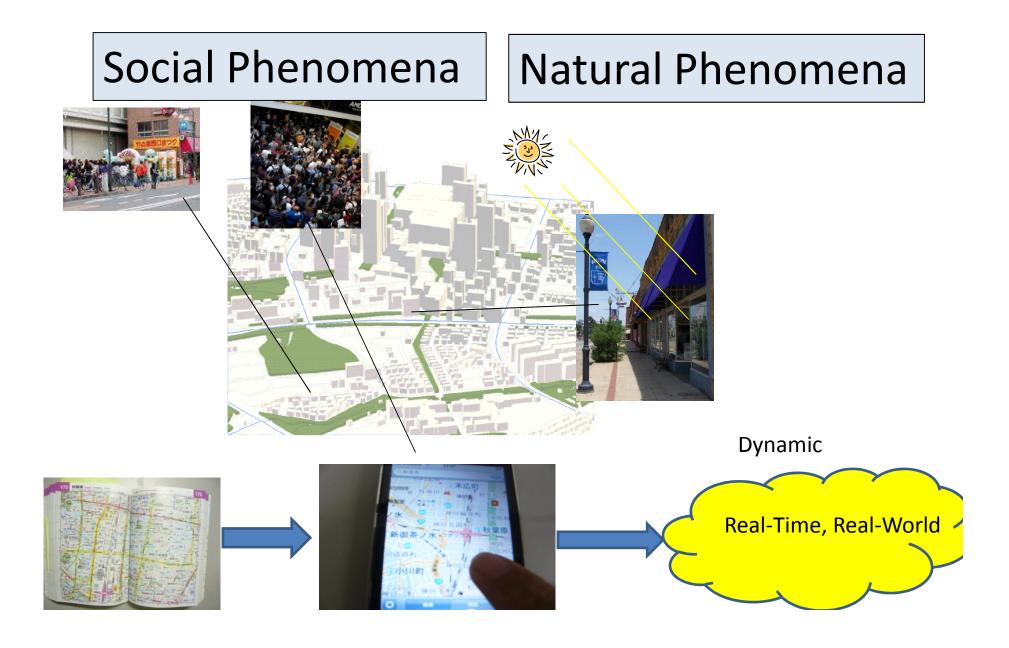
## Price of Sensor Data in Participatory Sensing

Yoshito Tobe Aoyama Gakuin University Japan

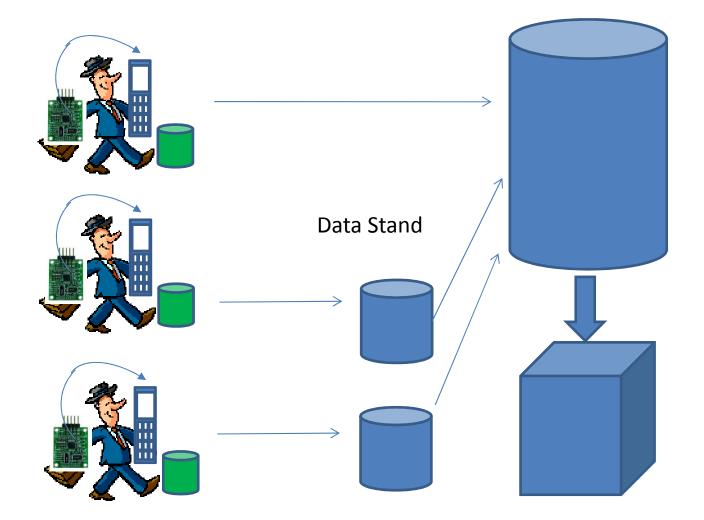
## SENSORIZED City



## Utilization of Human's Behavior

- Behavior
  - taking photos
  - moving
- Daily Activities
  - Shopping
- Non-Daily Activities
  - Sightseeing

