

Development and Application of an Energy Harvesting Power Factor and Apparent Power Sensor



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Visualization of electricity usage

- Machine operation monitoring
- Reduce electricity usage
- CO2 emissions monitoring
- Compliance with ISO 14001



There are many benefits
to be gained by power monitoring

Monitoring power factor

Power factor varies with load

- Monitoring machine load status
- Measure the precise amount of electricity usage



Power factor monitoring provides
more information about machine

Power factor monitoring has been attracting much attentions

PF measurement equipment

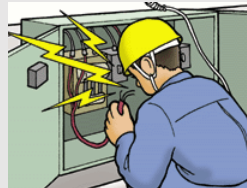
The commercially available ones are



Cumbersome to
install



Expensive



Invasive

There is no wireless monitoring
device that can easily measure the PF

Purpose of this study

- Development of a Non-contact,
Low-cost, non-invasive Wireless PF
and Apparent Power sensor

Visualization of true power usage
contributes to reduction of electricity
usage, visualization of CO2 emissions, etc

**Development of an unprecedented non-contact sensor
with energy harvesting**

Appearance of the fabricated sensor

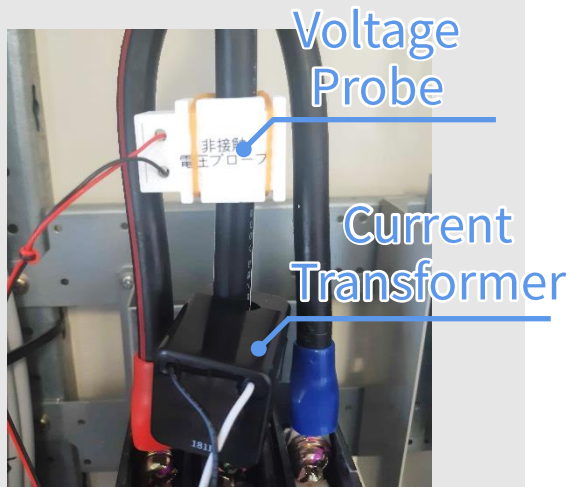
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Fabricated sensor can measure power factor without contact

Probe



Voltage Probe
(LDT0-028K)



