

Towards Personalized Context-Aware Recommendation Agents in Mobile Social Networks



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About Me



Work Experiences:

- 2005 - 2007 Master of science in information technology at KMUTNB, Thailand
- 2007 - 2020 Research assistant at NECTEC, Thailand
- 2020 Research assistant and PhD student at FernUniversität in Hagen, Germany

Research Interests:

- Natural language processing
- Information retrieval
- Machine learning
- Distributed system

Research Topics:

- Context-aware and hybrid recommendations
- Text clustering
- Keyword extraction

Introduction



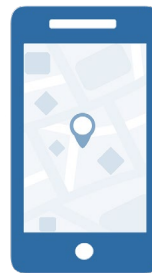
- Context-aware recommendation agents on mobile devices are gaining popularity in the era of rapid data and technological growth.
- The agent assists in performing tasks for an individual user by discovering interesting information and facilitating the process of decision-making.

Personalized Context-Aware Recommendation Agent

- The goal is to automatically provide effective, personalized, and context-dependent recommendations based on the contextual situation of a user.
- It is designed as an autonomous intelligent agent on a mobile device to understand contextual data and adapt suggestions accurately.
- The proposed agent uses three different sources including, implicit data, explicit data, and textual data to highly improve the performance of the recommendation agent.
- The proposed agent has three challenging components.



Friend Recommendation



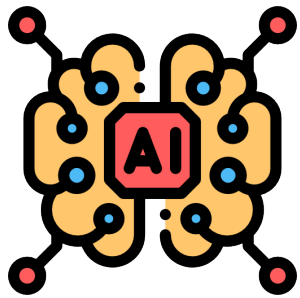
POI Recommendation



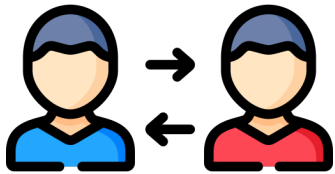
Advertisement Recommendation

Web 3.0

- The proposed agent incorporates **Web 3.0** concepts to make it more personalized, context-aware, and intelligent in a **decentralized manner**.



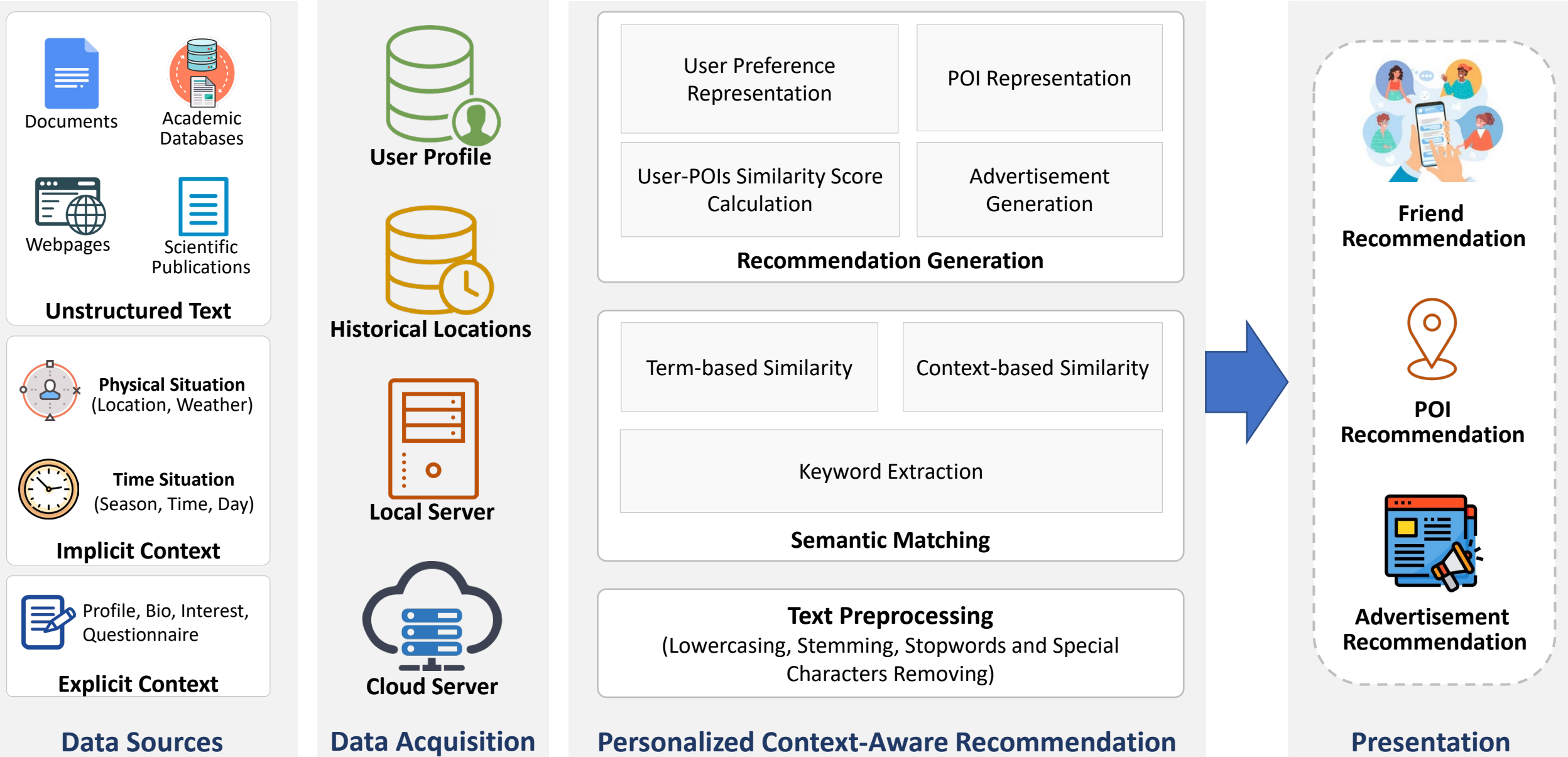
Artificial Intelligence: The agent can analyze and understand contextual data like a human, using the ability of **AI** and **NLP** to provide highly personalized and relevant recommendations.



Peer-to-Peer Network: Users can communicate directly with one another without **centralized authorities** and other **third-party intermediaries** to enable the transmission of data in a secure manner.



