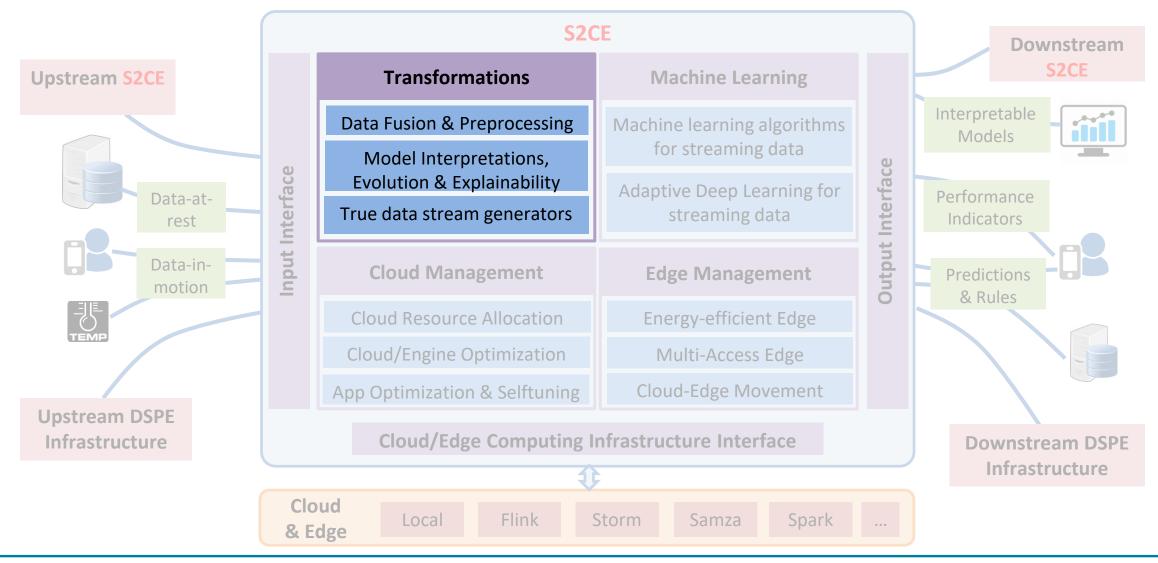


S2CE: Input Interface



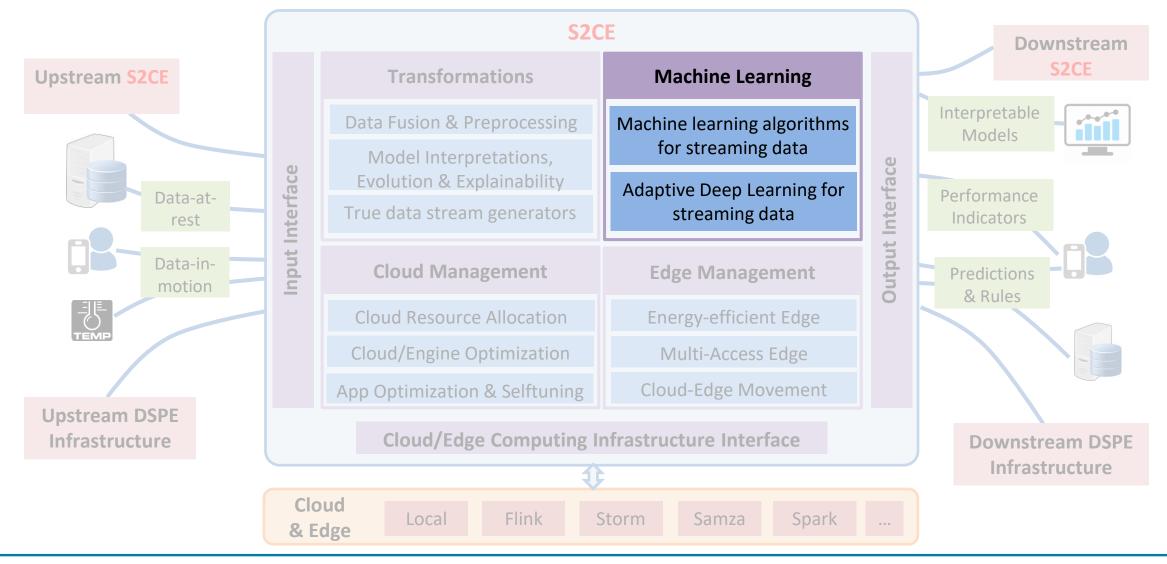


S2CE: Transformations



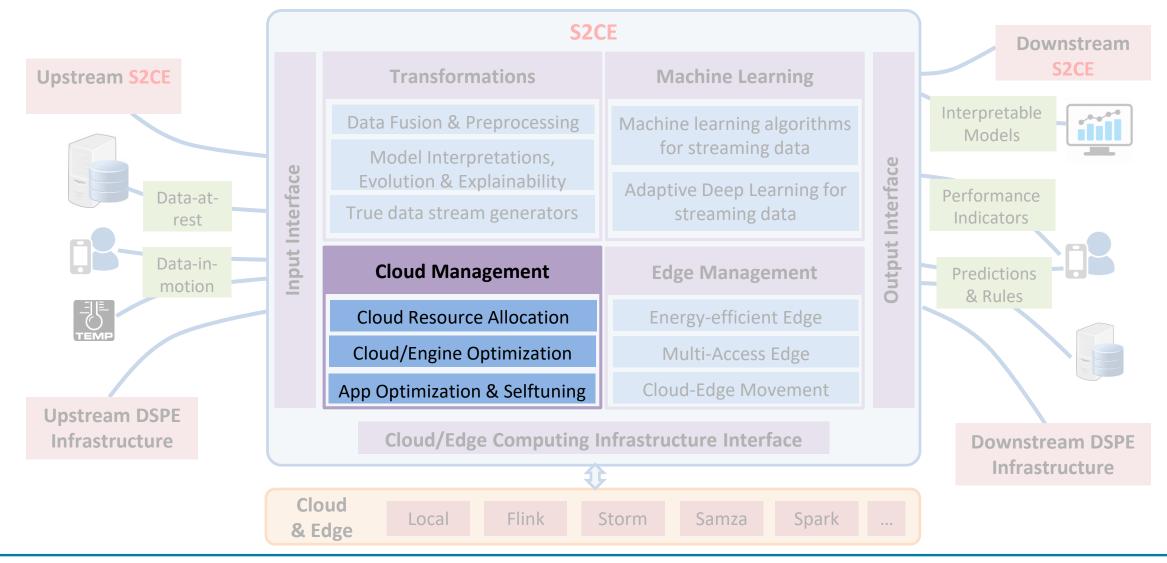


S2CE: Machine Learning



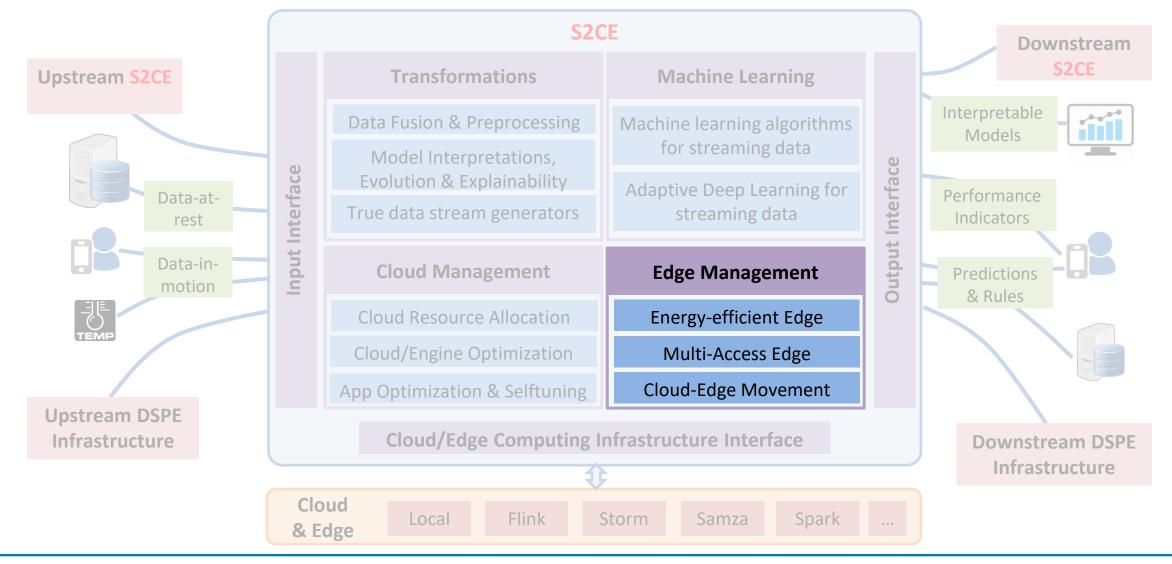


S2CE: Cloud Resource Management