Probes at
installation

Sensor board

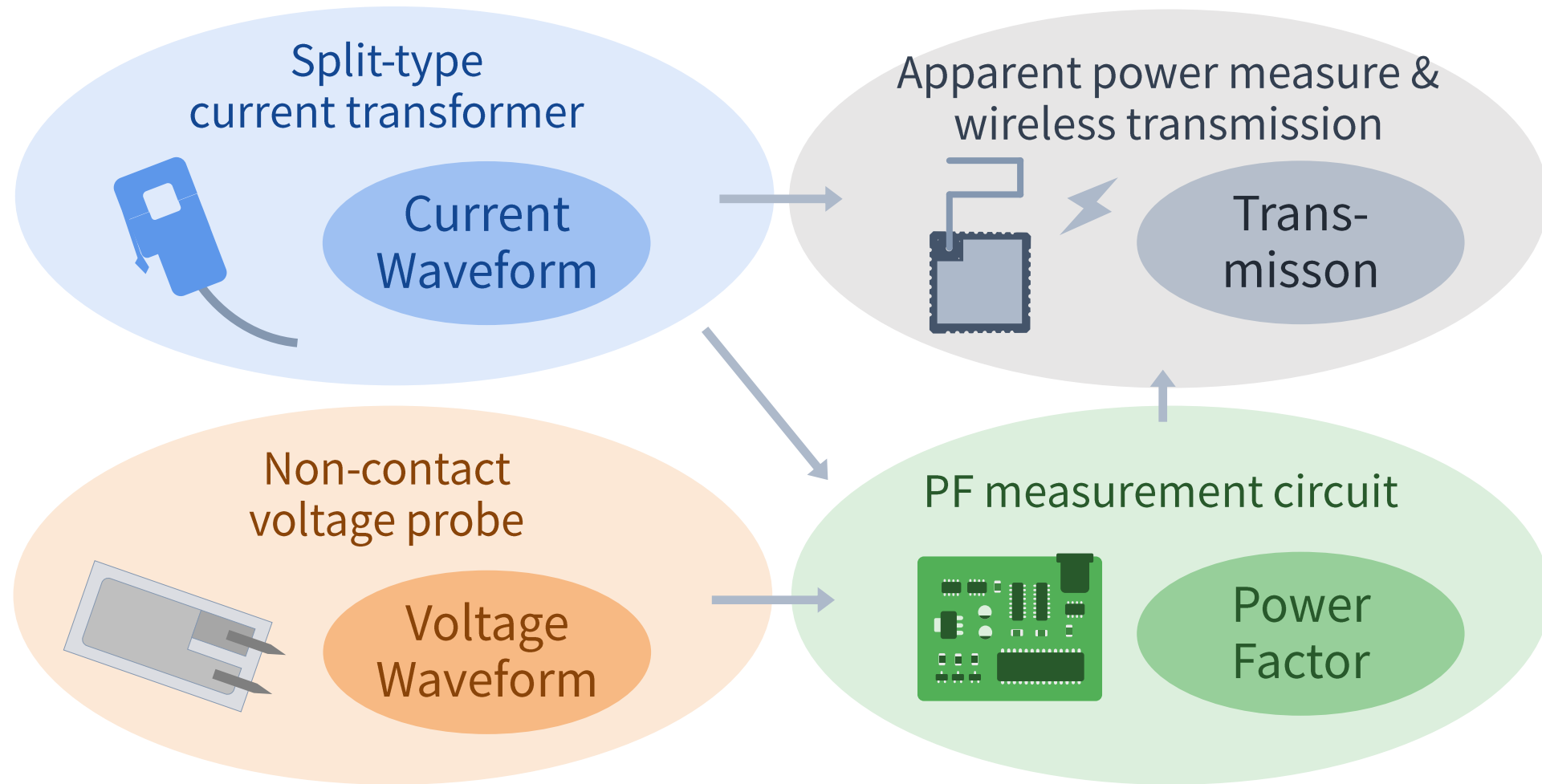


Printed circuit board

Data transmission once
every 5 sec

Overview of the PF and apparent power sensor

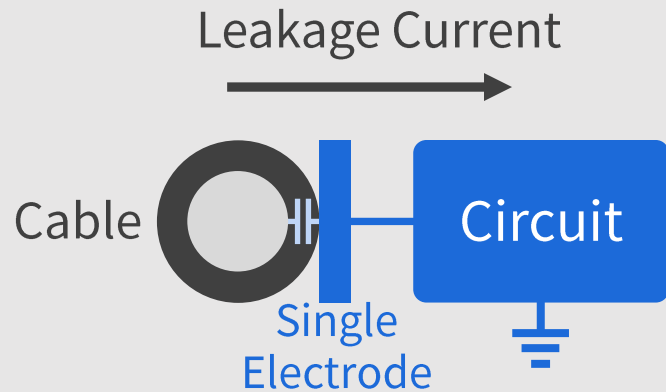
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Non-metal-contact voltage measurement

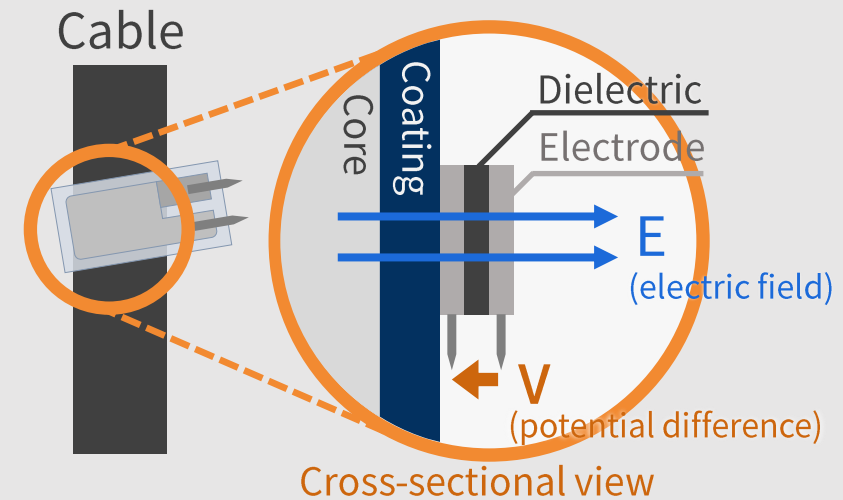
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Typical commercial products