Data Privacy and Control: Users regain full control over their data, which preserves the **security** and **privacy** of all individuals.



Challenging Task#1

Friend Recommendation

Friend Recommendation



Motivation



The **Corona-Warn-App** is a contact-tracing app to help people by notifying them if they were recently close to infected persons with the coronavirus.



Tinder is an online dating app to meet new people everywhere by matching couples based on their profiles and locations.



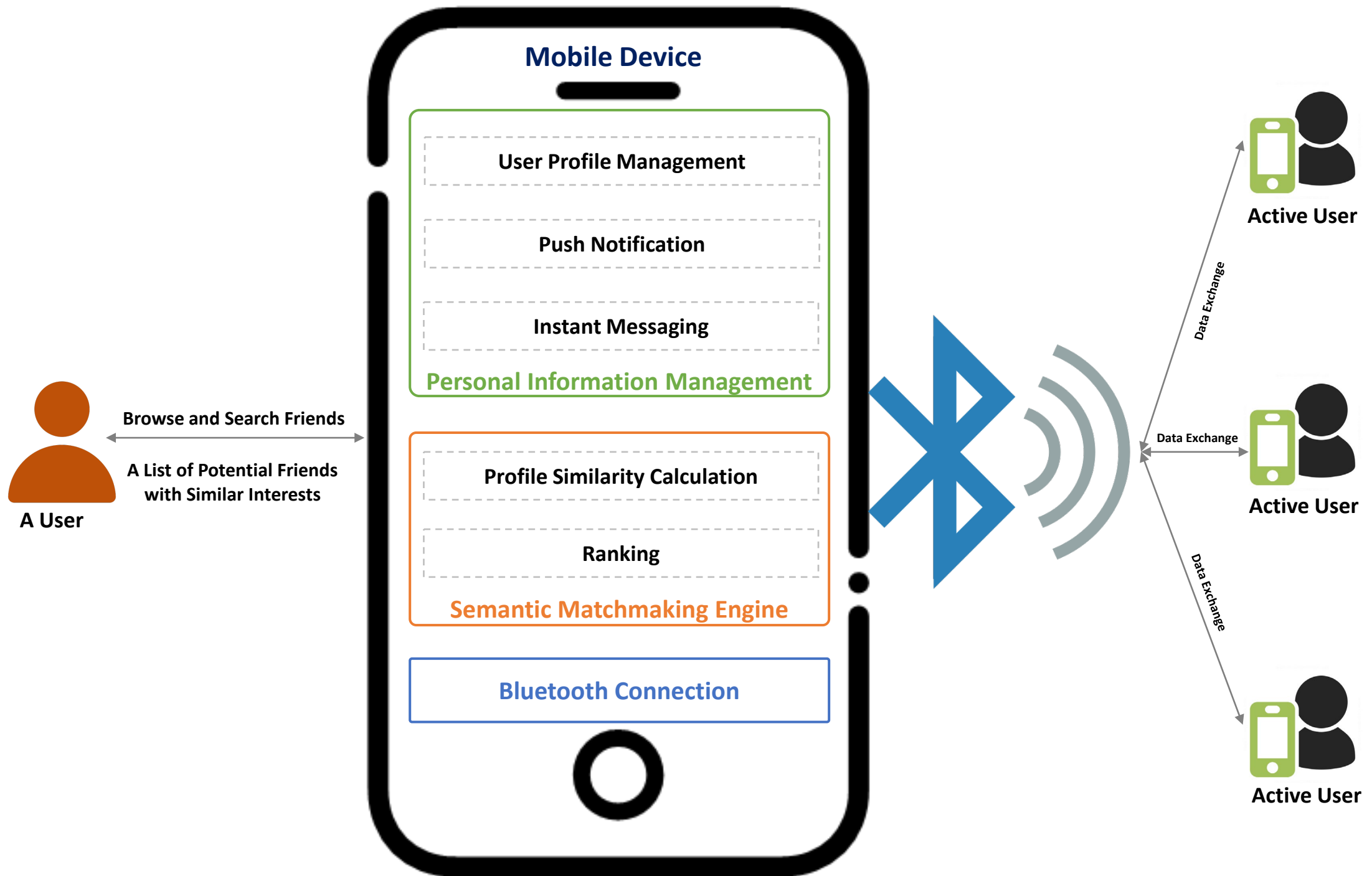
Goal

The proposed component aims to discover **similar friends** and provide a **perfect matching** within **close proximity** based on **their preferences**.

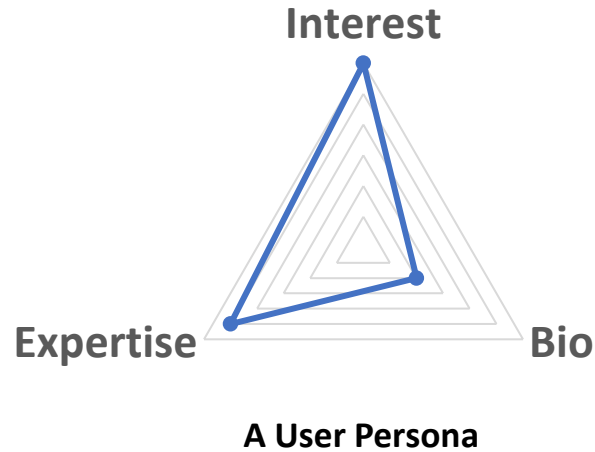
Friend Recommendation



- This component is a social networking app for meeting new friends who have common interests among nearby people using Bluetooth technology.
- The app allows users to discover new friends in their social circles.
- The personal data will be stored locally on each device preventing access and control over data.
- Users can communicate and exchange data without a central server.



User Profiles



- User interests, expertise, and biographies are leveraged to calculate the similarity score.
- The user interests are manually input by tagging controlled vocabularies such as cooking, soccer, and shopping.
- The short bio is manually filled out by a user in the form of free text.
- The areas of expertise are automatically generated from documents, and academic databases via crawlers or APIs.