## Human Probes

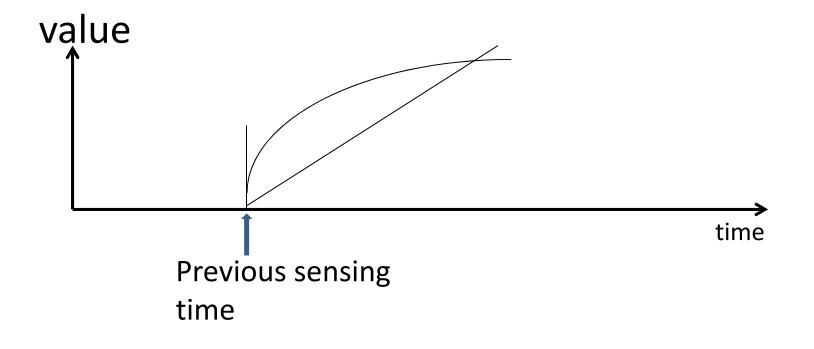


#### **Umbrella Human Probes** [TDU,2005] /JVIII 淡路町 神田鍛冶町 Movement of 神田駅 目神田多町 田錦町 opening umbrellas 神田駅前 古河千代は 神田 n 佐竹稻荷神社市 TG安田ビル 内神田 神田虎南口 今 申田橋 神田橋 鎌倉河岸ビル 鍛冶 神田橋 料金所 3 国際的場 鎌倉橋の 油田ビル 時國税局 神田橋JCT NO R 產開橋 日本橋 Internet 体育館 物産ビル合同庁舎 日経ビル。 新常盤橋 **KDDI大手** 東京 サンケイビル GPS,Sensors, Wearable PC

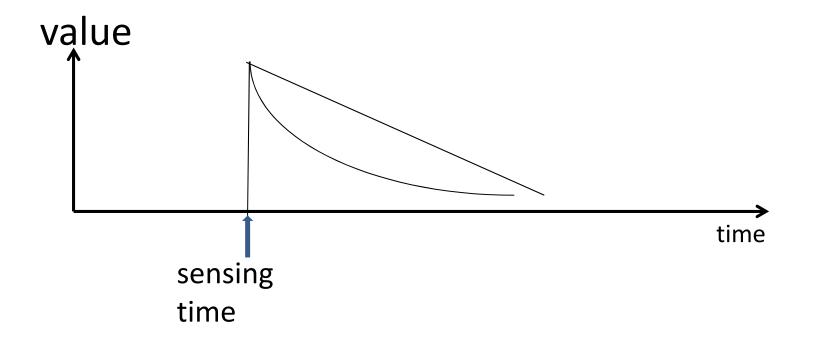
## Value

- V1: Value of pre-sensed data with sensed time
- V2: Value of post-sensed data with elapsed time
- V3: Value of pre-sensed data in spatial correlation
- V4: Value of post-sensed data in spatial correlation
- V5: Value of pre-sensed data from demand
- V6: Value of post-sensed data from demand

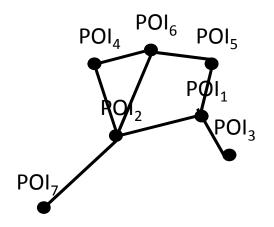
### Value of pre-sensed data with sensed time