Measure leakage current by putting a conductor on the coating

Proposed method

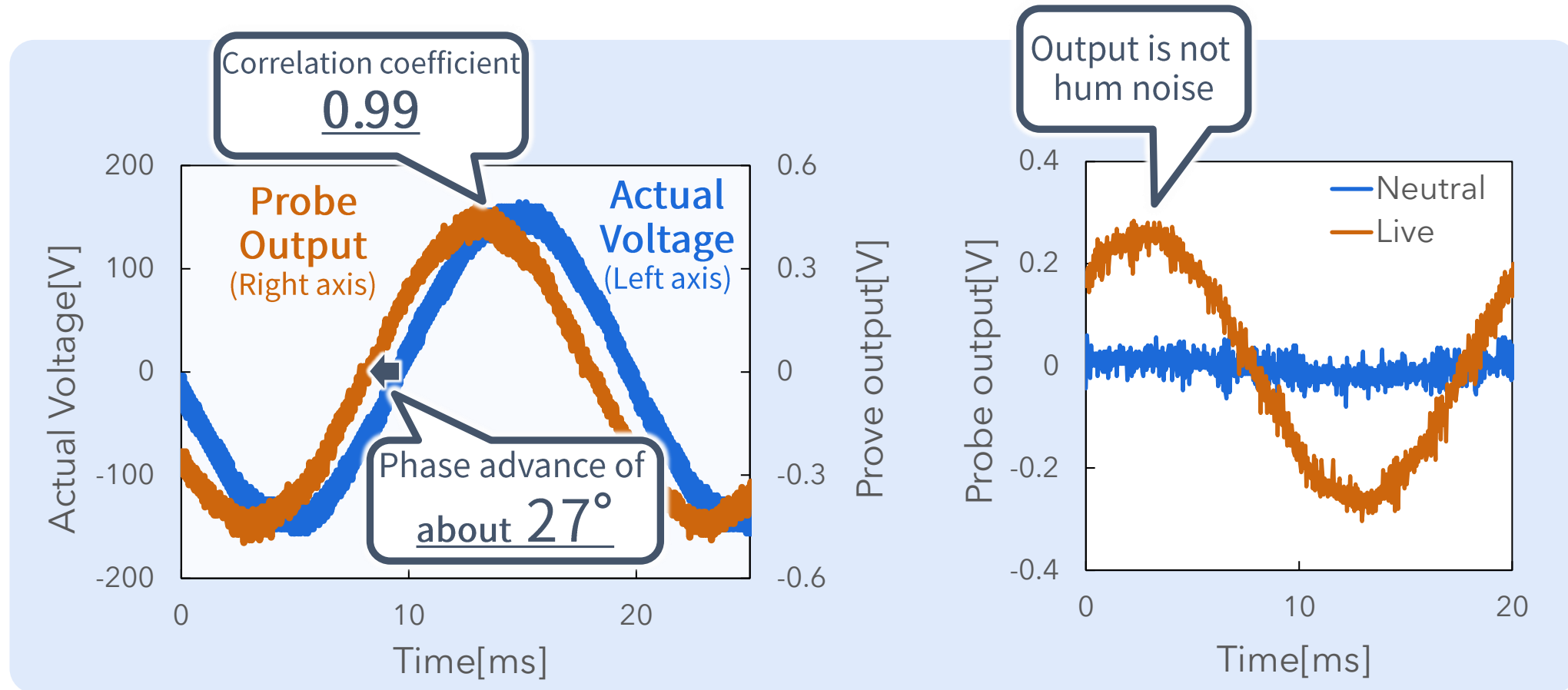


Converting electric field into potential difference

Attempted non-contact measurement of voltage with piezoelectric film