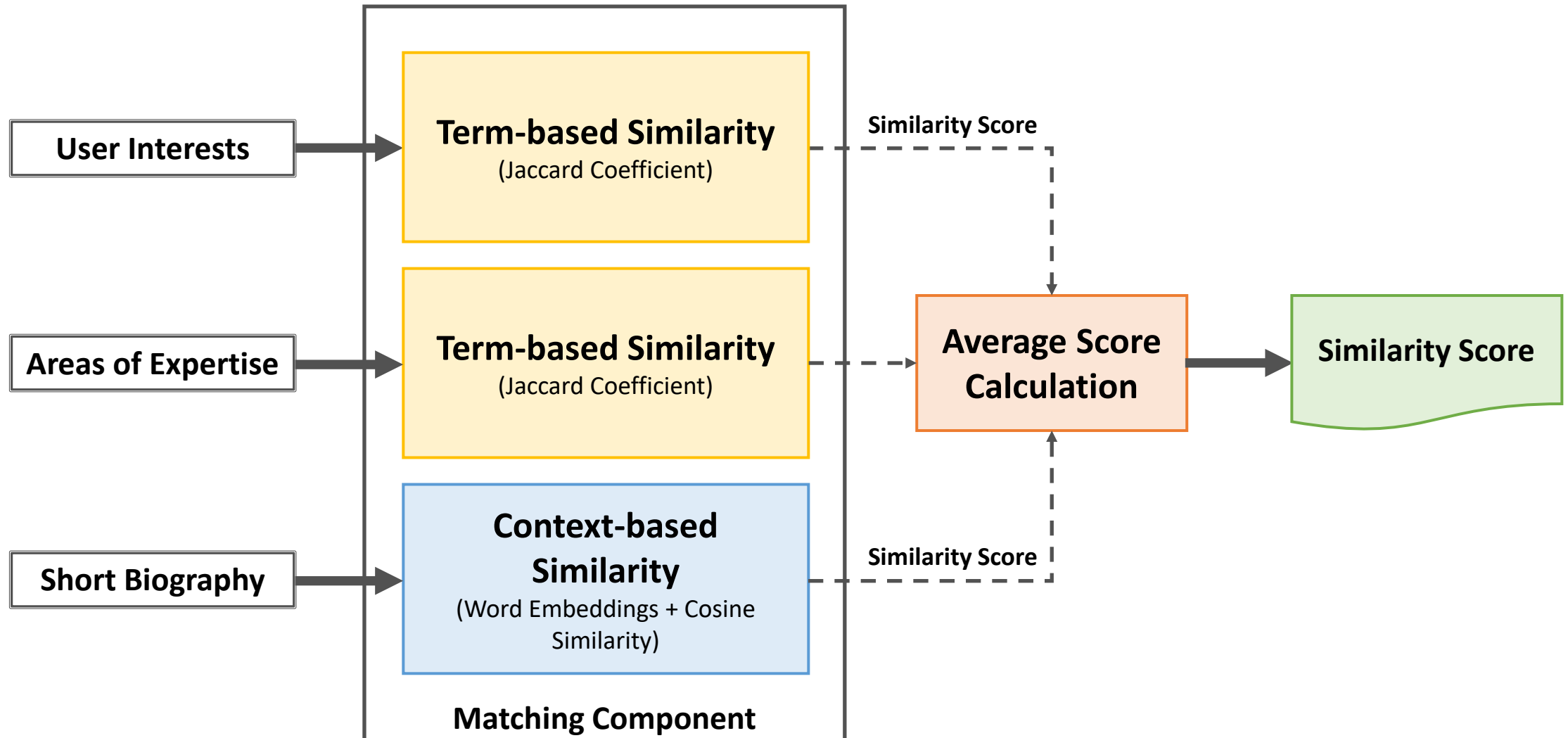


- The personalities including age, gender, weight, height, and education are used for search filtering to narrow and customize search results.
- The user personalities are manually filled out by a user in the form of text fields.

Semantic Matchmaking Engine

- Semantic matching is the task of estimating **semantic similarity** between **source** and **target text pieces**.
- The **semantic matching algorithm** compares a user profile with other profiles using a text similarity technique and suggests relevant matches.
- **User interests, expertise, and biographies** are combined to help recommend friends to a source user.
- The text similarity technique measures the similarity score based on lexical similarity and semantic similarity covering both **word level** and **context level**.
- The algorithm can **re-rank** the candidates to consider probability, **additional criteria**, or constraints to **filter some candidates** and return the top ranked friends according to the similarity score to the user.

Matching Component



Term-based Similarity Based on Jaccard Coefficient

- This module aims to calculate the **similarity score** between two sets of words based on **Jaccard coefficient**.
- Jaccard coefficient is defined as the **intersection** and **union** of these two sets of words that refer to the number of common words over a total number of words.

$$J(A, B) = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A \cup B|}$$

Example:

User interest_{source} = ['basketball', 'golf', 'vegan', 'travel', 'soccer']

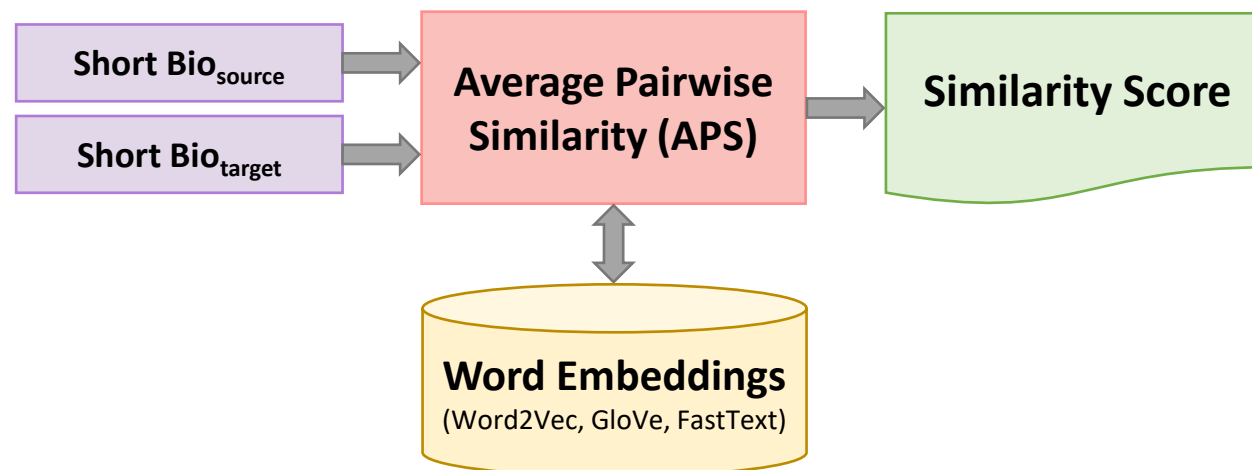
User interest_{target} = ['reading', 'writer', 'golf', 'soccer']

$$J(\text{UserInterest}_{\text{source}}, \text{UserInterest}_{\text{target}}) = \frac{\{\text{'golf'}, 'soccer'}\}}{\{\text{'basketball'}, 'golf', 'vegan', 'travel', 'soccer', 'reading', 'writer'}\}} = \frac{2}{7} = \mathbf{0.285}$$