### Value of post-sensed data with elapsed time

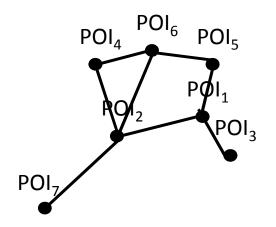


### Value of data in spatial correlation

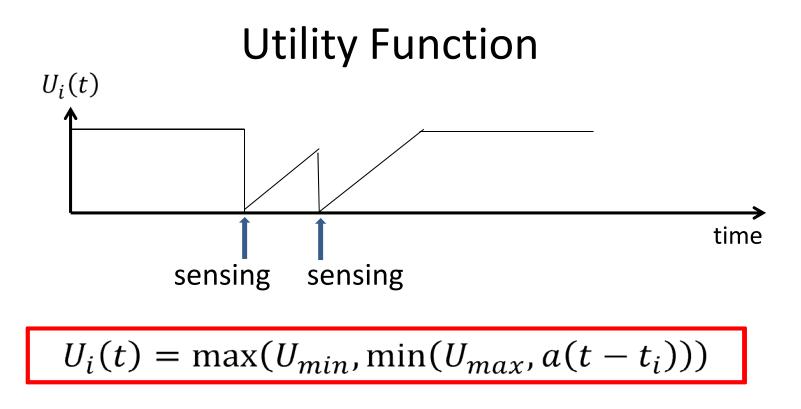


## Value(POIi) = $\Sigma$ Aij \* Value (POIj)

### Value from Demand



## Value(POIi) = How much data(POIi) is requested



 $U_i(t)$  = Utility at POI *i* at time *t*   $U_{min}$  = Minimum utility  $U_{max}$  = Maximum utility *a* = Constant *t* = Current time  $t_i$  = Latest sensing time at POI *i* 



## Panel SMART: Smart Environments: How Smart Can They Be?

#### Michael Massoth

University of Applied Sciences Darmstadt Department of Computer Science, Germany SMART 2013, 25th June, Rome, Italy



#### We will become smarter 😳

- Remote tracking and control
- Location Based Services
- Mobile social networks
- Augmented Reality







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2

### Traffic will become more safe

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• Car2Car Communication
http://www.car-to-car.org/



#### Industry will become more safe

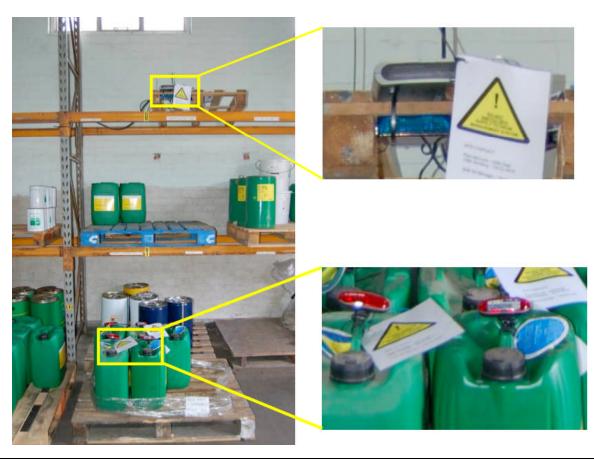
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Example: Collaborative business items (CoBis) http://www.cobis-online.de



#### Cities become more "intelligent"

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h da



h<sub>=</sub>da

5

#### **Critical:** Privacy and Data Protection

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"Ubicomp might lead directly to a future of safe, efficient, soulless, and merciless universal surveillance" (Rheingold 1994)

..., these systems bring about so far inconceivable levels of surveillance, collection of personal data, their merging and continuous transfer and processing, creating unprecedented threats to privacy and data protection (Cas 2011)

- Cas (2011). Ubiquitous Computing, Privacy and Data Protection: Options and Limitations to Reconcile the Unprecedented Contradictions. In Computers, privacy and data protection: an element of choice. Springer Netherlands.
- Rheingold, H. (1994). PARC is Back. Wired 2.02. Available from http://www.wired.com/wired/archive/2.02/parc\_pr.html