Measured waveform with piezo film

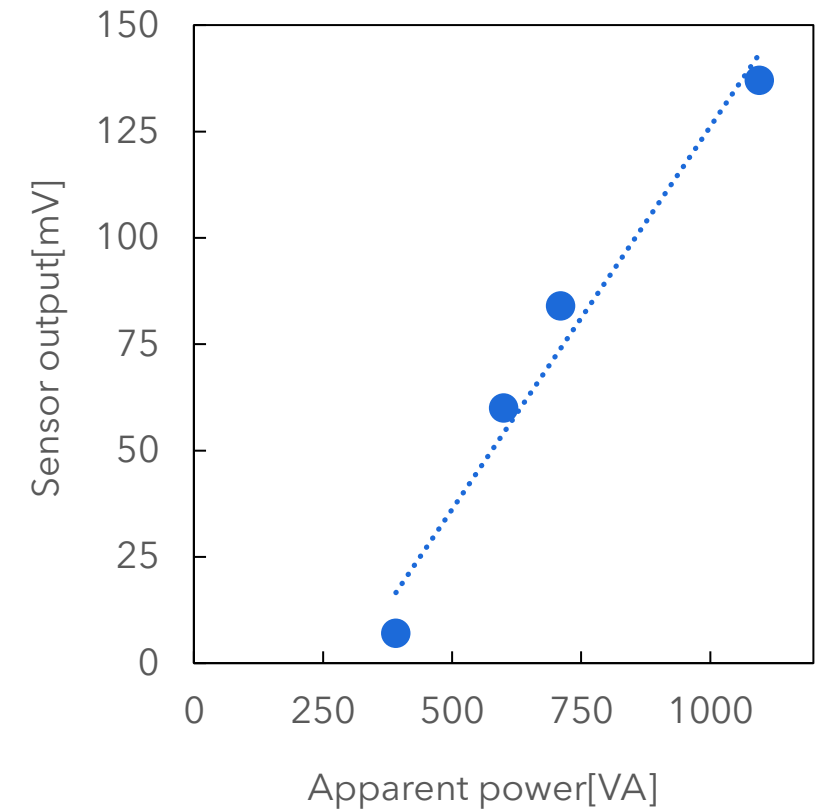
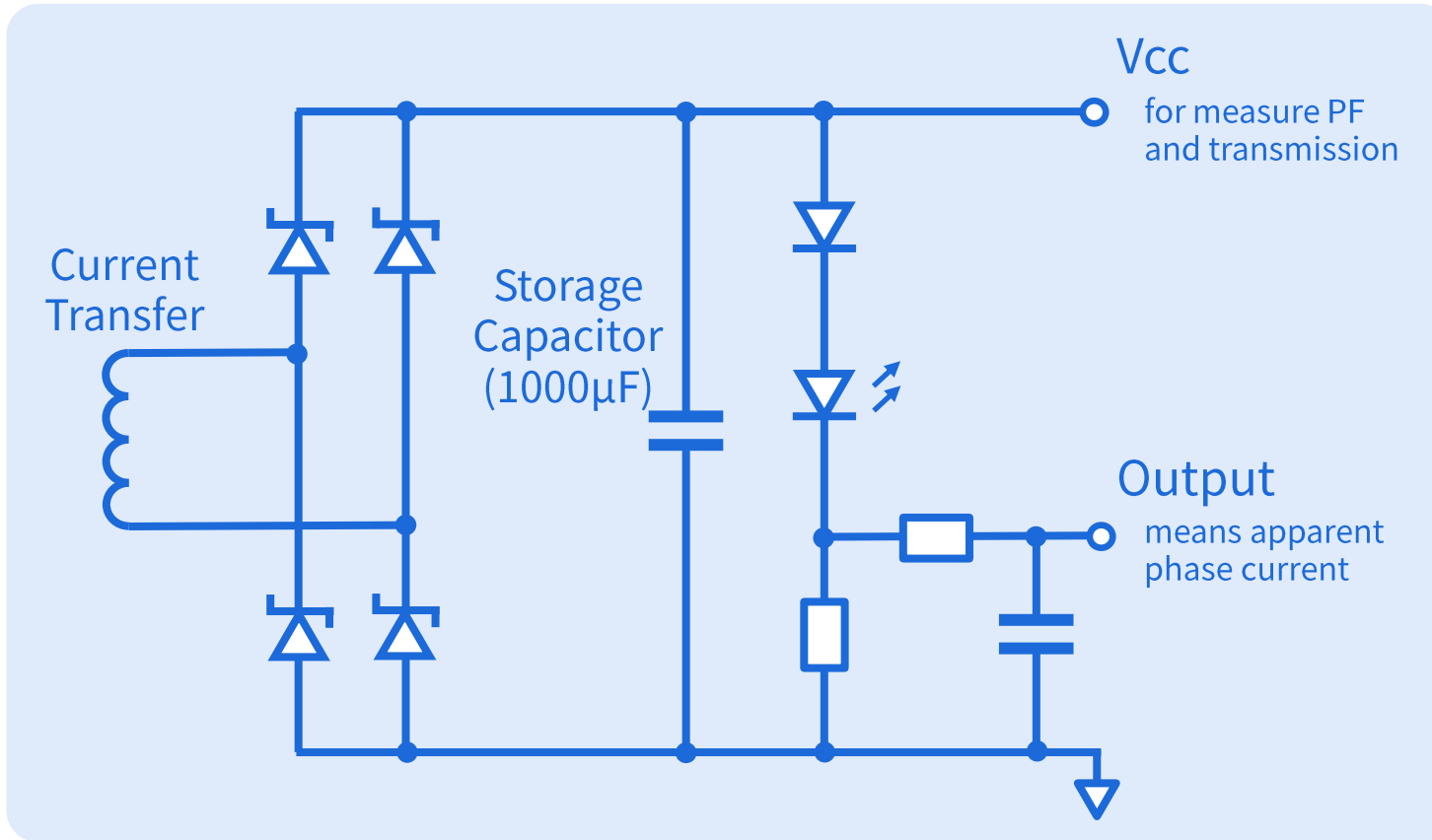
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A single probe measured voltage waveform contactless