Context-based Similarity Based on Word Embeddings

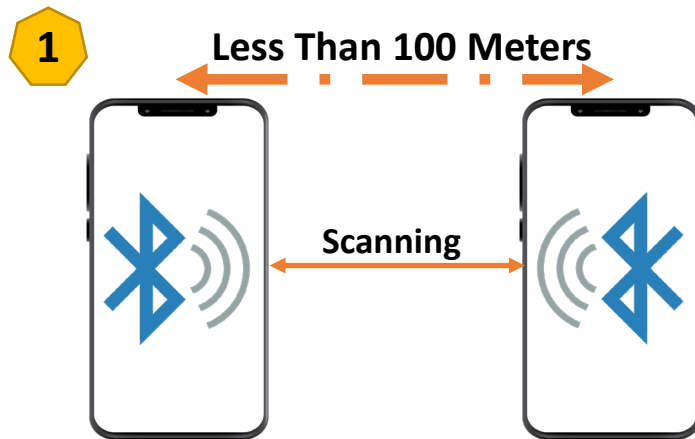
- This module aims to measure the **semantic similarity** of two texts on a context level.
- **Average Pairwise Similarity (APS)** is proposed to calculate the similarity score between two texts based on **word embeddings** with the assumption that similar words should have similar vectors.
- The similarity score between a word in the source text and every word in the target text is calculated as the **maximum similarity score** from a **pre-trained word embedding model**.

$$APS(S_{source}, S_{target}) = \frac{\sum_{w \in S_{source}} \text{Max} \left(\text{sim}_{v \in S_{target}}(w, v) \right)}{|S_{source}|}$$

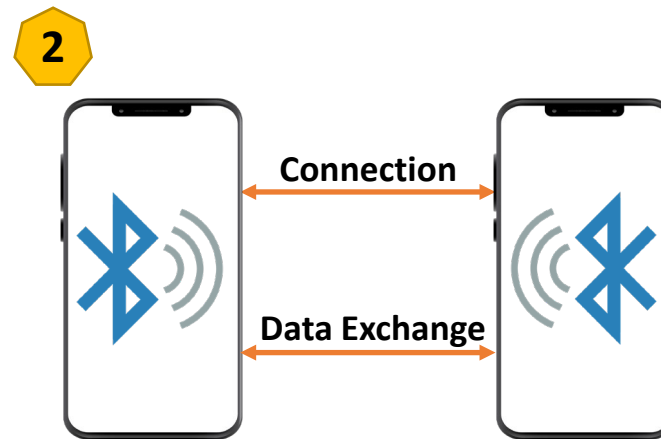


Mobile Communication Process through Bluetooth

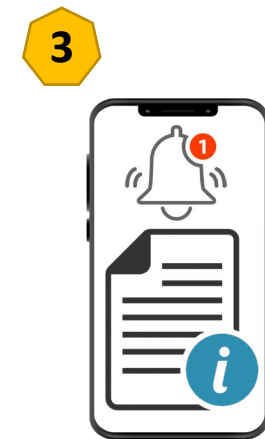
- Each Bluetooth-enabled phones periodically broadcast packets to nearby phones, allowing other phones to connect them.



When person A and person B come in close proximity



Each smartphone exchanges data via Bluetooth connection



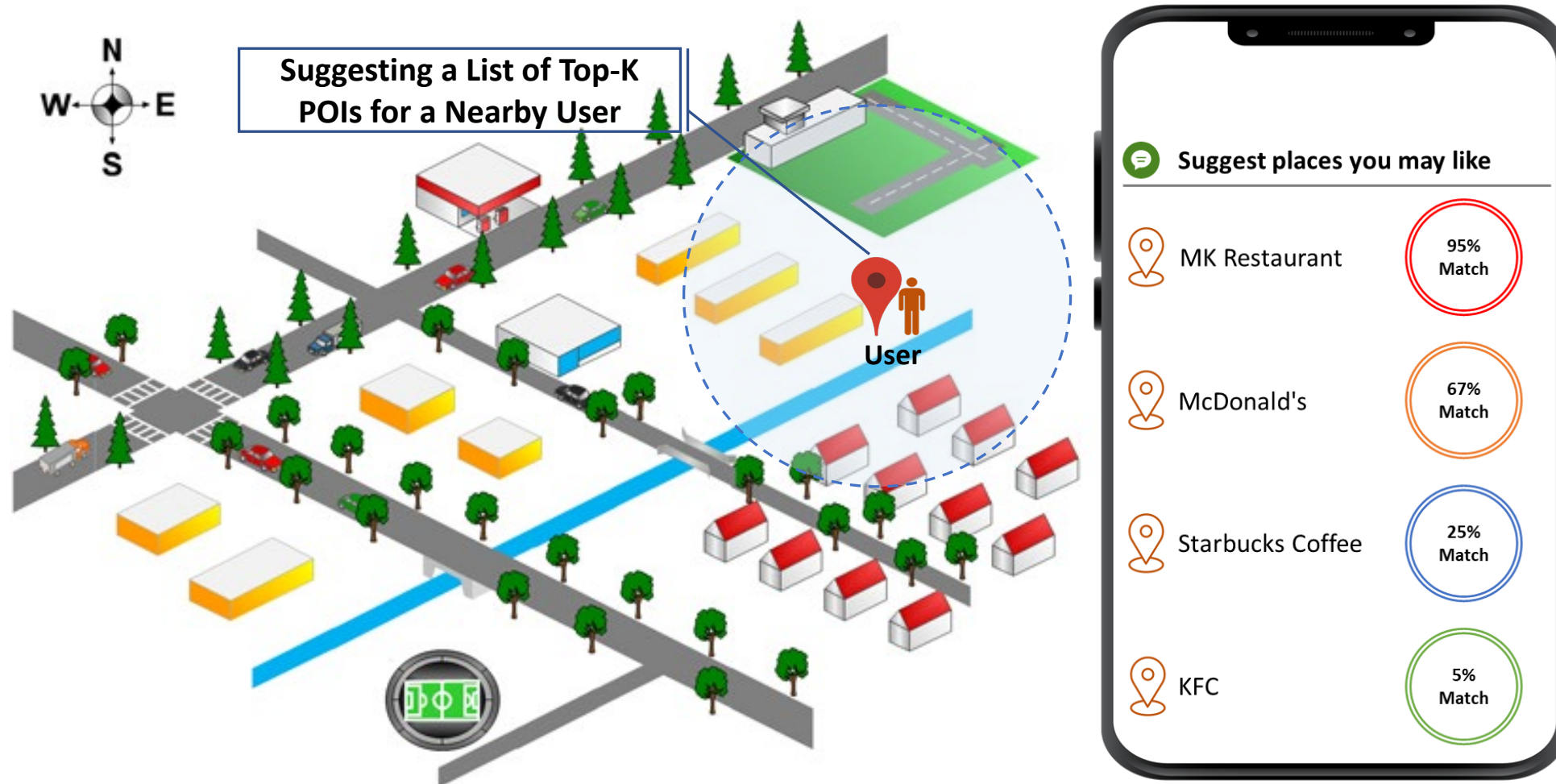
They receive notifications with information on their phones to make friends

