

CENTRIC / ICSNC Panel

Applying User-centered Approaches in a Technology-driven World: Indispensable Premise or Dazzling Promise?

Moderator

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Panelists

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Picture Sources: http://projectcommunityonline.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/06/developmentprocess1.gif, http://www.sapdesignguild.org/editions/edition10/ucd_overview.asp

Google Glass (Head-mounted Display)

GL/ISS



Gear, Samsung (Smartwatch)

MYO, Thalmiclabs (Muscle Activities)

(How) Can UCD be successfully used to produce real innovations?



Muse, Interaxon (Brain Sensing)



(How) Can UCD be used to develop innovative products that require the user to change habits or behavior?

"The telephone that Alexander Graham Bell had invented was exhibited at the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia in 1876, but it aroused little more than curiosity.

For quite some time, it was regarded generally as a mere scientific toy, and there is no occasion to wonder at this when we consider the crudity of the early instruments."

Herring/Gross 1936: 46

iOS apps are the most expensive to develop

Average cost to develop an app for 95% of apps excluding those with highest devlopment time (n=1,510)



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BlueVia

таме: моме аррис		—
Cost	Description	
Tools	Computer cost, developer registration fees and tools licenses.	
Development & Debugging	The bulk of app production costs (upwards of 55%) Practically speaking, t cost of person-hours devoted to the project.	.e
UX design	Storyboards, user interaction and graphic design typically make up 25% of total app cost.	
Maintenance	Typically 10% of the initial app cost, on an annual basis	
Marketing	will use more sophisticated and premium channels su	(How) Can UCD be applied for the development of "low-cost software" with small budgets?
Back-end	lightweight (seen norman and anning on the application's re-	

Table[•] Mobile application development costs

Source: VisionMobile

Quelle: http://www.visionmobile.com/product/developer-economics-2012/

Low-fidelity/Paper Prototypes



Low-fidelity Prototypes/Wireframes



High-fidelity/Click-Prototypes



(How) Can we use UCD tools to reflect complex (mobile) usage contexts?

Picture Sources: <u>http://uxpin.com/mobile-kit-for-iphone.html</u>, <u>http://www.uistencils.com/products/iphone-stencil-kit</u>, <u>http://builds.balsamiq.com/b/mockups-web-demo/</u>, <u>http://www.axure.com/learn/iphone-app/template</u>



Sources: http://www.cio.com/article/739940/Look_at_Risk_Before_Leaping_Into_BYOD_Report_Cautions, http://enterprisemobilitytoday.com/coming-byo-pc-trend-will-challenge-enterprise/ http://blog.matrix42.com/content/consumerization-it-nothing-new

(How) Can we close the gap between research activities and industry demand?

"[...] Some of these studies have found that research findings are often couched in jargon, are overly technical, and **are sometimes simply irrelevant to practitioners**.

Authors attribute the problem to **"academics' ignorance of business realities"**, to an apparent lack of understanding of real-world problems or to the way these are tackled in the practitioner community.

Others have found that practitioners appreciate and recognize the value of theory-driven research, **provided its relevance is made clear to them**.

In their self-defense, researchers point out that "as soon as you start doing something for the industry, it'll become applied and **it won't have the same kind of academic value** and that **there are no rewards for applied work** when it comes to salary and promotion."

Elizabeth Buie, Susan Dray, Keith Instone, Jhilmil Jain, Gitte Lindgaard, and Arnie Lund. 2010. How to bring HCI research and practice closer together. In CHI '10 Extended Abstracts on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI EA '10). ACM, New York, NY, USA, 3181-3184.

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The Sixth International Conference on Advances in Human-oriented and Personalized Mechanisms, Technologies, and Services

Colin Potter Conference Panelist

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Background

- Nearly forty years of Engineering experience
- In the computer business since 1982
- Worked for Kodak, Raytheon, BAE Systems, IBM, Lockheed Martin, Sun Microsystems
- Now working at Defence Science and Technology Laboratory supporting MOD procurement of complex systems



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Issues facing user centric development and testing of defence systems

- Extended development lead times
 - Normally measured in years
 - Could be decades for safety critical systems
- More and more complexity on the battlefield
 - but systems need to be simple to use under all conditions
- More integration of systems
 - major players tending to be system integrators, with development being done several steps removed
 - almost no interaction with the end user



Applying User-centered Approaches in a Technology-driven



World: Indispensable Premise or Dazzling Promise?

Lasse Berntzen Vestfold University College

User centric design

- User Centric Design is about getting the users involved in all stages of the product/service lifecycle.
- Need to learn from the users in order to be a good designer.
- Users also need to learn from designers (limits, thinking etc.).
- ➔ User-centricity is a mindset.

User centric design

- User centric design is not obvious, many projects fail.
- Users may not know the best solution, therefore:
 - Observe users in real settings
 - Validate results through prototyping or other techniques

Users

- → Users are diverse.
- Include all categories of users in the product/service lifecycle.
- Accessibility etc. (Inclusive design).

User testing

- Quantity vs. quality.
- Small number may not be bad.
- But inclusion of all categories of users are important.

From the discussion..

- Colin gave a good example: Playstation generation may have other user interface requirements than the "old school".
- Universities need to teach soft skills, let students work with users.

Till Halbach (Norwegian Computing Center)

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Customer-driven projects

Process-driven projects

User-centered design



Where's the focus?





Optimization problem













UCD + Inclusive Design = true



Automated \rightarrow expert \rightarrow user testing



4+ development stages



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