Apparent power measurement and power management

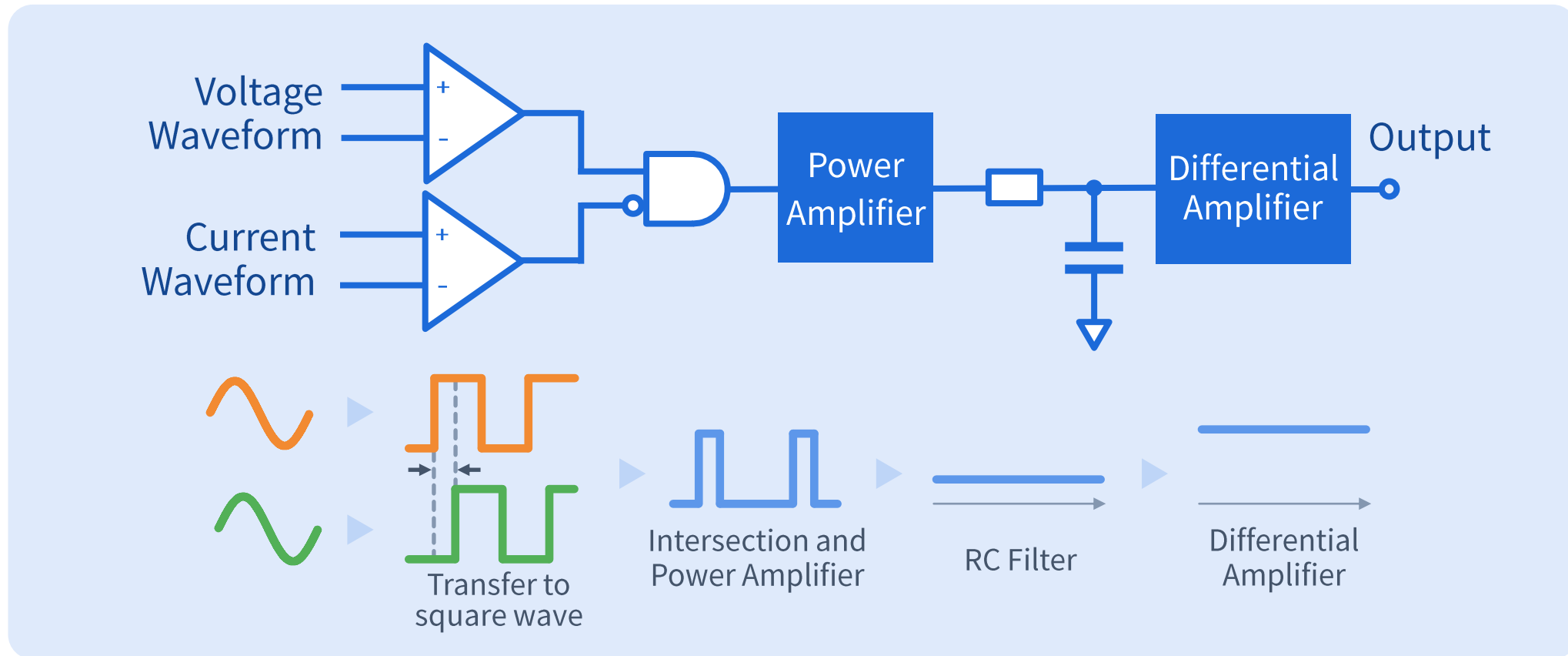
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Power management and measurement

Power factor measurement circuit

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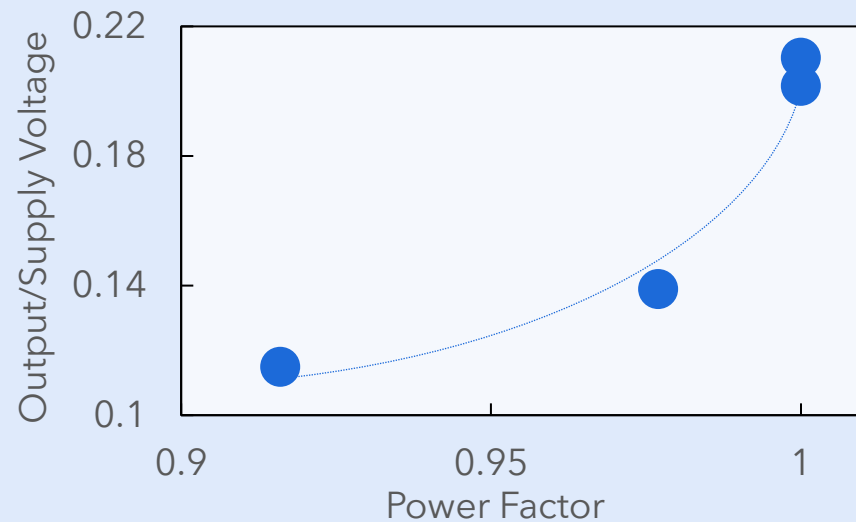