Challenging Task#2

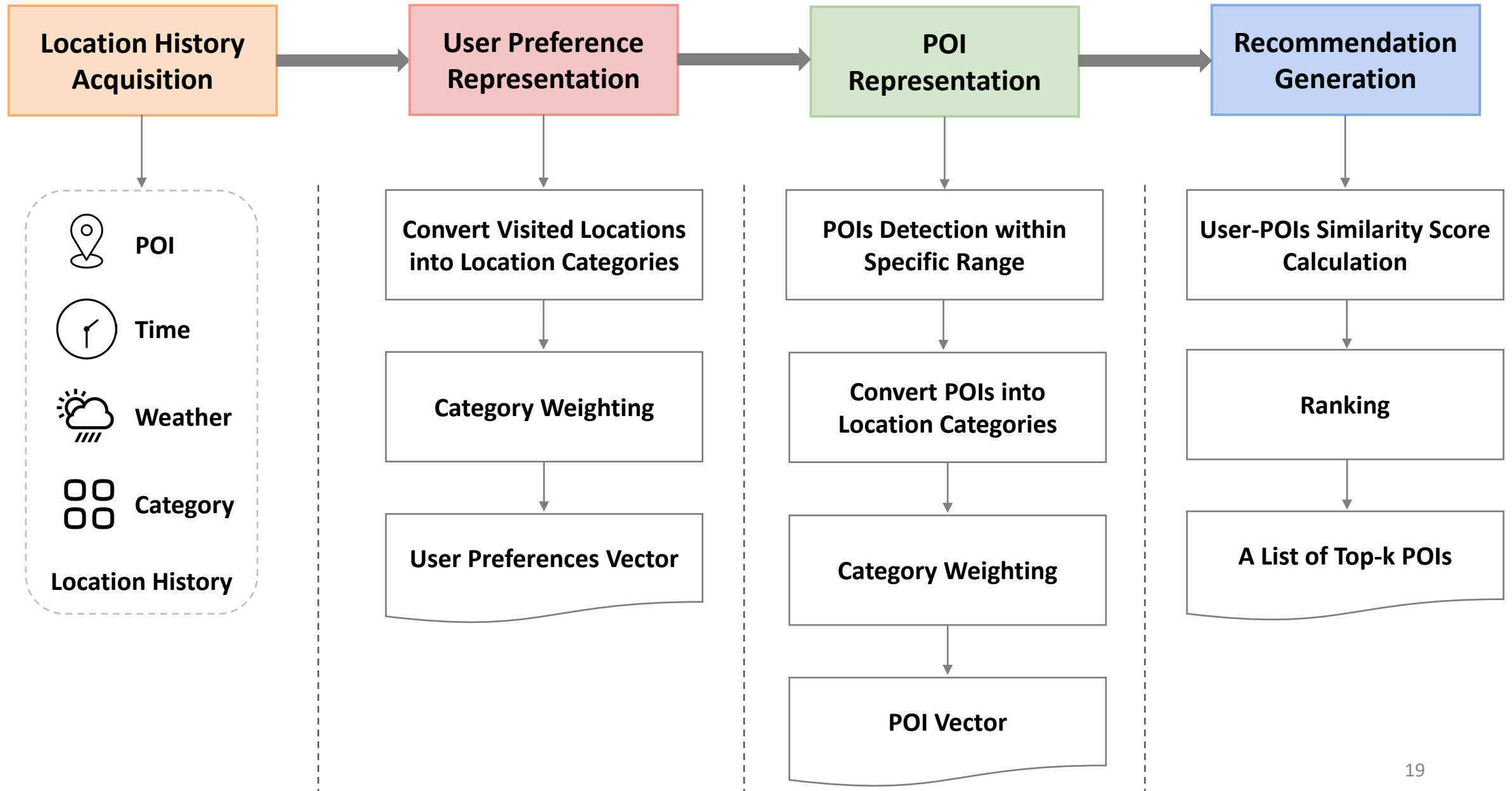
Personalized POI Recommendation

POI Recommendation

- This component proposes a newly personalized POI recommendation app that aims to automatically recommend places of interest with in-depth information based on a user's specific interests within a predefined range from the user's current location.