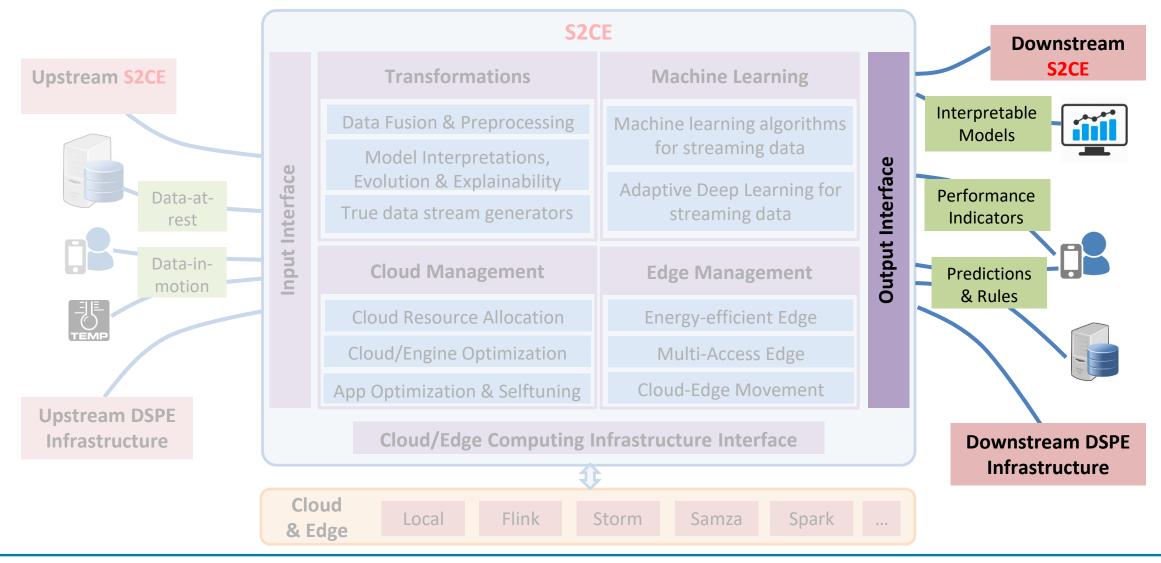


S2CE: Edge Resource Management





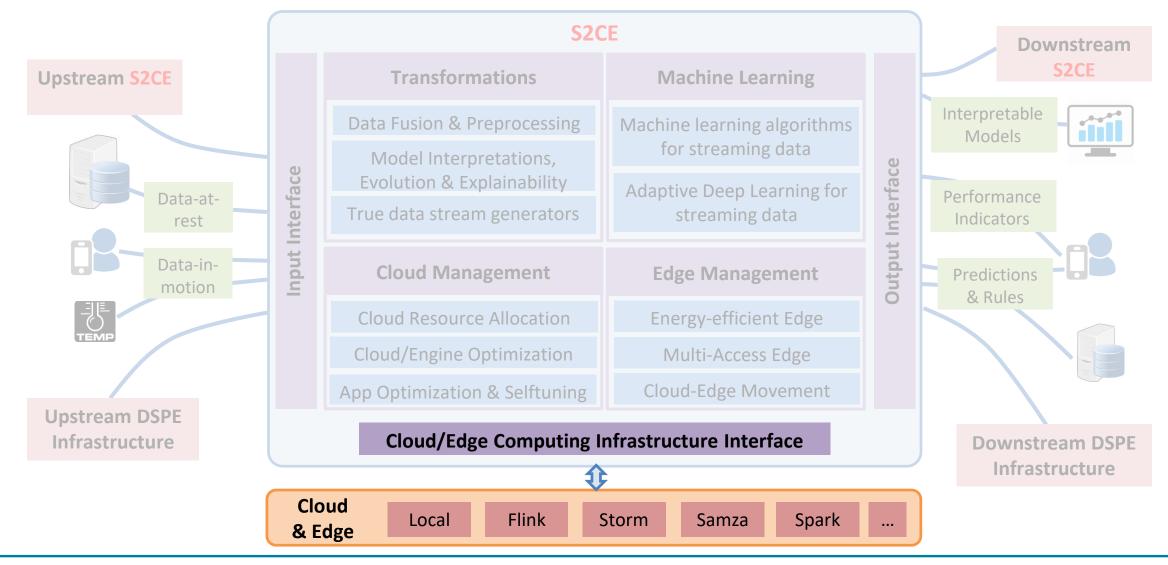
S2CE: Output Interface



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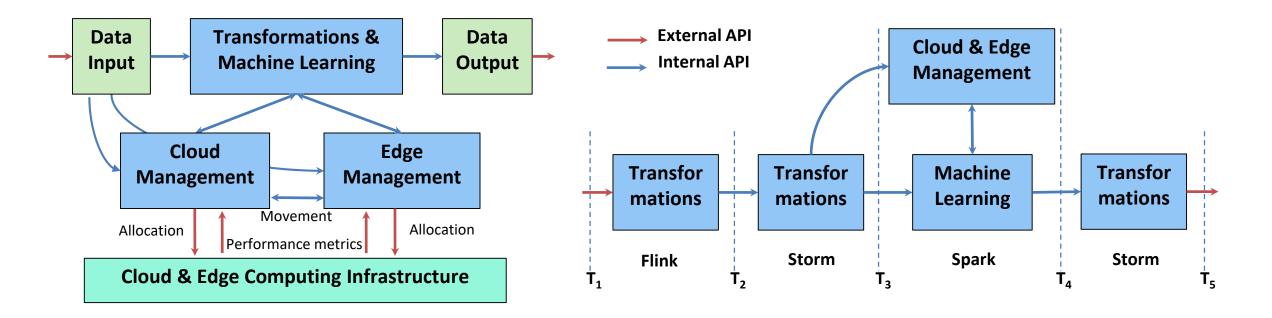


S2CE: Computing Infrastructure Interface