Current consumption is about $10\mu\text{A}$

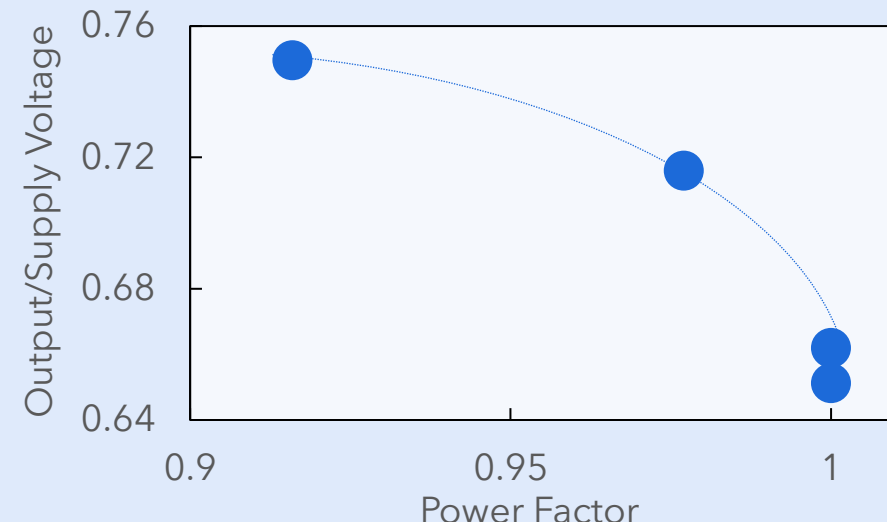
Result of PF measurement

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Output of the developed circuit with the piezo prove