Framework Overview



POI Mapping

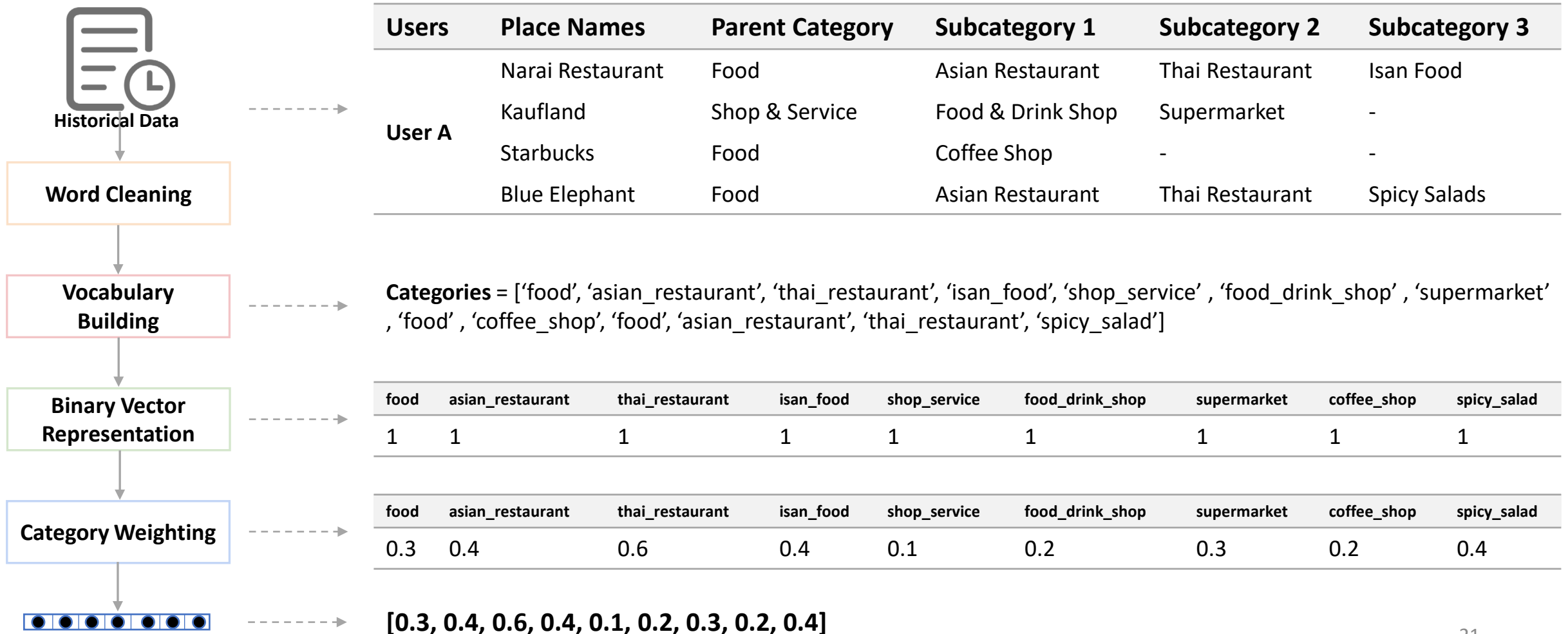
- A POI is converted into a category sequence by location category hierarchy.
- The location category hierarchy can describe meaningful information better than POI name.
- “Dragonfly China” has a path: *Food* → *Asian Restaurant* → *Chinese Restaurant* → *Hainan Restaurant*.
- The path is treated as a POI profile.

Place Names	Parent Category	Subcategory 1	Subcategory 2	Subcategory 3
Dragonfly China	Food	Asian Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	Hainan Restaurant



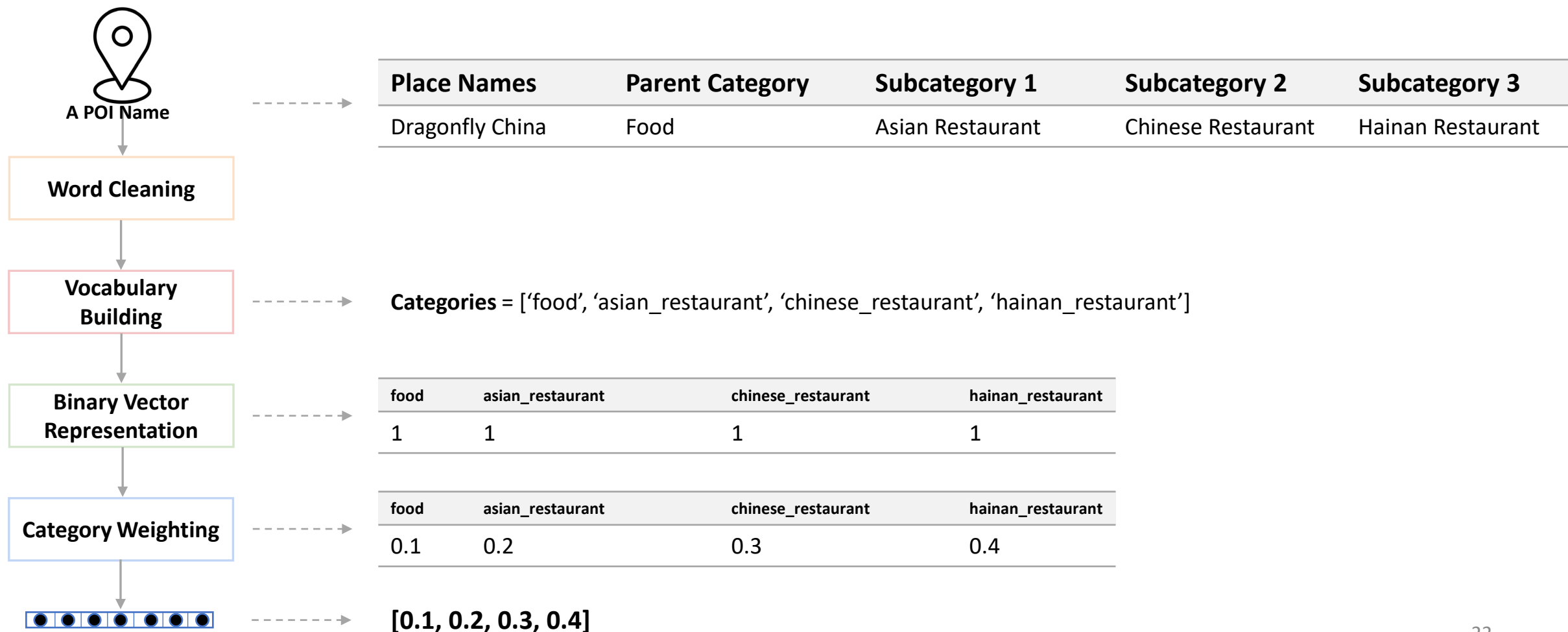
User Preferences Representation

- The sequential group of categories are built as a list of unique words.
- The list of unique words is represented as a numerical feature vector of user preferences.