#### **Risk:** http://pleaserobme.com

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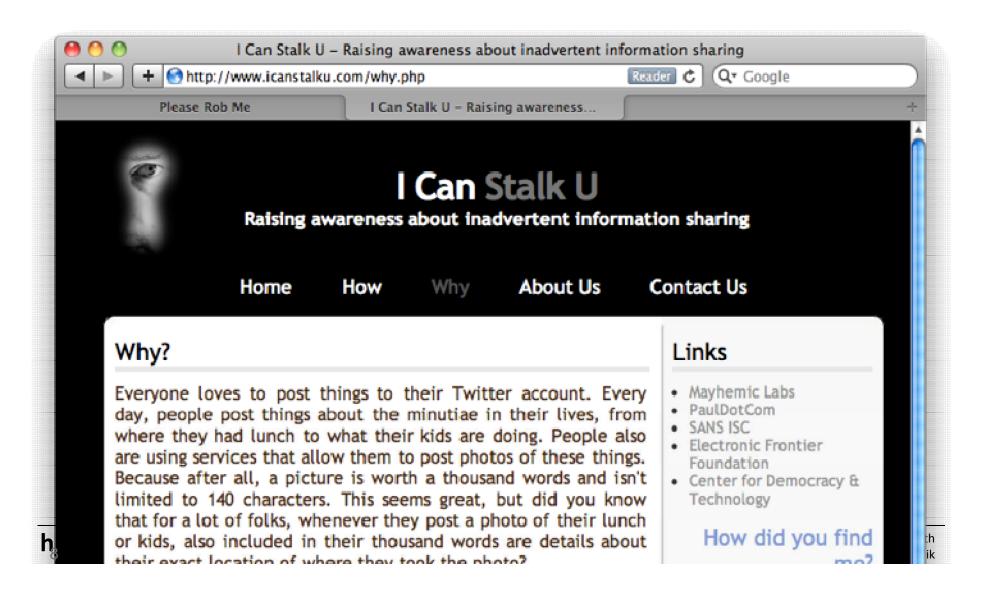
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#### **Risk:** http://icanstalku.com

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#### **Risk: Tracking devices**



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#### http://www.boycottgillette.com/



#### **Protection of Privacy ?**



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## facebook.

Mark Zuckerberg, Januar 2010, CEO & Founder, Facebook:

People have really gotten comfortable not only sharing more information and different kinds, but more openly and with more people. That social norm is just something that has evolved over time.

# Google

Eric Schmidt, Dezember 2009, CEO, Google:

If you have something that you don't want anyone to know, maybe you shouldn't be doing it in the first place. If you really need that kind of privacy, the reality is that search engines – including Google – do retain this information for some time and it's important, for example, that we are all subject in the United States to the Patriot Act and it is possible that all that information could be made available to the authorities.

#### **Privacy Protection is interdisciplinary**

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Legal/regulatory · Consumer consent Collection limitation Use limitation Openness Accountability Technical Economic/market Self-regulation Encryption Privacy ID management · Codes of conduct Protection Privacy certification Privacy-enhancing technologies (PETs) Consumer education Socio-ethical · Consumer rights Public awareness Disclosure consumer advocacy

Source: The Internet of Things - International Telecommunication Union (ITU) Internet Report, 2005

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## THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



**Any Questions** 



### Panel SMART: Smart Environments: How Smart Can They Be?

## Mining process in SE ?

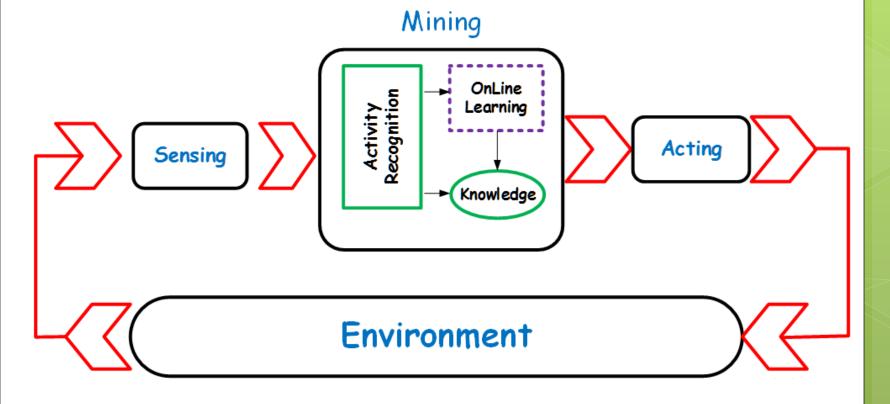
#### Abdenour Bouzouane abdenour.bouzouane@uqac.ca

Université du Québec à Chicoutimi, Canada

SMART 2013

Built-in mining cycle

 Systematic integration of the mining process in every daily life objects !



### The dilemma...futur ?

\*\*

 Many research projects with great results but there does not seem to be a system:

3

- Learns quickly from few examples ?
- High accuracy and independence of the domain ?

SMART 2013

Delivers an understandable user profile ?