Install current transformer in
forward direction

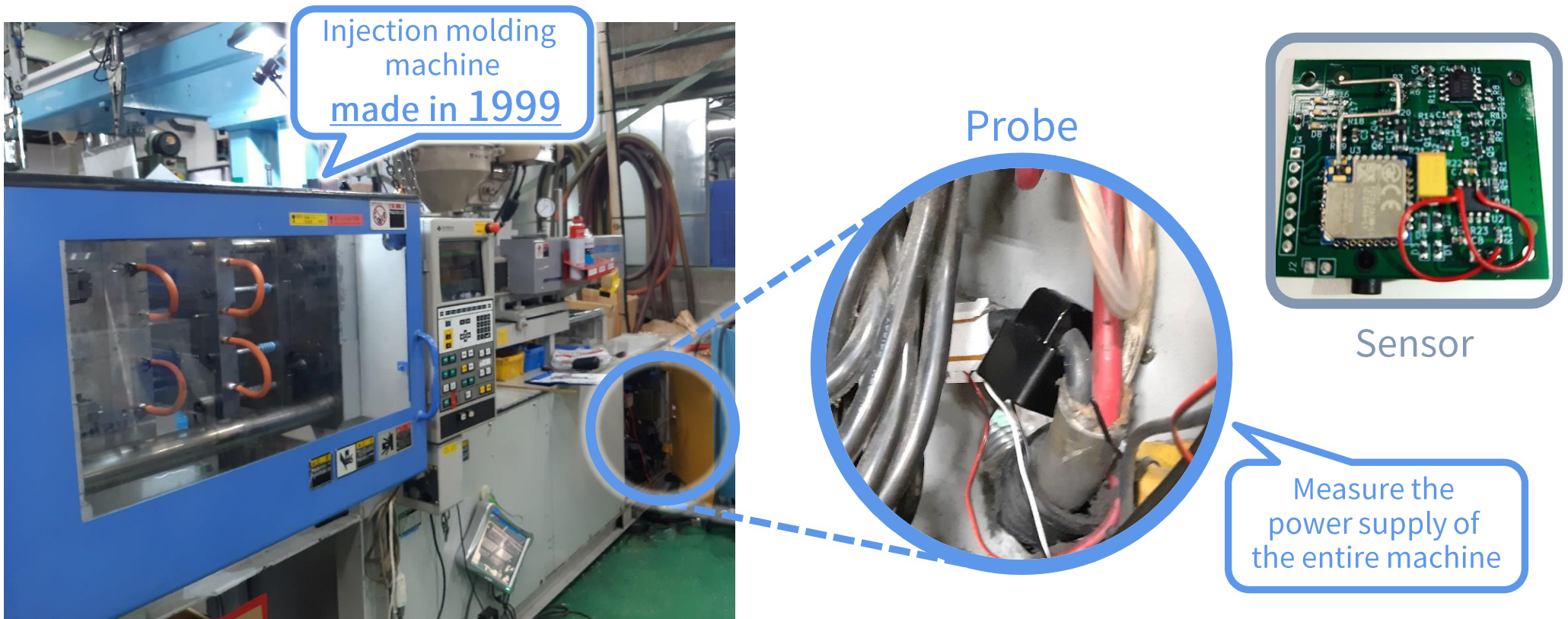


Install current transformer in
reverse direction

※Theoretical value: $\text{ACOS}(\text{PF})$

The sensor could measure the power factor without contact

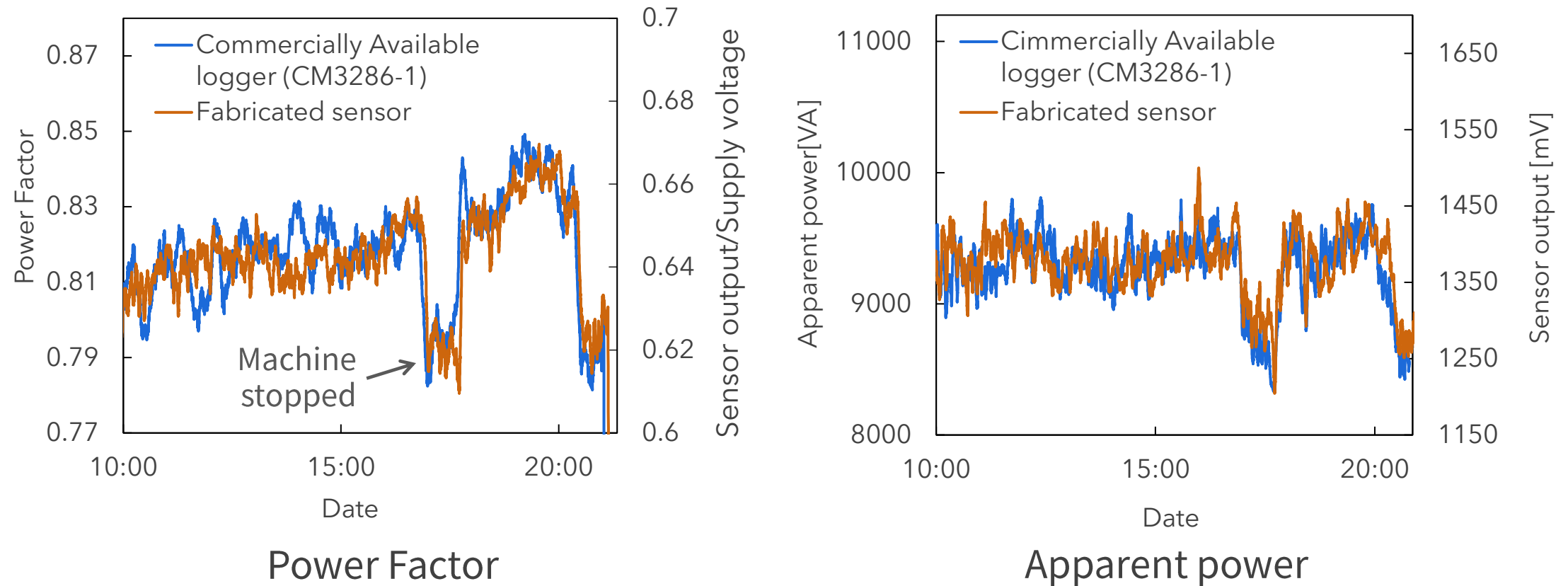
Sensor installed on injection molding machine at factory for field test



Place: Tyco Bussan Corporation (Tachikawa, Tokyo)

Result of field test

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Correlation coefficients were 0.80 for PF and 0.73 for apparent power

※Data is a moving average of 50 points

Conclusion

- Confirmed that voltage waveform can be measured without contact
- Confirmed that power factor can be measured with low power consumption
- The fabricated wireless sensor had a correlation with PF and apparent power

Applications and Challenges

- Fabricated sensors are expected to be applied in many industries.
- The sensor need to be placed in many locations to determine the impact.

Please contact us!



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