POI Representation

- The candidate POIs around a current location of a user are represented as a numerical feature vector defined by location category hierarchy.



Category Weighting Model

- The **category weighting model** is a representation that describes the **occurrence of categories** within **location history data** of a user.
- This model assigns a **weight** to the significance of a particular category on the basis of the **raw frequency of the categories** (CF) and the **weighted category level** (WCL) over a whole **collection of categories**.
- The category frequency is the number of times that a category occurs in a category collection with the assumption that a user frequently visiting in the same place has more important.
- The top level of Foursquare category hierarchy is defined as a score of 0.1 and the bottom level has a score of 0.4 with the assumption that the bottom level can indicate the specific information of venues than the top level.

$$W(c) = cf(c) \cdot wcl(c)$$

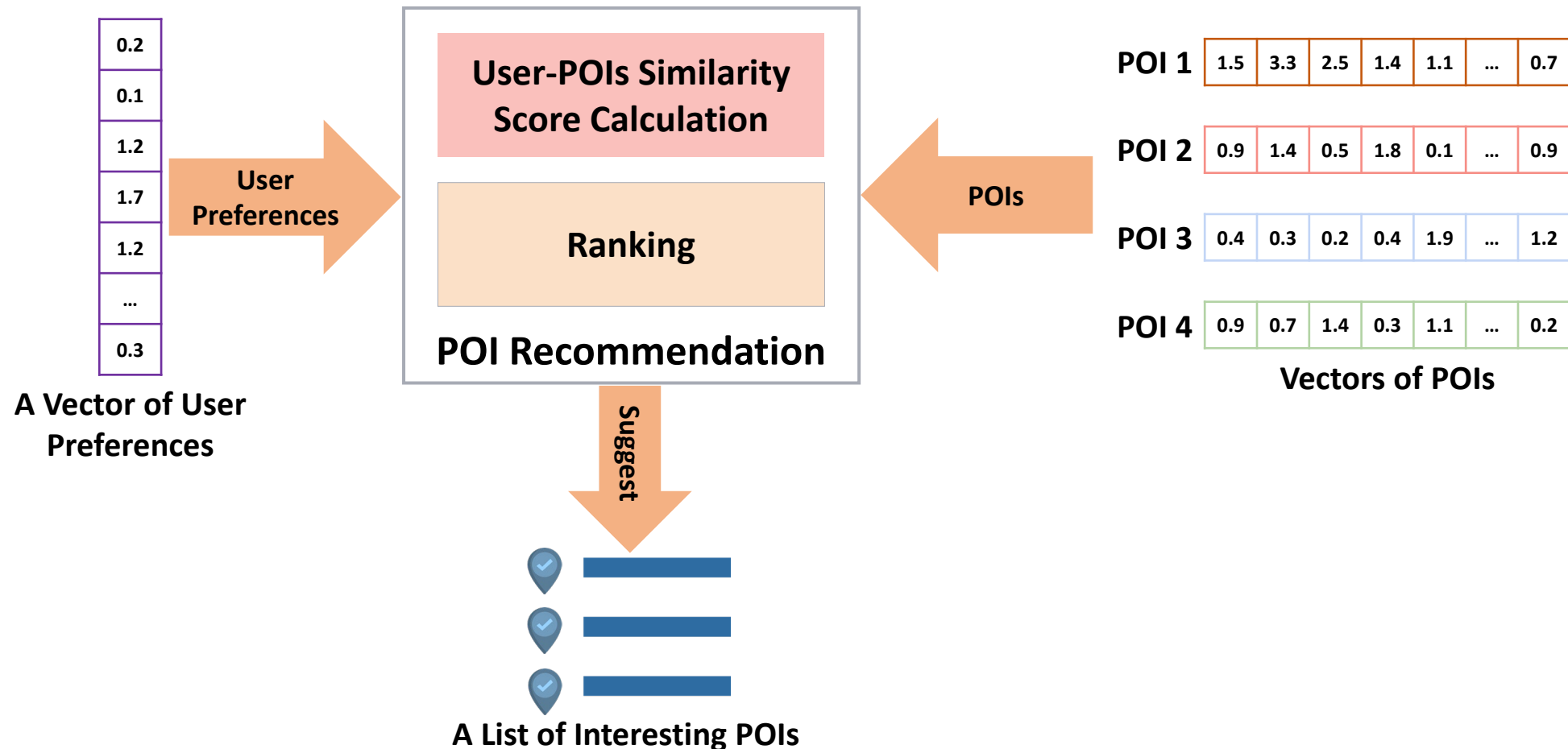
where

$$cf(c) = \frac{\text{Number of times the category } c \text{ appears in the category collection}}{\text{Total number of categories in the category collection}}$$

$$wcl(c) = \begin{cases} 0.1, c = \text{level } 1 \\ 0.2, c = \text{level } 2 \\ 0.3, c = \text{level } 3 \\ 0.4, c = \text{level } 4 \end{cases}$$