S2CE Performant Interconnections

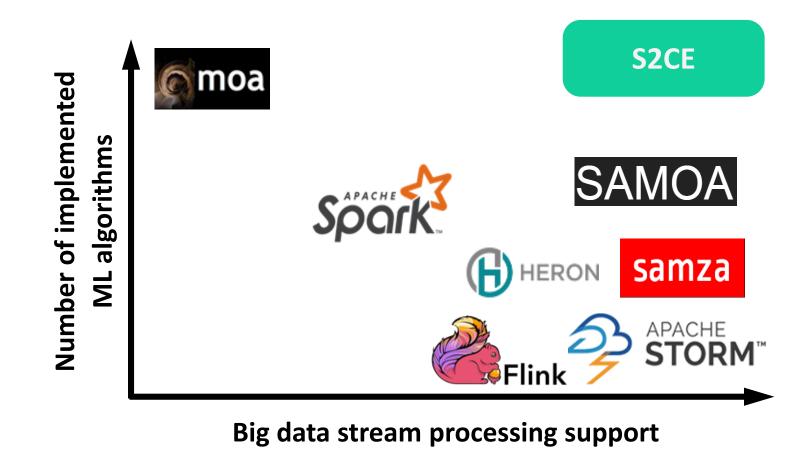


> APIs:

- High-performant & secured
- Scalable to support voluminous, fast & rich data



S2CE in Big Data Stream Processing Ecosystem





Concluding Remarks: Innovation Potential

Cloud Provisioning and Orchestration

Edge Preprocessing and Movement

Data-driven Decisions based on Streams

Innovation Exchange with Apache Ecosystem's Open Source

Unifying Efforts for a Stream ML Library







Thank you!

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