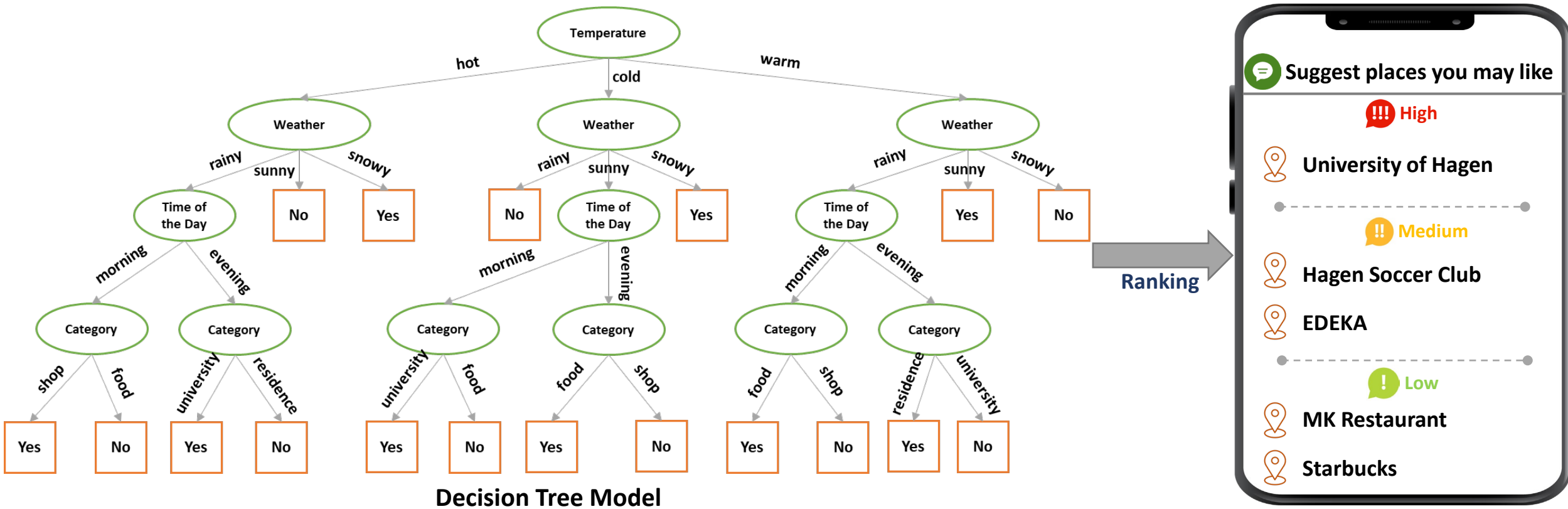
Recommendation Generation

- This component is to generate a list of POIs of interest to a target user by calculating the similarity score of two vectors.
- The vectors of a user preferences and each POI are used to determine the relevant POIs.



Ranking

- The intelligent recommendation should also consider other contextual factors to rank appropriate results to a user.
- The decision tree algorithm is applied to assign priority ranking on the existing results using two factors including weather conditions, and times of the day.
- The priority ranking categorizes existing results by assigning a priority of low, medium, or high.

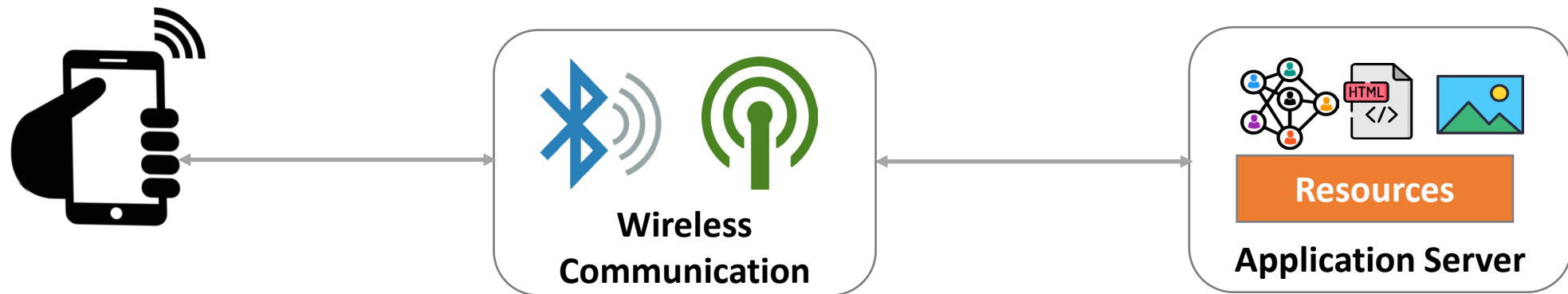


Challenging Task#3

Advertising Recommendation

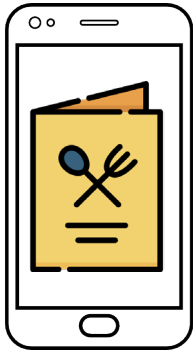
Advertisement Recommendation

- This component allows mobile users to connect to a **local server** via **Bluetooth** and **Wi-Fi hotspots** in different geographical regions.
- The component server automatically offers **useful information** or **good services** such as private messages, games, local recommendations, and advertising campaigns by sending push **notifications** to nearby users who are within the vicinity of a venue.
- The component leverages data from a mobile device of an individual user to display **relevant content** personalized by historical locations, weather, and interests.
- It also helps businesses provide **marketing opportunities** to reach target customers based on **proximity** at a convenient time with the right content.



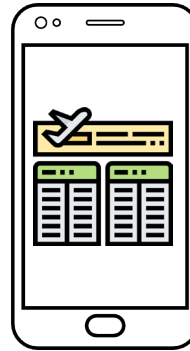
Application Scenarios

- The proposed agent could be applied to smartphone users for receiving useful information based on profiles within a predefined area via geolocation technologies.



Restaurants

Attract target customers with advertising campaigns such as coupons, special promotion, and discount



Airports

In addition to flight information, showcase duty-free promotions and special vacation deals



Museums

Provide mobile tours for exhibitions and guide visitors with floor plans, events, and shop promotions



Customers who enter a shop and open an app connected to the shop's free Wi-Fi, they will receive notifications on their smartphones about promotions and menu items related to the shop.



When audiences enter an academic conference and open an app connected to a local Bluetooth, and Wi-Fi network, they will receive push notifications about available scheduled programs in the academic conference.

Future Work

- We plan to enhance the proposed agent as an intelligent personal assistant, such as Apple Siri, Amazon Alexa, and Google Assistant.



Voice Commands: Communicating with people in complex sentences and responding with useful answers using natural language.



Intelligent Interpretation: Understanding contextual data of a user such as current location, personal data, contact data, or past frequent locations and recommending places or items to the user.



Privacy: Storing private and user-sensitive data in a mobile device to prevent unauthorized users to access resources and services.

Conclusion

- A personalized context-aware recommendation agent is proposed.
- The agent can perform tasks for an individual user based on a combination of user preferences and location awareness in the current environment.
 - Friend recommendation
 - POI recommendation
 - Advertisement recommendation
- AI techniques and NLP are used to deeply understand contextual data.
- Web 3.0 is enabled through decentralization and privacy.
- Personal data are stored in a local database to preserve data privacy.
- GPS, Wi-Fi, and Bluetooth technologies are adopted to determine the location of a user and provide location-based information.



Thank you